Beaver & Gephart


# Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

VOL. XIX. BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 7, 1887. NO. 27.



## Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To Correspondents.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.


### EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

The United States is in the 112th century of its existence.

The birthrate of the world is 70 a minute and the death rate 67.

Cyrus W. Field is still a rich man, although he did get bit the other day.

The South did not have the Rebel battle flags to wave on the national holiday.

St. Louis promises to give Cleveland a warm reception. But that is not the sort of a reception he wants this weather.

On Saturday there was a very destructive fire caused by an explosion of fire works in New York city. Loss $200,000.

It is said that Cleveland will attend the Piedmont Exposition at Atlanta, Ga., in October.

Since Rhode Island has been a Prohibition State the arrests for drunkenness have decreased 25 per cent.

If reports are correct, the Pope has sent instructions to Archbishop Corrigan to ex-communicate Dr. McGlynn.

Yale and Harvard are now even. Of the twelve university races in which their crews have competed each has won six.

Harriet Beecher Stowe is said to be very feeble, with her mind more seriously affected than her body. She has written nothing for years.

It is said that Mr. Frederick Kurtz, at the celebration in Centre Hall on Monday, completely routed the Bohemean oats gang and they are now fleeing before him.

The $200,000 bail for Harper and $100,000 for Hopkins shows that the Government and the Courts are disposed to make the punishment fit the crime in the Fidelity Bank case.

The earthquake in New Hampshire shook up and frightened the legislature of that State and that body adjourned without delay. Here's an important and beneficial use for the earthquake.

The immigration at Castle Garden for the last half of the year was 215,000, some 64,000 more than for the same period last year. And yet people wonder that the record of crime and pauperism in this country is increasing.

The outlook for the watering places and other summer resorts this year is more than usually favorable. Unless all the surface indications are at fault there will be more money spent in summer recreation than there has been for a good many seasons past.

The attempt of the Parnellites and Gladstonians to delay the passage of the Crimes bill can hardly amount to much; but it furnishes a dramatic protest to the most disgraceful legislation England has seen for many a day, and it may develop exciting incidents.

A Chicago man says that on the first of August of next year he will start to the North Pole in an air ship, he having solved the problem of aereal navigation. He will take President Cleveland along with him, as the President will be glad to have a cool retreat about that time.

The eloquent reply of Colonel Aylett to the welcome extended the brave survivors of Pickett's Division at Gettysburg, will be endorsed by every patriot and wearer of the blue. His utterances should sink deep into every true American heart, as well as shame those who favored the return of the battle flags.

Do not expose yourself too much in the hot sun or work too hard while the temperature is so high as at present. If it is possible, stop, at least for a few moments, whatever work you may be engaged at. "A breathing spell" will do anyone much good. Cases of sunstroke and prostrations from heat are occurring quite numerously in the cities and we even hear of some in the country towns. Persons who are not entirely well are much more liable to such strokes than are people who are in good physical condition. But it behooves all who can do so to heed our injunction, to take just as good care of themselves as possible.

### Jay Gould's Last Move.

Perhaps no man in this country has been better abused than Jay Gould. A great many hard things have been said about him at various times, and not always without reason. A grasping monopolist and unscrupulous jobber and a fruitful liar he has certainly been. But no one has recently accused him of not being smart. Neither is the accusation likely to follow his recent manipulation of the stock market while courteously having himself interviewed by the newspapers, to the effect that he had forever quit speculating eighteen months ago. No one believed this, of course, and it not probable that the "King of Wall street" intended that it should be, nor the true statement accompanying it that he was buying stocks, his purpose being better served by having that story believed a few days latter when the purchasing had all been done, and the advance in values would be shekels in his coffers.

But the whole movement was conducted with the masterly hand of the speculator without a peer, that hand that has collected fabulous sums of money without producing a dollar's worth of anything but bitter experience for other people. Well knowing the effect of a deal that would settle the telegraph wars, and having his deal about to a point where the speculating herd want to anticipate it, he precipitated a panic in the market which enabled him at one stroke to get control of the coveted Manhattan Elevated and Pacific Mail, and at the same time a large line of miscellaneous stocks to sell on the subsequent advance. There is something to admire in all this brilliant use of power, but much more to fear from a condition of things where one or two unscrupulous operators hold enough wealth to make the money market of the country stringent or easy at will, to a degree barely rivaled by the resources of the National Treasury, and who can move so quickly as to take advantage of any action on the part of the Government in disbursing funds.

### The Coming Convention.

The 19th day of this month is the time appointed for the county convention. The delegate elections to choose representatives to this convention will be held on Saturday, the 16th, at hours stated in full in the accompanying call from Wilbur F. Reeder, Esq., the county chairman. The convention will number over 100 delegates, who are sufficiently well distributed throughout the county to render the convention truly representative of the Republican party. As such it should and will represent the best intelligence of the county and its deliberations should and will be conducive to the best interests of centre county Republicanism.

The results of the work of this convenwill be far-reaching and important, and the system of Republican politics is so devised as to permit every voter in the party to take part in it. They are urged to exert this privilege to a greater extent than is the case in the Democratic party which is essentially in Centre county a party of boss rule and dominancy.

Each voter is urged to take part in the choice of the delegates. He should, of course, vote for the man who will faithfully represent his opinions in that convention. Do this and the convention will not go wrong.

With proper managment last year's campaign might have been successful in the election of one or two county officials. It should have been if the steady growth of Republicanism in the county had not been impeded by causes entirely within itself. Let us avoid these in the future and unite in the endeavor to rescue the county affairs from ringrule.

Chauncey Depew says that the Government officials report a falling off of over 70 per cent. of farmers, mechanics and trained workers and their places are occupied by elements which must drift into and demoralize labor centres, already overstocked and congested, or fill the highways and poor houses. He thinks that while the Government would "welcome patriots fleeing from oppression, all who will contribute to the strength of our Government and the development of our resources, it did not intend to be made the dumping ground of the depraved, vicious and ignorant of other lands."

By a new act passed by the last Legislature, entitled "The Pennsylvania Pharmacy," and approved by the Governor, May 24, 1887, it is provided "that hereafter no person whatsoever shall open or carry on as manager in the State of Pennsylvania, any retail drug or chemical store nor engage in the business of compounding or dispensing medicines or prescriptions, etc., without having obtained a certificate of competency and qualification to do so from the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board," to consist of five persons to be appointed by Governor. The act applied to those already engaged in the business only so far as relates to registration and fees.

### The Responsibility For it.

It is at least satisfactory to learn the cause of our sufferings, and the Philadelphia *News* lays before the sweltering nation the reason why it is oppressed by heat. That journal informs us that: "Witch and wizard from the moldy beginning of time have agreed that, whenever the wind blows steadily from the south on the 21st of June, the following three months will be characterized by extreme heat and frequent thunder showers. It blew from the south on the 21st this year."

While some people may be disposed to argue that it is not fair to place upon that unhappy day the responsibility of baking numerous millions of the human race, ruining their tempers and imperiling their digestions by the too free resort to summer drinks, there is no question that the logic of this theory is as impregnable as that of most principles which are supposed to govern the weather. The wind was from the south on June 21, and we have had hot weather since. This is practical demonstration which the venders of weather proverbs will regard as conclusive. The unenviable functions of Ground Hog Day will be hereafter placed upon the unfortunate longest day of the year, with the responsibility and opportunities for reviling, enlarged in geometrical ratio to its increased working hours.

Of course such a direct fixing of the fault for subsequent hot weather must inspire plans for regulating the matter in accordance with the public weal. Whether the school of thinkers who believe in the regulation of everything by the Government will propose a law forbidding the wind to blow from the south on that day, is not certain; but its practical effect would be likely to be much depreciated by the continued habit of the wind to blow whencesoever it listeth. There is a much more radical remedy. If the 21st of June is to furnish us the hot weather, the way to stop it is to get rid of that unhappy date. By reducing June to 20 days and getting up a new month, we can escape the fateful influence of the south wind on that date.

### They Did No Wrong.

We supposed it would come to this, but not quite so soon. For some time the South has been acting on the idea that the rebellion was an affair in which the north was chiefly to blame. In the North this idea, being a little strong for present use, was varied by the Copperheads, who showed themselves conspicuously in the recent affair of the flags, so as to read that the North and South were about equally to blame, with the South entitled to a great deal of sympathy because it was so badly whipped in the fight.

In a recent issue of the Charleston *News and Courier* the most advanced ground taken by the South is set forth as follows:

"It is realized now—despite the stolid deafness and wilful blindness of the few—that secession was not treason, and that the Confederates were not traitors."

That's the doctrine now—there were no traitors and no one was guilty of treason. The next step will be that the South was the injured party and is entitled to compensation for its slaves, the losses incident to the war and the putting of the South in the place of the North in the matter of pensions.

To this end is the rapid tendency in the South of the forgive and forget idea which the North is expected to adopt.

While we forgive and become brothers in the Union, we say let history stand and let nothing essential to the truth of the record be rubbed out. The advanced idea is that "secession was not treason and Confederates were not traitors." What, then, was secession, and what were the Confederates? we ask.

It is too much to ask of the North that this be admitted,—and the people of the North never will admit it. If there is to be good feeling only by admitting it, then the era of good feeling must be postponed.

Rev. Hiles C. Pardoe was so unfortunate on Saturday as to break his left leg. He leaped from a buggy while driving from Lewisburg to New Cumberland in York county. Rev. Mr. Pardoe is the presiding elder of the Harrisburg M. E. district.

### Prepared for an Emergency.

Gov. Beaver took the precaution to send a trustworthy and competent person to the coke region for the purpose of obtaining accurate information regarding the disposition of the strikers and the ability of the civil authorities to cope with any riotous outbreaks that are likely to occur. It is said the Governor has been advised, as a result of the investigation, that there is no immediate necessity for sending troops to the coke region. He has given notice, however, for the benefit of all concerned, that the State is in readiness for any emergency that may arise, and that the militia will be promptly ordered out as soon as their services are required.

Knowledge of the fact that the Governor, as Commander-in-Chief of the State militia, has made the situation a careful study and has arranged his plans so that he can act promptly and decisively when the supreme moment comes, should go far to render the use of the militia unnecessary. The people of the State will be quite willing to trust his judgment in the premises, and should a riot of threatening dimensions be precipitated in the coke region they will look with confidence for its prompt suppression by an old soldier who fully understands the folly of trifling with riots and insurrections.

While we do not apprehend any serious disturbances in the coke region, we most heartily commend the action of Governor Beaver in preparing for the worst. The civil authorities are notified that they will exert all their energies for the preservation of the peace and the protection of person and property, and that if they find themselves unequal to the task they will be assisted by the strong arm of the military. With the State militia standing back of them, the local authorities have every encouragement to do their whole duty promptly and fearlessly.

### Changes.

Hundreds of people are going from the cities, towns and mountain regions down to the level of the silent sea—silent sometimes, though again rough, tempestuous and noisy. But when at its best, it is quiet, smooth and calm. To those who, nearly all the year, breath other air the delicious draughts of ether quaffed from the sea are highly beneficial—they seem at once to give new life. Humanity is so constituted as to be benefitted by change. The constant resident by the sea will find physical and perhaps mental refreshment by going to the mountain. Just as variety in food is almost essential to physical perfection, so change in climate seems to be necessary. But just as in changing food, and in the proportions and qualities of it which we eat, we must be cautious, so it is well to take care in changing climate. In some climates proper protection of clothing is essential, retirement from the night air should be observed closely where necessary, etc. We regret to know that there are many of our readers who can not have the advantage which these changes would bring to them, because their limited means will not permit the expense of travel.

### A Wonderful Leap.

The much-talked of leap from a balloon was made by Prof. Thos. S. Baldwin at the fair grounds in Quincy, Ill., on the Fourth of July.

Over 30,000 people witnessed the performance, which was the most daring and thrilling ever attempted by man. His original intention was to send the balloon up 2,000 feet and hold it captive by a rope and make the jump from that height, and afterwards draw down the balloon and make the regular voyage. Owing to the high wind which prevailed the scheme was abandoned. Baldwin ascended to the height of one mile, and then holding his parachute launched himself into space. The parachute is an umbrella-shaped affair, with ribs of cord which are prolonged and fastened to a ring to which the aeronaut clings. The parachute is made of silk and is 18 feet in diameter. It was attached to the netting of the balloon by a small cord intended to break by the weight of the aeronaut. When the jump was made the parachute was closed and the first 200 feet the aeronaut dropped like a rock. Then as the parachute expanded the speed became less rapid and the aeronaut and his strange apparatus floated steadily down like a bird. It was a grand and beautiful sight. The descent was accomplished in three minutes and twenty seconds. Mr. Baldwin struck the ground with some force in sliding manner, but was not even jarred by the shock. The descent varied about a quarter of a mile from the vertical, and Baldwin struck the ground a mile and a half from where the ascent was made. He tried to collapse the balloon before jumping from it, but the apparatus failed to work and the balloon escaped and was soon out of sight, going east at an altitude of a mile and a half. Baldwin, called by his friends, "The Man Bird," is a native of Quincy, 26 years old. He was for several years an attache of the *Herald*, but for the last two years has been studying and practicing athletics and ballooning. He made a similar leap in California last winter, the distance being about a thousand feet. The people of Quincy are wild over the flair and regard it as the most wonderful thing ever done by a human being.

Great Britain at the present moment affords an excellent opportunity of comparing the iron war ship of the present day armed with the heavy guns of modern science, with the wooden ships of the past and the cannon of that period. The Victory was Nelson's flagship on the glorious day at Trafalgar. She was a three decker of the first class, of solid oak from keel to truck, and carried a crew of 850 men. Her guns were more than a hundred in number, but the largest threw a shot not heavier than 68 pounds, while her entire broadside, weighing 1,150 pounds required 325 pounds of powder for a single discharge. The other day another Victory was launched and a worthy successor of Nelson's ship it is. She can steam 19 miles an hour, carries one gun of 100 tons weight, throwing a shot of 1,850 pounds, while her broadside weighing 4,750 pounds requires 3,000 pounds of powder. Yet her crew, counting engineers, stokers and all non-combatants, number only 550. Truly, naval architecture has made wonderful strides since Nelson's day.

On the first of July the new postal treaty, with Mexico, went into effect. Practically it makes Mexico part of the United States so far as the postal service is concerned. We may send letters to Mexico, weighing an ounce, for two cents; newspapers from the office of publication for a cent a pound; and third and fourth-class matter for the rates charged by our postoffice in the United States, in obedience to directions on the envelope, and the dead-letter system is to be extended to include the two countries. For mail matter coming from Mexico the rates charged by the Mexican government for domestic service will obtain. It is hoped that the new treaty will increase the commercial dealings between the United States and Mexico, and it may be that the hope will be realized. The advantage that the treaty will offer to business men is merchandise through the postoffice as fourth-class. The customs duties will have to be paid, but the large, and often excessive, fees will be saved.

The death of the venerable Luke P. Poland removes another of the old-fashioned race of statesmen who have nearly all disappeared from Washington. A few years ago the blue coat and the brass buttons of the old Vermonter were one of the sights of the Capital. Judge Poland was a man of much intellectual force with a good deal of the conservative and charitable temperament of a philosopher. As chairman of the celebrated Credit Mobilier Investigation Committee this quality of his mind was perceptible in the report which he made on the errors and delinquencies of his fellow-statesmen. But so rapid are the mutations of public life that he has become a forgotten figure in the past few years.

The boodle investigation in Chicago now promises to extend from the County Commissioners into the Board of Aldermen. It is said that the various deals by which railroads and street railroads got valuable franchises by paying the Aldermen instead of paying the city are to be investigated in court, and that the guilty parties in those cases where the statute of limitations has not run will be indicted. We have heard a great deal about the commonness of this sort of municipal corruption, but there is nothing in American life to-day that so quickly rouses popular indignation and condemnation.

Mrs. Harriet Lane Johnson, the niece of James Buchanan, who has not been at Bedford Springs since the season of 1880, where her uncle used always to spend his summer, is expected to again visit the springs this season. Mrs. Johnson, it is said, preserves the charms that made her famous in the White House.

### GENERAL NOTES.

The firemen's relief fund of Boston now exceeds $70,000.

Canon Wilberforce is a vehement opponent of vivisection.

The Texas Traffic Association, a railroad pool, has been dissolved.

Adelina Patti's castle in Wales is furnished with a $150,000 orchestrion.

Judge Cowles, of San Diego, Cal., is the oldest man in the county. He is 100.

Emperor Dom Pedro, of Brazil, has sailed for Europe on the steamer Gironde.

New York churches aid 1,500 women to earn their living by employing them in their choirs.

There is an epidemic of measles at Point St. Charles, Can. At least 500 cases have been discovered.

So sunburned was Mrs. Cleveland that the Wells College girls spoke of her spicily as "Donna Frances."

It is rehably stated that Austin Corbin is to succeed Robert Garrett as president of the Baltimore and Ohio.

Roark, the express robber, was sentenced at Utica, N. Y., on Monday, to 20 years imprisonment at hard labor.

A Wall street rumor is that Edward Gould, Jay Gould's youngest son, made $100,000 during the past week.

The grand jury at Reading is still investigating the County Commissioners and has obtained some damaging evidence.

Edward Stokes expresses the opinion that the telegraph deal is closed and that Gould has bought the Baltimore and Ohio.

It is estimated at the Treasury Department at Washington, that the reduction of the public debt for June is about $15,000,000.

The captain and three sailors of the ship Lady Douglass have been sentenced to death in London for the murder of a Malay sailor.

It is said Chauncey M. Depew has an indexed list of over 1,500 after-dinner speeches that he has delivered at one time or another.

France has protested against the conduct of Italy in minimizing French rights in Zeilah, on the Red Sea, near the Abysinian frontier.

Pope's Theater, in St. Louis, was sold on Monday for $285,000. The *Globe-Democrat* Publishing Company is said to be the purchaser.

Comptroller Trenholm, who has arrived in Washington from Cincinnati, says the Fidelity Bank failure will not affect other parts of the country.

A London paper says that no other nation could produce anything stupider or less beautiful than the Queen's head on the new "jubilee coins."

A demonstration in favor of General Boulanger is being organized at Paris for the national fete on July 14, in celebration of the fall of the Bastile.

Dick, Middleton & Co., proprietors of the Giant Tobacco Works, Louisville, made an assignment on Saturday. Their liabilities amount to $100,000.

A report was current in New York Saturday that James A Richmond, Jake Sharp's partner, had decamped for Canada. He is under $50,000 bail.

Manager John Stetson was married Thursday to Miss Kate Stokes, a former circus rider, now an actress, and the pair sailed for Europe on Saturday.

*United Ireland* charges that Prime Minister Salisbury is using the sons of the Prince of Wales, who are now in Ireland, for the basest party purposes.

The movement of flour and grain eastward through Buffalo shows a decrease for June of 203,515 barrels in flour and an increase of 5,509,142 bushels in grain.

The total number of candidates under examination for admission to Yale College is 545, against 476 last year, the largest number in the history of the college.

John Smith, a turner by occupation, committed suicide Monday night in the city prison at New York by hanging. He was committed June 26 for burglary. He was 30 years old.

The Knights of Labor in the anthracite region are urging the miners to demand compliance with the provisions of the two weeks' pay bill on the part of the operators who ignore it.

Rival 10-cent circuses are holding forth at Oil City, and when their bands meet in the street and refuse to give each other the right of way the results from a musical standpoint are startling.

Chief Engineer H. L. Snyder, of the navy, who has for several years been acting Superintendent of the State, War and Navy Department building, died at his residence in Washington on Monday of hemorrhage of the lungs.

The National Federation of Trades Councils on Monday adopted a resolution declaring the Chicago bricklayers' strike a national cause and appointing a committee on arbitration to meet the bosses. The convention then adjourned.

Four inmates of the Philadelphia House of Correction escaped on Monday by swimming the river. A number of others were halted by a sentry's rifle shot, and at sound of the dinner gong fell into line and marched into dinner.

The clever wife of a professor in a Western college once wrote as follows in one of those confession books where people put down their opinion on all sorts of subjects, in answer to the question, "What is your idea of a heroine?" "An educated American woman who does her own housework."

# Poetry.

### OLD SAWS IN RHYME.

Actions speak louder than words ever do;
You can't eat your cake and hold on to it too.

When the cat is away, then the little mice play;
Where there is a will there is always a way.

One's deep in the mud as the other in mire;
Don't jump from the frying pan into the fire.

There's no use crying o'er milk that is spilt;
No accuser is needed by conscience of guilt.

There must be some fire wherever there's smoke;
The pitcher goes oft to the well till it's broke.

By rogues falling out honest men get their due;
Whoever it fits, he must put on the shoe.

All work and no play will make Jack a dull boy;
A thing of much beauty is ever a joy.

A half loaf is better than no bread at all;
And pride always goeth before a sad fall.

Fast find and fast bind, have two strings to your bow;
Contentment is better than riches, we know.

The devil finds work for hands idle to do;
A miss is as good as a mile is to you.

You speak of the devil he's sure to appear;
You can't make a silk purse from out a sow's ear.

A man by his company always is known;
Who lives in a glass house should never throw a stone.

When the blind leads the blind both will fall in the ditch;
It's better born lucky than being born rich.

Little pitchers have big ears; burnt child dreads the fire;
Though speaking the truth no one credits a liar.

Speech may be silver, but silence is gold;
There's is never a fool like the fool who is old.

### ONLY THE BREATH OF THE CLOVER.

Only the breath of the clover,
Scenting the soft summer air,
Only the bee's tireless droning,
Gathering sweets everywhere.

Only the cows homeward coming,
Back from the meadow sweet,
Back from the breezy pastures,
Out of the woody retreat.

Weedy and moss-grown the orchard,
Linchened, garnly and gray,
Patches of bramble and lilacs,
The old road winding away.

Blooming beyond are the branches,
Shielded from sun and the rain,
The birds in the shadowy branches
Wooing and nesting again.

Nothing is changed, there is nothing
Added or gone from my view;
The brook dances on through the meadow,
Bedecked with the violets blue.

Odors float up from the clover;
Visions of youth fill my brain,
Memories like silver-toned echos
Bringing the past back again,

All in the same happy picture,
Nature's magic touch has arranged;
Nothing is fickle in nature,
'Tis only ourselves that our changed.

### LOVE OR LANDS.

"I bring not houses, lands or gold,
To give, sweetheart to thee;
No richer than I was old,
Am I to-day," quoth he.
In sooth he looked his poverty,
If ever so did one;
In rags and tatters clad was he,
Bareheaded to the sun.

It was her love of long ago
Who took her outstretched hands;
"If you are he I used to know,
I seek not gold or lands,
If you but love me still, sweetheart,
I am content," cried she;
"I will share your lowly part,
For I your bride will be?"

"Then, by my troth, my heart is thine!"
Quoth he at her reply;
"Though rags and tatters may be mine,
No beggar now am I.
I am richer than with gold and lands
The proudest monarchs be,
With thee for mine, and these two hands
To work, sweetheart, for thee?"

# Our Story Teller.

### A NICE NEIGHBOR.

"I don't think I should have taken this house if I had known there was a marble-yard so near," said Mrs. Grafton fretfully. "It almost drives me frantic to hear that man chip, chip, chipping all day."

"You can hardly call that a marble-yard, mamma," Laura answered soothingly, as she glanced across the way at the solitary workman under a small shed, where perhaps half-a-dozen blocks of fine white marble stood ready for the chisel.

"I call it an aggravation. They said it was a nice neighborhood. Well, it may be, but I don't fancy watching a man making tombstones all day."

"Is that what he does?" asked Laura, looking pensively at the workman over the way.

He displayed a find set of muscles, as he stood with his flannel shirt open and his sleeves rolled up, looking about for a place to put a large new block of marble. He was a tall man, close-knit and supple, with a good head and eyes of great power.

Laura stood watching him, and wondering how many times that little chisel he held had chipped out "Sacred to the Memory," etc. The little shed was an annex to a small one-story structure.

"I suppose he lives in there, poor man!" she mused; "all alone, cutting tombstones from one week's end to the other. Oh, mamma!"

Her cry of dismay came from the fact that the stonecutter over the way had attempted to lift a large block of marble on to a small truck, and it was too heavy for him.

There was a great crashing thud, and then he dropped to the ground, white and insensible as the marble beside him.

"Oh, mamma, mamma!" cried Laura springing up, "he has killed himself!"

She dashed downstairs and out at the front door, over to the marble-yard, where Mrs. Grafton followed her at a more leisurely pace.

The man was lying on the ground and a small stream of blood was ebbing from his lips.

Laura lifted her head and bade her mother bring salt and water, while she summoned a little boy, who ran for the doctor.

"Stefano!" exclaimed the physician, as he bent anxiously over the injured man. "This is too bad! I was afraid it would come some day. How did it happen?"

"He was lifting one of those horrid tombstones," said Mrs. Grafton resentfully. "I should think those workingmen would learn to be careful, when they know that so much depends on the preservation of their health. I suppose he has a wife and four or five children to support!"

"No, madame," said the doctor with a peculiar glance at the patient; "he is a single man. That will do miss," he said to Laura, who was helping two volunteer aids to lift the injured man on to an improvised litter. "Take him right into the house, please."

The "house" proved to be one large room, furnished for the most part with pieces of marble, wrapped in drapery of brown muslin. The floor was littered with chips of marble and dust, while the bare white walls were rudely marked with charcoal outlines and certain ambiguous drawings, which Laura fancied were the beginnings of monuments and other funeral stone-work.

There were, besides, a couch and some chairs, a table and an extinct fireplace.

The injured man was laid down on the couch, and made comfortable with pillows and covers, which Laura brought over for him.

The doctor worked with him anxiously till he opened his eyes and betrayed signs of consciousness.

"You must not speak," said the doctor warningly. "Lie perfectly still and put your hand on the place where the pain is. Ah, is it there? Not here? Are you sure there is no pain here? Good!"

He made a careful estimate of the extent of the injury, and then called Laura aside.

"It is not so bad as I feared," he said confidentially; but he must not be moved on any accout. Everything depends on his being kept quiet. And yet," he added doubtfully, I don't see how we can manage here."

"I will take care of him, doctor," Laura said quickly "if that is what you mean———"

"Laura, my dear," interposed Mrs. Grafton.

"Well, mamma, we can't leave him here to die!"

"He, must have friends somewhere. They ought to be sent for."

"I happen to know, madame," observed the doctor, "that he is quite alone. He is a foreigner—an Italian, I believe. They call him Stefano."

"I will stay with him," Laura reiterated.

And stay she did, though Mrs. Grafton was scandalized by her uncalled-for devotion.

As the man began to recover she made him all manner of dainties, which were set forth on tempting china.

When she found that he cared to read she scoured the library for books that would please him, but failed to find what he liked, until one day he asked for Petrarch, and Dante, and Ariosto.

"What are you thinking, signorina?" he asked one day, as she sat with one of the great poets in her hand, after an hour's reading.

"I was wondering," she said hesitatingly, "why you ever chose to be a marble-cutter? I should have thought some other trade would have suited you better."

"How, signorina?" he asked with a peculiar smile.

"There is not much scope in tombstones for poetry or a love of the beautiful. What are you laughing at?" she demanded, as he indulged himself in a merry outburst.

"I was laughing at the idea," he said, striving to regain his gravity. "Yes, it is a mean business, cutting tombstones."

"And I don't suppose it pays very well? said Laura, doubtfully.

"No, not very well. When one is sick and can't cut tombstones, he might as well give up and get one of his own."

This was uttered with such a sudden accession of gloom that Laura hastened to say:

"Don't get despondent, Stefano. You will have some work just as soon as you are well. My mother wants a tombstone for my grandfather's grave—indeed, I am not quite sure but it will be a monument—and she has promised to let you have the work."

"I am much obliged, signorina," he said in a smothered voice that came from behind his hand.

He coughed vigorously for several minutes, and then he managed to say:

"How can I ever repay you for all your kindness, Signorina Laura? Will you let me teach you Italian when I am well? I should like that."

When Laura proposed this to her mother, Mrs. Grafton was up in arms, but Laura had her own way, notwithstanding, and the lessons began.

"I saw you out in the shed this morning," said Laura reproachfully, one day when Stefano had gone against the doctor's orders.

"True; but one must live!" he answered with a shrug. "And there is your grandfather's tombstone."

"Never mind that. He has waited eighteen years for it, and he can wait a little longer. You must take care of yourself, Stefano. It is not fair to me for you to overtax yourself."

His face suddenly lighted with joy.

"Is it possible that you care, signorina?" he cried eagerly.

"I——I want to see you well. If you get sick again, it will throw discredit on me as a nurse. I do wish you would give up marble-cutting al together."

"One might if he had some inspiration," he said in a low tone. "I could give up anything for you. If I thought some day you would love me one-half so well as I love you, I would do anything—make any sacrifice."

"Stefano!" she cried indignantly. "You forget yourself. You must not talk like that to me."

"Forgive me. I did not mean to offend you. One cannot help loving what is good and beautiful, if one does cut tombstones."

"Oh, I never dreamed of this!" cried Laura, bursting into tears. "You must go away, and never come here again."

The next day he was out in the shed, chipping marble again. Laura went by and saw him.

"You ought not to do that Stefano," she said reproachfully. "You are not able."

"It matters very little to me now whether I live or die," he said sadly. "If I did not hate cowards, I would soon settle it."

She went home, and for some time he did not even see her face.

Meanwhile, he went on working, and one twilight he threw himself down on the couch in his work-room, tired out in mind and body.

As he lay there, with his face in his hands, a voice that sounded to him like the voice of an angel called.

"Stefano!"

It was Laura who came towards him, holding out her hands.

"Stefano," she said, "I did not know that I loved you, but I have found it out, and I have come to tell you."

He uttered a low cry and fell at her feet.

"My angel!" he said, kissing the hand she held out to him. "Can it be that you love me well enough to become the wife of a marble-cutter?"

"I have made up my mind not to care about the tombstones," said Laura, smiling.

"My love," he said, "the tombstones existed only in your fancy. I am not a mere marble-cutter, if you please! My name is Stefano Michetti."

"Michetti!" Laura echoed. "Stefano, it cannot be that you are the sculptor of the famous bas-reliefs in the Hall of Justice?"

"Even so, signorina," he said, laughing. "They who know me call me generally nothing but Stefano, but my family name is Michetti. I rejoice that its fame has reached you."

"Oh, how could you deceive me?" she cried reproachfully.

"I never tried to. You jumped at a conslusion, and I let you alone; first because it amused me, and then because I hoped to win your love, even in the capacity of a poor stone-cutter. Laura *mia*, the sculptor would not have cared for the heart that was too proud to bestow its treasures on the statuary."

"I could not resist you," she murmured, "in any capacity."

He kissed her fondly, and then, glancing around the room, he said:

"This is my studio—my *atlier*—but elsewhere I have a beautiful home, where you shall reign as a queen! See, my darling, here is my work!"

He drew aside the brown drapery, and revealed the most exquisite panels and fret-work, beautiful sculptured basreliefs in Carrara marble, about which the art-world was raving.

"But you need not cancel the order for your grandfather's tombstone," said Stefano mischievously. "I will execute that, as I promised to."

What Mrs. Grafton said when she heard it all is a matter of small consequence as long as she yielded her antipathies gracefully.

Laura was married very soon afterwards, and Stefano's fame still rises.

He has just made a splendid stone capital, embodying a frolic of cupids, for which his own beautiful boy did the posing.

### Clear at Last.

"About these titles now," said a new resident of Kansas to a native, "I want to know something about them. There's Col Woodchuck, for instance; how did he get his title?"

"Don't know, but he registered that way at the hotel when he first came, so we suppose it's all right."

"And Cag. Duster?"

"He's captain of a base ball nine."

"There's Judge Snoozenberry?"

"He was judge in a hog-guessing match once."

"Commodore Sandbarr?"

"He runs the ferry-boat."

"How about Prof. Bilk?"

"He's a pugilist."

"And Senator McTuff?"

"Oh, he gets mad and wants to fight if you don't call him that."

"And the Honorable McBride?"

"He ran for the Legislature once."

"And General Carpetbagg?"

"Well, you see he is a leading citizen and we kind o' give it to him in recognition of his public services. They call me captain because I've lived in the State twenty-five years, and if you'll just walk around sort o' straight and give it out that you're a major it will be all right!"

### Brevities.

There is no rest for the man who takes a vacation.

Thirty-six Vassar girls have been made bachelors of arts. A bachelor of arts is maid of wisdom.

The insane men who handle firearms never seem to miss aim. This may be because they are "cracked" shots.

A New York cynic is of the opinion that many a woman never sheds a tear unless her dressmaker spoils her dress.

Punch, a drink, is Persian, and means five, referring to the five ingredients used in making this beverage—tea, sugar, lemon juice, spice and spirits.

Every man thinks he is about right himself. An old Quaker said to his wife: "All the world is queer except thee and me, and thee is a little queer."

The carpet beetle, or buffalo moth, was introduced into the United States from Europe in 1872, and has since made its home in all parts of the country.

A miniature model of the famous sloop yacht Mayflower, composed entirely of 160 pure white diamonds, is one of the attractive features of a New York jeweler's.

While a compositor was setting up an advertisement for a lost canary a few days ago, the bird flew in at the office window. This shows the value of advertising.

A late English traveler who visited this country is said to have written home that the further West he traveled "the more convinced he was that the wise men came from the East."—They came West.

### Fate of the Apostles.

The following brief history of the fate of the Apostles may be] new to those whose reading has not been evangelical:

St. Matthew is supposed to have suffered martyrdom or was slain with a sword at the City of Ethiopia.

St. Mark was dragged through the streets of Alexandria, in Egypt, till he expired.

St. Luke was hanged upon an olive tree in Greece.

St. John was put in a caldron of boiling oil at Rome and escaped death. He afterwards died a natural death at Ephesus, in Asia.

St. James the Great was beheaded at Jerusalem,

St. James the Less was thrown from a pinnacle or wing of the temple, and then beaten to death with a fuller's club.

St. Philip was hanged up against a pillar at Hierapolis, a city of Phrygia.

St. Bartholomew way flayed alive by the command of a barbarous King.

St. Andrew was bound to a cross, whence he preached unto the people till he expired.

St. Thomas was run through the body with a lance at Coromandel in the East Indies.

St. Jude was shot to death with arrows.

St. Simon Zealot was crucified in Persia.

St. Matthias was first stoned and then beheaded.

St. Barnabas was stoned to death by the Jews at Salania.

St. Paul was beheaded at Rome by the tyrant Nero.

### A Mean Advantage.

"Now, gentlemen," said the boisterous man in the smoking-car, 'this thing of eating thirty birds in thirty days is easy enough to do, unless you are betting you can do it. The idea of having it to do makes it repulsive. Now, for instance, I will bet $5 that there is not a man in this car that can take thirty drinks in thirty days."

"I will take your bet," said a tall, rawboned party across the aisle.

"All right, sir. Where did you say you were from?"

"I am from the great Commonwealth of Kentucky, sir."

"Good! put up your money."

"Here is the chink. Now, what drink do you name?"

"Water," said the boisterous passenger, as he put up a V.

"Water! Water!" screamed the gentleman from the the dark and bloody ground. "The money is yourn, stranger. Do you s'pose I would drown myself for $5?"

### "WHAT'S IN A NAME."

The Mc and O of the Irish and the Mac of the Scotch indicate descent. There is another way in which the same thing is shown: Adam's son becomes Adamson, David's son Davidson; Thompson, Wilson, Williamson, Donaldson, Anderson and many other names are similarly derived. Localities or places of residence usually gave rise to such names as Hill, Dale, Wood, Green, Greenwood, Heath, Rivers, Waters and Parks. Such names as Welsh, French, Irish, Ireland, English and Scott may perhaps be traced back to the Nationality of some remote ancestor.

Some of the Pennsylvania Dutch names which have been nearly transformed into English are queer enough. In Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, there are several families by the name of Schreckengeist, which signifies in German a ghost or spectre of terrible appearance. One would think the name could be made no worse, but some of the people have succeeded in transforming it into Shriekingghost. Milliron, Morningstar, Redheffer, and Barndollar are other German names which have been partly translated.

The names which were derived from occupations are probably more numerous than any other class. All know how wide-spread the Smith family is In the same category belong the Clarks. (clerks originally), Cooks, Coopers, Bakers, Barbers, Taylors, Shoemakers, Tanners, Farmers and others. The months or days in which people were born originated such names as May, June, January, March, Friday and Monday.

The inns of old England are probably responsible for many names. For instance, John and Rose became John Rose; Thomas of the Bell, Tom Bell, Richard of the Hawk, Richard Hawk; Henry of the "greathouse" became Henry Greathouse, and so on, until there is scarcely a bird, animal, or other device that ever figured on a signboard that is not perpetuated as a family name.

The poverty of invention of the pioneer community in America in the matter of names of towns results in bestowing some absurd appellations on backwoods hamlets. Who can name a county, either east or west, which has not some village styled Paris, Oxford, Jerusalem, London, Berlin or someelse equally absurd.

There are, perhaps, as many queer names among the English as among any people on earth. Dickens' stories abound in them, yet very few of his names were manufactured. Such names as were Slaughter, Startup, Gotobed, Deadman, Churchyard, Dogberry and Fudge are found in English dictionaries.

The Romans had double, triple or even quadruple names, as, for example, Caius Julius Cæsar Tarquinius Superbus, and Quintus Fabius Mamimus. Frequently an honorary name was added to commemorate some war-like achievement; Fabius was called Cunctator and Scipio Africanus.

Sometimes the very queerest of names get coupled together as the title of a firm. Here are a few specimens: Hook & Ketch, Cobb & Hay, Peacock & Sparrow, Fox & Crane, Singer & Hooter, Drake & Gander, Fisher & Fowler, Goslin & Pond, Wild & Free.

### Religious Notes.

The temptation to sin can only be successful-y resisted by the man who is armed with moral courage and godly strength.

Base all your actions upon a principle of justice, preserve your integrity of character, and in doing this never reckon the cost.

The longer I live, said an eminent divine, the more I think religion to consist in candor, kindness, forbearance, hoping and believing for the best.

"Some men, as corrupt in their morals as vice could make them, have yet been solicitous to have their children soberly, virtuously and piously brought up."—*South.*

There is in the minds of men a certain presage, as it were, of a future existence; and this takes the deepest root and is most discoverable in the greatest geniuses and most exalted souls.

"If parents should be daily calling upon God in a solemn, deliberate manner, altering and extending their intercessions as the state and growth of their children required, such devotion would have a mighty influence upon the rest of their lives."—*Law.*

Henry Ward Beecher has said: "Sin isn't a trouble to us, for the most part, for our life is so low that we don't deem it serious. The things that touch the highest elements in life—the very genius of humanity—we are insensible to. If the body aches we seek remedies; but while the soul is full of sickness we have no anxiety and seek no cure. But there is a remedy if we come into soul-communion with Christ."

### All Sorts.

The great past—repast.

A fixed fact—one that gets into a woman's head.

The position of a judge is an exceedingly trying one.

The stockholder's motto: Man wants but little here below—par.

Pride goeth before a fall, but a great deal of bad language cometh after it.

Many a woman trusts her husband when he can't get trusted by anybody else.

Honeysuckles, like good-looking girls, can be found hanging around the stoop.

There may be more ways than one to kill a cat, but one is quite enough for one cat.

Why are girls like letters? Because stamps are required before the males will take them.

When an embezzler skips from Chicago for Canada by water they speak of his departure as a "clearing out sail."

Landlady—Con you tell me what is good for bed-bugs? Fogg—Seems to me that fat boarders ought to satisfy 'em.

Prof. Carl Braum, of Bates College says that the devil's darning needle has no sting at all, but he eats millions of mosquitoes.

A young man in Louisville was choked to death while kissing his girl.

The old man must have had the grip of a demon.

Whom the gods would destroy they first tell that the gun is not loaded, and that there's nothing like kerosene to light the fire.

A postal card was received at Porkopolis the other day which was addressed. "To Some Hole Sail Licker dealer, Cincinnati, O."

An observer has noticed that a man who rides on the cars every day is satisfied with one seat, but he who rides once a year wants four.

"Am I not a little pale?" inquired a lady, who was rather short and corpulent, of a crusty bachelor. "You look more like a big tub," was the blunt reply.

Some people will commit crime with one foot in the grave. A woman one hundred years old is reported as learning to play on an accordeon up in Vermont.

"That's a beefsteak joke," remarked one of the boarders at breakfast. "What kind of a joke's that?" asked the man across the table. "Too tough to be pleasant."

Josh Billings said that "nature made idiots but she never made a fool." Nature may not take a hand in the work of furnishing a fool, but she furnishes the raw material.

Somebody strolled into the sanctum of the Mississippi editor, and addressed him as "a festering sore on the body politic." The intruder will take his meals in bed until further notice.

A gentleman's linen cuff, directed to the owner and stamped with a penny stamp, recently went through the post-office. It bore this message: "Please call and pay your washing bill. Your lawn dress."

A coroner's jury at the inquest of a man killed while walking on a double-track railroad, brought in a verdict of "Accidental death; deceased being cross-eyed, was unable to tell on which track the train was coming."

If you noticed a woman "rummaging," you must have been astonished at the number and variety of articles she can put into her mouth. As a receptable, nothing compares with it except the pocket of a small boy.

Sell your rocking chairs and enjoy the balance of your lives sitting bolt upright. Rocking chairs make people deaf and near sighted says the scientist. If science keeps on, and we heed it, it will rob us of every comfort except our religion.

A teacher said to a member of the State Board of Health who was investigating the condition of her room: 'No, I haven't any ventilators; I don't see any use for them.' 'But how do you keep the air pure?' 'Oh, I've got a thermometer.'

As an item of interest it might be stated that a pile of strength that would reach half way to the moon is wasted in this country every year by people holding up hymn books in church who don't know a b-flat note from the howl of a brindle cat.

Professor Jaeger claims that the odor of camel's hair, which is so distinguishable, has a most beneficial effect. He asserts that it produces sleep in persons suffering from insomnia, and he advises them to sleep on pillows covered with camel's hair and stuffed with hair.

"Where do you get all the funny things you print in your paper?" asked the inquisitive subscriber. "Out of my head, Sir; out of my head," curtly replied the bothered editor. "Are you really, now?" said the inquisitive subscriber, pityingly. "Well, I rather had an idea that some thing was wrong, but I didn't know it was so bad as that."

*Medical, Etc.*

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

*Purely Vegetable.*

**SAFER AND BETTER**

I have been subject to severe spells of Congestion of the Liver, and have been in the habit of taking from 15 to 20 grains of calomel, which generally laid me up for three or four days. Lately I have been taking Simmons Liver Regulator, which gave me relief, without any interruption to business. J. HUGG, MIDDLEPORT, O.

**BILIOUSNESS** The REGULATOR never fails to cure. I most cheerfully recommend it to all who suffer from Bilious Attacks or any Disease caused by a disarranged state of the Liver. W. R. BERNARD, KANSAS CITY, MO.

**INDIGESTION** I suffered intensely with Full Stomach, Headache, etc. A neighbor who had taken Simmons Liver Regulator told me it was a sure cure for my trouble. The first dose I took relieved me very much, and in one week's time I was as strong and hearty as I ever was. It is the best medicine I ever took for Dyspepsia. H. G. CRENSHAW, RICHMOND, VA.

**CONSTIPATION** Testimony of HIRAM WARNER, Chief-Justice of Ga.: I have used Simmons Liver Regulator for Constipation of my Bowels, caused by a temporary Derangement of the Liver, for the last three or four years, and always with decided benefit.

ONLY GENUINE

has our Z Stamp in red on front of Wrapper.

*J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.,*

SOLE PROPRIETORS. Price, $1.00.

**PERRINE'S**

PURE BARLEY

**MALT WHISKEY**

DY-PEPSIA, INDIGESTION and all wasting diseases can be entirely cured by it. MALARIA is completely eradicated from the system by its use. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY revives the energies of those worn with excessive bodily or mental effort. It acts as a SAFEGUARD against exposure in the wet and rigorous weather. ☞TAKE part of a wineglassful on your arrival home after the labors of the day and then one quantity before your breakfast. Being chemically pure, it commends itself to the medical profession.

**Watch the Label**

None genuine unless having the signature of the firm on the label.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

**M & J. S. PERRINE,**

37 N. Front St.,

PHILA.

19 1 1y

**YOUR LAST CHANCE**

TO BUY

**MINNESOTA** or **DAKOTA**

Lands at present LOW PRICES. Terms so easy that the land will PAY FOR ITSELF in Five years. Prices are rapidly advancing. Maps, with guide books, giving range of prices, terms of sale, and other particulars, sent free.

THE CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY CO. has nearly a HALF MILLION ACRES of choice farming lands for sale in lots to suit. Convenient to markets. Well-watered. Healthy climate. Good churches, schools, and social advantages. A region where failure of crops has never been known. Address

CHARLES E. SIMMONS, Land Com. C. & N. W. Railway, CHICAGO, ILL.

☞These lands cannot fail to be a profitable and SAFE INVESTMENT

9 8 6m

**Brewster's Patent Rein Holder.**

Your lines are where you put them—over or under horses' feet. One agent sold 12 doz. in 5 days, one dealer sold 6 doz. in 15 days. Samples worth $1.50 FREE. Write for terms.

E. E. BREWSTER, Holly, Mich.

**The Volunteer Soldier** OF AMERICA. The latest and GREATEST WORK of the most illustrious American Volunteer Soldier, **Gen. John A. Logan.** The volunteer service defended and upheld. Logan's Personal Reminiscences of Army Life. Large Octavo Volume, Beautifully illustrated. Agents wanted *at once*. Circulars free.

P. J. FLEMING & CO., 4 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

19 18

**WANTED** Agents in every City and Town to sell this new book.

**THE WORLD'S OPPORTUNITIES**

AND HOW TO USE THEM.

BY

**ALFRED H. GUERNSEY, Ph. D.**

ELEGANTLY ILLUSTRATED.

*The Pictures contained in this book could not be reproduced for less than* $15,000.00.

This is proving a most fascinating book to the public. In it is examined everything that in any way affects the problem of life, or sets conditions upon success in any part of our country, or upon any Business or Profession. Young men and women beginning life will find the book of great value, and it infuses fresh life into older persons. There never has been in the history of literature a book published with the scope and objects of this work, so the agent will have no competition whatever. The book receives the unqualified praise of every one who examines it.

☞ A Grand Book for Canvassers.☜

because 1-2 the Population of the U. S. are not satisfied with their present conditions; nearly all can be benefited in their present calling by the additional light which will be thrown upon it by reading this book; it will be seen at a glance what a *vast field* there is for this work. *It sells at sight to all.* Men and women agents can make from $100 to $200 a month easily. ☞ We give *instructions so Any Person* with this book can become a *most successful Agent.* ☜ *Distance is no hindrance*, as we give *Special Terms*, and *Pay Freight Charges.* Remember, we give you the exclusive sale of this book in territory assigned you. Write for our large elegantly illustrated Circulars, containing full particulars, *Special Terms*, etc., sent free to all. Address immediately.

WINTER & CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass.

19 15 15t

**RUPTURE** Cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St. Phila., Pa. Ease at once. No operation or business. Thousands of cures. At Keystone House, Reading, Pa., 2d Saturday of each month. Send for circulars. Advice free. 19-3 1-y


**Obituary.**

IDDINGS.—At the residence of her mother, Mrs. Woods, in Julian, June 16, 1887, Amanda, wife of Elmer Iddings, aged 23 years, 8 months and 18 days.

Though just in the prime of life, she fell a victim to that much-dreaded disease, consumption, which terminated as stated above. She left a husband and one small child to mourn their loss.

Amanda's gone to meet the Lord;
She's gone to reap her last reward;
She's gone, on earth no more to roam;
She's gone to her eternal home.

She's gone to where there's no more pain—
Where to the Christian all is gain.
She's gone to that bright world on high;
To endless bliss beyond the sky.

She's gone, that city to behold
The streets of which are paved with gold.
She's gone to her eternal rest;
To dwell forever with the blest.

Though we no more shall greet her here,
We hope to meet her over there—
In Canaan's fair and happy land—
No more to take the parting hand.

V. J.

Only four short years a bride,
Until claimed the bride of death—
Leaving a husband and child
To mourn their loss bereft.

While suffering greatly and in pain,
She whispering said, "All is well."
We hope to meet her soon again
And among the angels dwell.

We know all is for the best.
And while passing 'neath the chastening rod
We feel she is happy and blest—
Her soul resting sweetly with God.

C. I.

**Death of Judge J. R. Smith.**

Hon. J. R. Smith, of Pine Grove, one of the associates judges of this county, died at his home at 10 o'clock on Monday morning, July 4, of a disease of the liver. Dr. Smith was born in or near Lewistown, Mifflin county, and was 65 years of age in May of this year. He was a physician by profession, and practiced medicine in Pine Grove about 35 years. He also practiced a short time in Tyrone and Petersburg, Huntingdon county. He was held in high esteem as a physician.

Dr. Smith was elected associate judge on the Democratic ticket in 1885. He has filled the position with ability. He leaves a widow, five sons and two daughters to feel acutely the removal of their best earthly friend.

His illness dates bade to a severe fall he had in this place about two years ago, since which he has never been well and on one or two occasions was compelled to absent himself from court. A meeting of the Bar Association was held in the court house on Tuesday to take action in reference to his death. The funeral took place at Pine Grove at 10 o'clock on Wednesday.

**Death of William R. Miller.**

The proprietor of the Sandy Ridge Fire Brick Works died in New York City at 12.30 o'clock on Saturday. Because of his wealth, his energy, his extensive business relations, etc., he was generally known throughout this county. The high estimation in which he was held by employes speak volumes in his praise.

Deceased was leng a sufferer physically with partial paralysis. The condition of his health had induced him to go to New York where he and his wife were living and where he had the benefit of expert medical skill. But he passed away from earth in the 47th year of his age.

He leaves no children. Besides his aged mother, who resides in Altoona, he leaves five sisters and three brothers, as follows: Mrs. Daniel Laughman, Mrs. George A. McCormick, and Mrs. Annie Osterloh, of Altoona; Mrs. George Hammond, of Columbus, Ohio; Mrs. Christian Benart, of Pittsburg; Mrs. Richard Miller, of Sandy Ridge, and Messrs. Benjamin and Fred Miller, of Altoona.

—The State Board of Commissioners of the Geological Survey was more fortunate than many other bodies in its application for State funds with which to to carry on the work of the survey. The Legislature appropriated $88,000 for this purpose, the amount asked for, and the bill was approved by the Governor, who is ex-officio chairman of the Board. The work of the Survey is of the utmost importance to the anthracite region.

—De Voe, the New Jersey weather prophet, continues making prognostications, but he is more incorrect than ever before. At the time he predicted hot weather it was provokingly cool, and as he predicted a "cold northeast rain storm" to occur on June 30 and low temperature for July 1 he is most decidedly at fault. We don't even advise him to try again.

—The Bell Telephone Company has caused the Emmer Company, which began business at Chambersburg, about a month ago, to disconnect its 20 instruments, claiming that they are an infringement on the Bell patents. Nearly all the subscribers have had their new telephones taken out and are $55 out of pocket by the transaction.

—Within sixty days, if nothing interferes, Lock Haven will be lighted by electricity. It seems strange to people in Bellefonte, who had electricity on the streets so long that we are thinking of substituting some even more modern light, to read of a so-called city just adopting chained lightning for this purpose.

—Burdette claims to have overheard the following conversation: "You say you stumped Texas for the Prohibition ticket. What peculiarity of your audience struck you most forcibly?" "Well," said the missionary, "the chunks of clay and pieces of brick struck me most forcibly, but the eggs stayed by me the longest."

—We exceeding regret to learn of the death of Mr. John M. Bell, of Mt. Union, Huntingdon county. The sad event occurred on Sunday. We take the following in reference to it from the Huntingdon *News* of Monday: "Mr. John M. Bell died at noon yesterday at his residence in Mount Union, aged about 60 years. He had been an elder in the Presbyterian church, and a very useful citizen. He served two terms as Co. Supt. of Mifflin county and was at one time Principal of Kishacoquillas seminary. His children are W. T. Bell, cashier of Central Banking Co., of Mt. Union; C. Bates Bell, Bellefonte; Rev. J. Vernon Bell, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Dubois; Henry Bell, Minneapolis, Minn.; Mrs. Martin, of Indianapolis. Funeral Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock."

—Arrangements are in progress to open up extensive stone quarries on the property owned by Mrs. D. G. Bush beyond what is known as the "Bush Addition." It is an enterprise which will give employment to many workmen and will be of great convenience to this community, operated, as it will be, on a system entirely new in this section. The arrangements will be such that orders for stone of any size can be filled at once. We are very glad that such an enterprise is to be undertaken and trust that it will be carried out very successful.

—S. M. Buck and his son Willie started to drive to State College on Friday evening, but the buggy in which they were seated broke down on the bridge along Spring creek, throwing Mr. B. somewhat violently on the surface of the bridge. He held to the horse and got his son out of the buggy without injury, although he feels somewhat sore to-day at the point where he and the bridge came in contact. Many people witnessed the accident. The escape of the occupants of the buggy from serious injury was a narrow and fortunate one.

—Miss Lizzie Laning and Miss Sallie Meek have been elected as teachers in the public schools of Tyrone, where higher salaries are paid than in Bellefonte. Miss Laning was also elected a teacher in the Bellefonte schools. She is said to be qualified in a superior manner as an instructor. Miss Meek has no superior as a teacher as has been demonstrated by several terms during which she taught in Bellefonte and other parts of this country. We congratulate her on the promotion.

—On Saturday, July 2, a gentleman informed us that if it did not rain that day it would not rain, except occasional very slight showers, for a period of six weeks. There was no rain on that day. We shall watch and see how true the prediction proves to be. The same gentleman said there was rain last year on July 2, and abundant rains fell during the following six weeks.

—Wayne station camp meeting for 1887 will commence on Tuesday, July 26, and close August 4. Tents, first floor $6.00, second floor $4—first and second floor to one person or family, $8.00. Persons are permitted to occupy their tents from July 1 to August 30th without any additional rent. Board $6.00 for the term of ten days; per single day $1.00; or 40 cents per meal.

—Miss Britton, of Salona, was in attendance at the wedding of Presiding Elder Leidy's daughter to Mr. Samuel B. Beyer, in Tyrone, last week, and returning spent the Fourth at Mr. Fiedler's home in this place.

—We are pleased to learn that Mr. John Rankin, who went to California, has been able to retain his position in the bank, his health having improved and his labors not being quite as irksome as they were.

Two livery men, brothers, married sisters and lived in the same house in Dawson, and, in the course of time, a girl was born to each of them, making six in the family. But some wag declared there were 16 of them, and, being asked to name them, he wrote them down thus: "Two fathers, two mothers, two brothers, two sisters, two uncles, two aunts, two nieces, and two cousins—making 16 in all."

For a time my life was despaired of. My trouble was with the Kidneys, Liver and Bladder—also Constipation. Finally I used Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and in my opinion it saved my life. I make this statement to save those who suffer as I did.—A. J. Gifford, Lowell, Mass. Druggists, $1. Send 2-cent stamp to Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y., for his book on Kidney, Liver and Blood disorders. Mention this paper.

April fool jokes are entirely out of date, but the report which comes from Buffalo that "M. T. Skiff" is about to make a voyage through the Niagara whirlpool undoubtedly comes under that head.

Heiress—I am afraid it is not for me that you come here so often, but for my money. Ardent Wooer—You are cruel to say so. How can I get your money without getting you.

Never make a wager with a woman. You may be certain that no woman ever bets unless she has a sure thing.


*Miscellaneous.*

**KASKINE,**

(THE NEW QUININE.)

Science emerging from Darkness.

GIVES Good Appetite, New Strength, Quiet Nerves, Happy Days, Sweet Sleep.

**A POWERFUL TONIC**

that the most delicate stomach will bear.

**A SPECIFIC for MALARIA, RHEUMATISM NERVOUS PROSTRATION,**

and all Germ Diseases.

THE MOST SCIENTIFIC AND SUCCESSFUL BLOOD PURIFIER. Superior to quinine.

Mr. F. A. Miller, 630 East 167th street, New York, was cured of extreme malarial prostration after seven years suffering. He had run down from 175 pounds to 97, began on Kaskine in June, 1886, went to work in one month, regained his full weight in six months. Quinine did him no good whatever.

Mr. Gideon Thompson, the oldest and one of the most respected citizens of Bridgeport, Conn., says: "I am ninety years of age, and for the last three years have suffered from malaria and the effects of quinine poisoning. I recently began with Kaskine which broke up the malaria and increased my weight 22 pounds."

Mrs. T. A. Solomons, of 158 Halliday St., Jersey City writes: My son Harry, eleven years, was cured of Malaria by Kaskine, after fifteen months' illness, when we had given up all hope.

Letters from the above persons, giving full details, will be sent on application.

Kaskine can be taken without any special medical advice. $1.00 per bottle.

Sold by JAMES HARRIS, Druggist, or sent by mail on receipt of price.

THE KASKINE CO., 54 Warren St., N. Y.

19 24 4t

**WANTED** LADIES TO WORK FOR US at their homes. $7 to $10 per week can be quietly made. No photo painting; no canvassing. For full particulars, please address, at once, CRESCENT ART CO., 147a Milk St., Boston, Mass. Box 5170. 19 24 4t

**WINCHESTER'S**

HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME AND SODA is a matchless remedy for Consumption in every stage of the disease. For Coughs, Weak Lungs, Throat Diseases, Loss of Flesh and Appetite, and every form of General Debility it is an unequalled Specific remedy. ☞BE SURE AND GET WINCHESTER'S PREPARATION. $1 and $2 per bottle. Sold by Druggists. WINCHESTER & CO., Chemists, 19 24 4t 162 William St., New York.

YOUNG MEN

*Educate for Life*

AT THE

**Williamsport Commercial College.**

SATISFACTION OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Address, E. M. ALLEN, Williamsport, Pa

**TEACHERS OR STUDENTS**

Wishing a Profitable, Healthy and Useful Business

**During Vacation**

will do well to address

**Wilmot Castle & Co.,**

Rochester, N. Y.

19 24 4t

**Platt's Chlorides**

THE HOUSEHOLD

**DISINFECTANT**

An odorless, colorless liquid, powerful, efficient and cheap. Immediately destroys all bad odors, purifies every impure spot and chemically neutralizes all infectious and disease-producing matter.

INVALUABLE in the sick room. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Quart bottles 50 cents.

19 26 4t

**PARKER'S GINGER TONIC**

The Best Cure for Coughs, Weak Lungs, Asthma, Indigestion, Inward Pains, Exhaustion. Combining the most valuable medicines with Jamaica Ginger, it exerts a curative power over diseases unknown to other remedies. Weak Lungs, Rheumatism, Female Complaints, and the distressing ills of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are dragging thousands to the grave who would recover their health by the timely use of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. It is new life and strength to the aged. 50c. at Druggists. HISCOX & Co., 163 William Street, N. Y.

19 26 4t

*Write* To CLARK'S BUSINESS COLLEGE ERIE, PA., for circulars. The best school in America. Fall term begins Aug. 30. Mention this paper.

9 26 4t

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Positive Cure.

Is worth

**$1,000**

TO ANY MAN

Woman or Child

suffering from

CATARRH

NOT A LIQUID OR SNUFF

**CATARRH**

**HAY-FEVER**

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. Circulars free. ELY BROS., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

**HIRES' IMPROVED ROOT BEER.**

Package, 25 cents, makes 5 gallons of a delicious, sparkling, temperance beverage. Strengthens and purifies the blood. Its purity and delicacy commend it to all. Sold by all druggists and storekeepers. 19 26 4t

**DEAFNESS** Its causes and a new and successful CURE at your own home, by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most of the specialists without benefit. *Cured himself* in three months, and since then hundreds of others. Full particulars sent on application. T. S. PAGE, No. 41 West 31st St., New York City. 19 26 4t

**MONEY** to be made. Cut this out and return to us, and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business which will bring you in more money right away than anything else in this world. Any one can do the work and live at home. Either sex; all ages. Something new, that just coins money for all workers. We will start you; capital not needed. This is one of the genuine, important chances of a lifetime. Those who are ambitious and enterprising will not delay. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. febl1 1y n&w

*Miscellaneous.*

**Always Ahead!**

)o(

**FIREW ORKS!**

)o(

A fine stock just received at the

**Great Central Gun Works,**

ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.

**Dealers Supplied,**

Also agent for the sale of

VAN CAMPENS COMPOUND, (DYNAMITE,)

The best in use for blowing stumps and rocks.

**Theodore Deschner.**

19 8 1y


*Professional Cards.*


LAND SURVEYING. Grateful to the public for past favors, I shall continue in the business, and shall endeavor to give satisfaction to all my patrons. Office with D. F. Fortney, Esq., in Conrad House.

18 11tf JAMES D. GORDON, Bellefonte, Pa.

E. R. CHAMBERS, Attorney-at-Law. Office at the south-west corner of the Diamond All business promptly attended to. 17 12 1y

JOHN KLINE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. 16 17 tf

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond near Brockerhoff House. 13-21f

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER

HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. [a47-tf

PATRICK O'FARRELL, Attorney at Law, WASHINGTON, D. C. Solicitor of Patents, Claims and Pensions. Increase of Pensions a specialty. Officer's muster corrected. Back pay collected. Soldiers who have lost their discharges can obtain new certificates. Charge of DESERTION removed. Question blanks, instructing parties how to state their cases, furnished free. Write for information. 17 35 tf

*Banks and Bankers.*

A. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

*Hotels.*

**COLUMBIA HOUSE,**

Nos. 111 and 113 North Broad Street (above Arch)

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.

MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON Proprietress 14-21tf

*Shaving Saloons.*

WM. MILLS

FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen under Centre county bank building High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

*Physicians and Dentists.*

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,

DENTIST.

A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth. Office over Lyon's store on Allegheny st.

H. K. HOY, M. D., Oculist & Aurist, No. 4, South Spring St., Bellefonte, Pa

Office hours 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m. 19 20 4m.

A GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY

Is the Loss of

**MANHOOD**

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical cure of Seminal weakness or Spermatorrhœa, Induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience, that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ *This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.*

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *post-paid*, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO., 41 Ann St., New York, N. Y. P. O. Box, 450

18 43 1y

**W. P. Duncan & Co.,**

BELLEFONTE, PA.

**ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS**

BELLEFONTE

**PATENT WATER WHEEL,**

Steam Engines,

**CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,**

**ROLLING MILL**

AND

**Grist Mill Machiner**

46a812-tf.

*Miscellaneous.*

**KIRK'S WHITE RUSSIAN**

The only brand of Laundry Soap awarded a first class medal at the New Orleans Exposition. Guaranteed absolutely pure, and for general household purposes is the very best

**SOAP.**

**F. P. GREEN,**

**DRUGGIST,**

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 5 1 1y

**INSURANCE.**

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

**FIRE AND LIGHTNING.**

29-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER.

Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte

PENNSYLVANIA

**STATE COLLEGE.**

**Fall Term Begins Sept. 8, 1886.**

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Latin Scientific course.
3. The following ADVANCED COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the general Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A reorganized Course in Mechanic Arts, Combining shop-work with study.
7. A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.
8. A Carefully graded Preparatory Course.
9. Special Courses are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., *President*, *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

8-tf

OPENS TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21.

$500 A YEAR. $125 QUARTERLY

**WITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE'S ACADEMY**

For Young Men & Boys, Media, Pa

12 miles from Philadelphia. Fixed price covers every expense, even books, &c. No extra charges. No incidental expenses. No furnishing. No examinations for admission. Twelve experienced teachers, all men, and all graduates. Special opportunities for apt students to advance rapidly. Special drill for dull and backward boys. Patrons or students may select any studies or choose the regular English, Scientific, Business, Classical or Civil Engineering course. Students fitted at Media Academy are now at Harvard, Yale, Princeton and ten other Colleges and Polytechnic Schools. 10 students sent to college in 1883, 15 in 1884, 16 in 1885, 10 in 1886. A graduating class every year in the commercial department. A Physical and Chemical Laboratory, Gymnasiums and Ball Ground. 1500 volumes added to Library in 1883. Physical apparatus doubled in 1883. All students board with the Principal. Excellent table. Boys may room alone. Media has seven churches and a temperance charter which prohibits the sale of all intoxicating drinks. For new illustrated circular address the Principal and Proprietor SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE, A. M. (Harvard Graduate), Media, Pa. 18 35 1y

**Important Notice!**

HEADQUARTERS FOR

**GALVANZED and PLAIN WROUGHT IRON PIPE,**

CAST IRON,

TERRA COTTA

**DRAIN PIPE,**

FITTINGS OF ALL KINDS,

plumbing and steam fitting, light and heavy castings and general machine work,

**BELLEFONTE, PA.**

)o(

Agents for

**CUSTER CO.**

)FOR THE(

**LANSING WAGON.**

Every wagon warranted and sold at a fair price. Call and see us at

THE LOCK FOUNDRY,

**BELLEFONTE, PA.**

[BUCK & BUSH.]

18 26 tf

## YOUTH AND OLD AGE.

Long ago, long ago, in this valley of woe,
The white mists were silver, the sunshine was gold:
Long ago, long ago, every dew drop aglow
Was the purest of diamonds of value untold.

Long ago, long ago, every floweret low
Looked out from the grass like a star from the sky;
Long ago, long ago, every streamlet aflow
In a volume of perfectest crystal went by.

Now the silvery mist is water, I wis,
To which the grand power to climb upward is given;
The sunshine of gold is a wave of light rolled
On the earth through the open portal of heaven.

The dew in the grass now shineth, alas!
In my altered eyes like an angel's tear;
And the deep waters roll, the type of a soul,
Right on to the sea of eternity near.

The flowers in the grass, they die and they pass
From life unto life, as to us it is given;
The mist and the dew, stream, flower and light too,
Like souls are sent down but to climb back to heaven.

—Harper's Weekly.

## THE TOWERS OF SILENCE.

**A Visit to the Burial Places of the Parsees—The Vultures.**

A hundred yards distant through the trees intervening is one of the gloomy Towers of Silence, fully in keeping with its gloomy name. As visitors are not permitted to approach nearer than 100 feet, we are directed to a small working model under a lilac just off the garden. Here, with the aid of a reference card, we examine the internal arrangements of the tower.

It is a roofless, circular building of stone and painted white, 300 feet in circumference and about sixty in height; thirty feet from the base on the side facing the garden is a small entrance, just large enough to admit the bearers and body, closed by double iron doors. These doors open on the main platform, which is paved with large slabs of stone and divided into three rows of shallow open receptacles, into which are placed the naked corpses to await the coming of the vultures. The first, or outer row, is for males (adult), the second for females and the third, or inner, row for children. These three rows correspond with the three moral precepts of the Zoroastrian religion—good deeds, good words, good thoughts. Between the rows are foot paths for the bearers to move about. In the center of the tower is a great well 150 feet in depth, into which the dry bones are thrown after being denuded of flesh. From this great well toward the cardinal points of the compass diverge four underground drains, each of which has at its terminus, about thirty feet away, a small well. The bottom of each of these small wells is covered with a thick layer of sand. Pieces of charcoal and sandstone are also placed at the end of each drain. Thus the rain water coming from the great well and bringing with it the decomposed osseous matter passes through two sets of filters for purification before entering the ground, thereby observing a tenet of the Zoroastrian religion—that "mother earth shall not be defiled."

A corpse is carried into the tower by two bearers, called Nassaslars, who alone are privileged to enter; the clothes are then removed, the body placed in one of the receptacles and the bearers withdraw. Now is the opportunity for the vultures to fulfill the duties of their office. Upon the approach of the procession hundreds of them arise from the tops of the palms, which have become withered and dead from contact with their carniverous bodies, and hover in a circle above until the bearers have gone. Then like darts they descend—a boiling, seething mass of carrion, each particle of which, intent only upon precedence, is quarreling and fighting with the other in its horrible work. In an hour or two the corpse is entirely stripped of its flesh; the bones are then left until perfectly dried by the heat of the tropical sun, then thrown into the well, where, in course of time, they crumble to dust. According to the teachings of Zoroaster, earth, fire and water are sacred, and in order to avoid their pollution it is strictly enjoined that the dead bodies shall not be buried in the ground or thrown into the sea.—Buffalo News.

### One Scientific Man Not Infallible.

I was born in Philadelphia, and when five years old received an accidental cut in the left eye, from a sharp missile in the hand of a playmate of my own age. The injury was not a fatal one, and if the doctors had let me alone it is probable that I should have had the use of two good eyes for the rest of my life. After the wound healed it was covered by a slight scab, which the physician said must be removed by the use of nitrate of silver. This he applied in so large a quantity that the eye was seared as with a hot iron, and the sight went out forever.

A fierce inflammation was set up, passed to the other eye, and with two blazing furnaces under my forehead I spent two years in a room dark as night, on a diet of gruel, mush and molasses and rice, with almost daily doses of medicine, cuppings, leechings and bleeding administered after the heroic method of that time, the eyes kept constantly wet with a solution of sugar of lead. When I came out of the prison it was with a small fraction of the right eye, for the solution had left a deposit, which, uniting with the lymph from the inflammation, had formed opacities in the corner, which in time blotted the sun from my sky and shut out from me the beauty of the world.—Rev. W. H. Milburn in Lippincott's.

### A Counterfeit Ball Ticket.

The Arion society has added a curiosity to its collections. It is a counterfeit ball ticket. The imitation is of the coupon, which was detached from the big ticket for presentation at the door, and was the work of a well known designer of this city, whose facility with the pen is great. He made it on a wager that he would get into the ball without paying, and success crowned his ingenuity. The imitation is quite close enough to deceive any one in the rush of a crowd at the entrance to a public ball room, and the society values it much more than it would the $10 whose loss it represents.

Ten or twelve years ago there was quite an epidemic of counterfeit tickets received at the Academy of Music during an Italian opera season. For weeks they were received undetected. When the forger was spotted he was found to be a lithographic engraver with more love for music than money to gratify it with. I think it was Maretzek who was managing that season—or perhaps Strakosch. At any rate, whoever it was took the matter good humoredly and deadheaded the ingenious penman for the balance of the season.—Alfred Trumble in New York News.

### Cure for Snake Bite.

The other day a horse in Irwin county, Ga., was bitten on the nose by a rattlesnake. He was at once dosed with sweet milk and alum, and then three bottles of turpentine were heated and the mouths of the bottles placed in succession over the part bitten. It is said that the green poison could be plainly seen as it was being drawn into the bottles. This horse recovered.—New York Sun.

Somebody is working hard in New York to get up an exhibition of the portraits of society women.

## JACKSON'S VICTORY.

### AN INCIDENT OF THE BATTLE OF NEW ORLEANS.

**On the Plains of Chalmette—A Troop of Panic Stricken Fugitives—"No Food for Cowards"—Bread and Meat for Runaways.**

At 7 o'clock the battle began, and the roar of the artillery, with the discharges of musketry, was almost as distinctly heard as if in our immediate neighborhood. There was not the slightest noise in the apparently dead city. It held its breath in awful suspense. There was not a human being to be seen moving in the streets. We, the two boys and the ladies of the household, petrified into absolute silence by the apprehensions of the moment, stood on the balcony until 9:30, when the firing gradually ceased. But still we continued to remain on the same spot; for what was to happen? Were our defenders retreating, pursued by the enemy? These were hours of anxiety never to be forgotten. About 11 o'clock the oppresive silence in the city was broken by the furiously rapid gallop of a horseman, shouting as loud as he could: "Victory! victory!" He turned from Chartres street into Dumaine and from Dumaine into Royal, still shouting "Victory!" The voice had become hoarse, and yet no human voice that I ever afterward heard was fraught with more sweet music. That night we went to bed with thankful hearts. The two boys soon slept soundly, as boys sleep, with that blissful unconcern which appertains to their age. But I doubt if our kind hostess and her daughters closed their eyes, for they had husbands, brothers, sons on the battle field, and they did not know at what cost to them the victory had been achieved.

In the morning of the preceding day the famous battle of the 8th was fought on the plains of Chalmette, four miles below the city. In a bee line the distance must have been very short between the field of action and the Bore plantation, six miles above New Orleans by the windings of the river, for the furious cannonading and the discharge of musketry were prodigiously distinct. The ladies of the family, pale with the natural emotions of fear produced by the dangers of the situation, were grouped in the broad gallery in front of the house. No man was visible, for the only one who had remained at home (on account of his age) had when the battle began ascended with slow but firm steps a flight of stairs which led to the top of the portico. At every volley of artillery or musketry I flung myself on the floor, exclaiming: "Ten Englishmen killed!" "Twenty Englishmen flat on the ground!" and so on. I continued rejoicing in the fancied destruction of our invaders notwithstanding the remonstrances of my poor mother, in whose alarm I very little participated. The battle had not yet ended when my grandfather Bore came down from his post of observation with the same measured step and the same self possession with which he had ascended and said to his daughters, who anxiously interrogated his looks: "Dismiss your fears, the Americans are victorious."

"But, father, how do you know it?" inquired my mother.

"You forget, my dear child," replied M. de Bore, with a calm smile, "that I have some military experience. My practiced ear has not been deceived, I am sure. The American guns have silenced the English guns. The enemy is defeated."

These words had hardly been spoken when, in the long avenue of pecan trees that led to the river, there appeared a troop of about a hundred men rushing toward the house. "The English! here come the English!" was the simultaneous cry of the women. M. de Bore stretched himself up to his full height, shaded his eyes with his hand, and, after having looked steadily at the advancing crowd, said, contemptuously:

"These men the English! bah!"

They came rapidly to the piazza, about six feet high, on which we stood, and along which ran a wooden balustrade. M. de Bore did not understand one word of the language spoken by these unexpected visitors, whose ragamuffin appearance was no recommendation. But if they were bandits, it was comfortable to see that they all were unarmed.

"Who are they, and what do they want?" inquired Mr. de Bore, surveying them evidently with no friendly eye. He was informed by one of his family that they were fugitives who reported that the Americans had been completely routed, that they themselves were a portion of the defeated, and that they begged for food. The blood ran to the cheeks of the old soldier, his eyes flashed, and he shouted in French to the men: "You lie! The Americans are victorious. You have run away; you are cowards. Never shall it be said that I gave a hospitable welcome to dastardly fugitives from the battlefield. Hence, all of you, or I will call my negroes to drive you away." His words were not comprehended, but his indignant wrath was visible, and his pantomime was expressive. One of the beggarly crew seemed to apprehend his meaning, for he took off his hat and pointed with his index finger to a hole which looked as if made by a ball. He no doubt intended to intimate that he had faced danger, and that he was not as cowardly as supposed. In making this exhibition he had approached close to the piazza and held his hat aloft. The old gentleman retreated a few steps; then rushing back to the balustrade of the piazza, on which he leaned forward, and, looking down upon the suppliant below, shouted: "In thy hat! in thy hat!"—striking his breast violently—"there is where the ball should have been received, and not through thy hat. Then probably thy back was turned to the enemy. No! no food for cowards. There is food in the British camp; go and get it."

He was superb at that moment, and turning his back upon the pitiful looking postulants, he kept up pacing the piazza like a chafed lion in a cage. My mother followed him a few feet behind, as he walked to and fro with a hurried step, and thus expostulated all the while:

"Father, they look so miserable."

"No! no food for cowards. I have said it."

"They seem to be so jaded and hungry."

"No! I say no!"

"Father, they are so wet and shivering with cold."

"No! no food for fugitives from the field of honor."

"But, father," continued my mother, in a piteous tone, "they may not have fled, after all. Perhaps they only retreated."

Grandfather, wheeling round with a smile on his lips, and with the usual expression of benevolence on his face, said: "Daughter, I am inflexible. No food shall I give to those wretches. But I am going away, and in my absence you may deal as you please with those heroes of retreat" (avec ces heros de la retraite). True to his word, he disappeared, and was not seen for the remainder of the day.

Meanwhile the little boy, who had grown up to be the octogenarian who writes these lines, had a grand time of it, for big fires were lighted over the vast court yard, calves and sheep were killed and roasted, huge pots of hominy and of rice were prepared, and he keenly enjoyed the barbecue, if he may be permitted to use this well known modern expression, that was given to those men, who were a detachment of the Kentuckians that had fled from Col. Thornton's attack upon Gen. Morgan's command on the right bank of the river, as related in history.—Charles Gayarre in Harper's Magazine.

## THE RULES OF STYLE.

### THE PRINCIPLES WHICH GOVERN WRITING AND PRINTING.

**The First Point for Newspaper Contributors to Consider—Grammar and Rhetoric—Be Fully Alive to the Events of the Day.**

We publish herewith a letter which reached our hands the other day from the other side of the American continent. Though apparently not intended for the public eye, we assure the writer will allow us to answer his questions in this public manner.

"EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT,
"THE PORTLAND DAILY NEWS,
"PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 16, 1887.

"DEAR SIR—You will confer a great favor on the advancing civilization of the "wild and woolly west" by forwarding to me, if convenient, a copy of the rules of style in force in The Sun's composing rooms. The News desires to be abreast of its eastern contemporaries in style, as it is otherwise, and you can see my object. The Sun style is the best in the United States; in fact, The Sun is a perfect model of typographical excellence, and it is the intention to make The News as near as possible a full fledged, life sized photograph of the luminous eastern champion of Democracy. Yours respectfully,

"J. G. EGAN,
"City Editor Daily News."

THE FIRST POINT.

We should take great pleasure in doing all that Mr. Egan desires; but unfortunately there is no such code as he wishes us to send forward. The principles which govern the style of writing and printing in The Sun are, like the common law, preserved by authentic tradition, but nowhere inclosed in the iron formulas of unvarying prescription.

In our view of the subject, the first point in a good style of writing is to have in the mind a clear and distinct idea and then to put it into language which presents it accurately, vividly and picturesquely, so that the reader may apprehend it exactly as the writer intends. The great rule of all is accuracy. State the fact or the proposition precisely as it is, or precisely as it should be, and never say twenty-three or seventeen and a half when you mean twenty.

Shun snobbishness. "A man's a man for a' that" is the soundest doctrine, but he is never more than a man; and no thinker or writer has any call to be afraid of him, of his clothes, of his title, or of his money. Be an American always, a Democrat, a Republican. No literary style is good for an American journalist without this moral foundation.

Never discuss more than one proposition at a time; and never attempt to enforce more than one idea at a time. Intellectual confusion, helpless complication of thought, is the bane of good writing.

GRAMMAR AND RHETORIC.

Know the truths and the maxims of English grammar and of English rhetoric. Know the language that you are dealing in. There is one effective way to gain skill in these things, and that is to read the great masters, and, if possible, to practice writing under criticism that is intelligent and merciless, as well as sympathetic and vigilant. Who are these great masters, do you ask? There are many of them. John Bunyan is one, Sir William Blackstone another, Jonathan Edwards another, Lord Chesterfield another, Dr. Channing another, Cardinal Newman another, Arthur Helps another, Matthew Arnold another, Nathaniel Hawthorne another, Thomas Jefferson another. We might make a list of these masters of style that would fill a column.

Finally, be alive to the events of the day if you wish to possess a good style as a newspaper writer. Understand the value of news. What is news but the living record of providence, the daily tablet which God indites for the instruction of man? Even the trivial incident of the hour has its place in the mighty chapter of human destiny. Treat it as you may, then, gravely, satirically, or jocosely, let there be ever in your heart a profound reverence for the momentous power from whose operation it proceeds.

These are some principles of style which occur to us as we read Mr. Egan's letter. We fancy they form a pretty good code of rules, but we put them forth without dogmatism. Nothing would give us more pleasure than to have the opportunity of studying a better one and profiting by its inculcations.—New York Sun.

### Elaborate Evasion.

As a model of "how not to say it," Mr. Gladstone's reply to the question whether he was going to support Scotch disestablishment will probably never be surpassed. As a matter of record, here it is: "I will only say that so far as I am able to judge, we are thinking at the present time, and the people of Scotland are thinking, of other subjects, which are regarded, I believe, as of much more urgent and immediate duty than the determination of a very much controverted question, which, as I have said before, I believe the people of Scotland will find themselves perfectly sufficient to determine, and in a manner which the rest of the empire will respect, whether the answer be aye or nay. It is not within my knowledge, certainly that the consideration of that question has entered definitely into the concerns of the present election, and therefore I do not feel my own information or means of judgment about it at all augmented in the course of it by anything that has reached me."—New York Tribune.

### Pat Donan on "Hamlet."

Col. "Pat" Donan doesn't like the play of "Hamlet." Hear the eloquent adjective slinger: "I have no patience, much less sympathy, with a wretched weakling who goes around jabbering at dilapidated old ghosts in tin helmets and green gauze veils, under bogus moonlight; everlastingly threatening to do something and never doing it; driving his sweetheart to lunacy and a catfish death, by his dime museum freaks; making stump speeches to skulls and grave diggers; going into all sorts of he-hysterics; and at last running a section of barbed wire fence, in the most approved Chicago pig sticking style, through his dead girl's brother, and dying himself, to slow fiddle music, amid a general carnage of lunatics and wreck of absurdities."—New York Tribune.

### A Dynamite Substitute.

A new explosive, to which the name of "bellite" has been given, is regarded by certain scientific men of Europe as likely to come into general use in place of dynamite and other nitroglycerine compounds, and is recommended as a substitute for coarse gunpowder in larger firearms. It is a mixture of nitrate of ammonium with a dinitrobenzine. Experiments during the past two years by M. Carl Lamm, of Stockholm, indicate that the substance is not only the safest but the most powerful explosive known, with a mean force equal to thirty-five times that of ordinary cannon gunpowder, and a blasting effect greater than that of any material having nitroglycerine as a base. It has the great advantage of being exploded only by heat, no amount of shock or friction having any effect upon it, and it may therefore be handled without danger of accident, while it is less adapted for illegitimate use than dynamite. Further results will be awaited with interest.—Arkansaw Traveler.

## THE "NIGHT DOCTOR."

### A SINGULAR SUPERSTITION AMONG WASHINGTON NEGROES.

**A Myth Traceable to the Traditions of Barbarism—Freedom and Social Equality Among the Colored People of the Capital.**

"I heard the night doctor go by last night and I knew the boy would die before morning," said an old Washington darky once to the writer. And when I asked him who the night doctor was he rolled up his eyes in the most painful manner to behold, shook his head and muttered some gibberish which I could not understand and made some queer motions with his hands. Among a certain grade of negroes in Washington, particularly those who drifted there after the war from the extreme south, there prevails a superstition that is as ominous for them as the death tick used to be for the ignorant peasants of England. It is that there rushes through the street at midnight a supernatural being, formed like a man, having long, hook like fingers and a poisonous breath, and that whenever he turns and breathes upon a house where a child lies sick the child is doomed to death before another night. It is not ominous to one to hear the night doctor, as this being of superstition is called, and always after the death of a child the negroes get together and ask who of them heard the night doctor pass by. Some one is sure to assert that he or she heard the low, moaning, rushing sound made by the night doctor's quick flight. But it is regarded as a surely fatal sign if any one sees the night doctor.

THE NIGHT DOCTOR COMING.

Sometimes at midnight darkies who are on the street will suddenly turn their faces to a wall and stand with their hands over their eyes for some moments. They have fancied that they have heard the night doctor coming, and they believe that if their eyes rest upon him he will turn and blow his malodorous blast upon them and that death will surely speedily follow. These people are singularly reluctant, too, to speak to any one but those of their own superstition about the night doctor, and if they are tempted to say anything they speak with undoubted manifestation of terror. I once heard an old colored man who was head waiter at one of the hotels say that he knew that a man of whom I inquired would not recover from his sickness because the night before he was taken he had seen the night doctor go flying through the streets. The man did die in a day or two, and had been dying for a year with consumption, but no reasoning could persuade these colored people that he was inevitably doomed before he had the vision of the night doctor. But the victims of this creature are children, except when an adult sets his eyes on it, and there occurs no death among the children, according to their belief, which was not on the night before indicated by the passage of the night doctor. The myth seems to be traceable to tradition brought by the ancestors of these people from Africa.

The Washington negroes offer most interesting opportunities for study of the effects of freedom and political equality, and it is not altogether encouraging for those who looked for a rapid and happy development when the colored people had equal chances with the whites. Most of them have learned to be thrifty, or at least to rely upon daily work for support. Laziness does not prevail among them to the extent that it does further south. There are more opportunities for making and saving money in Washington for these people than anywhere else in the country, although the negro population is one-third that of the city, and no city in the United States has a larger colored population. They are very tenacious of their civil rights, especially in public, on the horse cars, in the theatres and at the Capitol. They are very anxious to own homes, and they are divided into social sets with as much rigor, if not by stricter lines, than the white people of the city. The coal black negro despises the mulatto, while the mulatto is disposed to snub the pure blooded African. But they are all clannish, and are most abject imitators of the white people, even in the matter of social etiquette, and are slaves to superstitions as much as they ever were upon the plantations, though many of them strive to conceal this trait.

LITTLE ORIGINALITY.

They show but little evidence of originality of thought, though many of them have received fair rudimentary educations. The majority of the younger generation can read and write. There are, of course, some exceptions to this rule, but these exceptions prove it. They show as a rule no aptitude for mechanical work, and though there are a few good carpenters and other mechanics among them the colored man's hands seem to be clumsy with any skilled tool except the razor and shaving brush. They have had twenty-five years of freedom and especially favorable opportunities to develop under this new condition, with strenuously exacted and willingly given civil rights of all kinds, and yet the great mass of these people continue to be laborers, barbers, waiters, servants, cooks and washerwomen. Their slavery to superstitions such as that of the night doctor, no amount of education or reading seems to free them from, and if their churches do not directly encourage, they at least do not frown down such disposition. It seems impossible to eradicate it.

There seems to be a feeling among the negroes all over the country that Washington is their true home, and you will find it expressed here and there if you talk with negroes of comparative intelligence. Only a few days ago I met a colored man who had been living in Bridgeport for nine years, and he said he was going to Washington to live. Said he: "I thought when I came to New England that a colored man, if he behaved himself and was a thrifty citizen, would be treated like other men. But I find that everywhere in New England the colored people are compelled to live in settlements by themselves. I wanted to buy and build a house in a nice, respectable part of Bridgeport, for I did not want to live in the dreary and unpleasant quarter where colored people are obliged to go. But when it was found that I proposed to live among these white people, such a breeze was raised that I had to give it up. They told me that it would ruin property on that street if I went there; not because I was a bad or worthless man, but because I was colored. It is so everywhere in the north. We have been made free, but no power but God can make us equal." And there was a note of despair in this man's conversation which I fancied would not be very hard to change into one of desperation.—Cor. New York Sun.

### Where the Other One Was.

Child at Washington—Who are all those men lounging around outside the Capitol?

Parent—They are United States senators, my child.

"Are there any more senators besides them?"

"Only one."

"Where is he?"

"He is inside, making a speech."—Omaha World.

I doan' belief half I hear—onless it vhas scandal. Den I belief it all and more too.—Carl Dunder.

## CONTROL OF THE EYES.

**Something That Is Particularly Necessary in the City of New York.**

The greatest secret of enjoying existence in New York is that one must be absolutely the master of his own eyes. Hungry Joe, the arch confidence operator, used to say that he could distinguish a stranger by his hat or shoes. The idea that these betray men is so deep rooted that many strangers always buy New York hats and shoes as soon as they arrive, while others who expect to come often to town order these wearables from city shops. But you can get correct hats and shoes in any large city, and off styles in the Bowery.

But whatever one looks like he must control his eyes or life will be a perpetual torment to him. Our dudes and Anglomaniac society carry the thing too far. They go about forever looking over every one's head, or else staring with a dead and live glassy look, insulting alike to whomsoever they glance at and to their own intelligence. This they think "the grand air" and their admirers dub it aristocratic. A ward politician the other day said to me that the leader of a certain political faction was "gitting 'ristocratic." I asked him how he was showing this.

"Oh," said the heeler, "he has a tired look, and he don't seem to see you 'less he wants."

But by eye control I mean the seeing of everything without being seen to do so. This necessity is bred by the horde of street bandits that prey upon every man out of doors. Their number is legion and their ways are the ways of brigands. If a man lets his eyes fall on a boy who utters a peculiar street cry he is apt to have from two to six newsboys leap for him like so many human catapults. As he steps from a hotel, theatre, depot or club, if he allows his eyes to wander an instant he will be at once surrounded and hemmed in by cabmen, each seeking his custom, even by violence. If he turns his head to look at the mendicant who addresses him he may not be able to get rid of the fellow for a block. Resting the eye for an instant on a group of well dressed men (who may be interested in a "quiet game"), or on a boisterous drunkard or a voluble crank, may prove to have very annoying results. I was talking the other day to a lady whose receptions are very popular, and I remarked that people commented very curiously on the difference between her manner in doors and her carriage on the street. In doors she was all affability and unconscious ease, and out of doors she was a poker.

"It's all put on out of doors," she said; "it goes on with my bonnet and wrap. I was in endless trouble as long as I yielded to my inclination to be natural and careless. Some adventures that I had were quite alarming, I can tell you. But now I am on my guard as long as I am out of doors.—Minneapolis Tribune.

### Elopers Sure Enough.

"There had been an account of an elopement in the morning papers," said the commercial traveler, "and I was thinking of it when a couple drove up to the country hotel and registered, 'Mr. and Mrs. So-and-So.' I winked at the boys and said: 'Here's for a joke.' The old hotel keeper was a very dear friend of mine and took my word for gospel truth, so when I said: 'Look out for 'em! I think I know 'em, and they are eloping, and they are not married,' etc., you ought to have seen the old fellow. He scowled and lifted his chin, and wagged it up and down half a dozen time, sort of as though he was thinking it over, and then he walked off. All the other boys in the house were put on to the joke and we agreed to watch the old man and see what he did.

"Supper rang, and the party of traveling men took seats at one table and left the new arrivals to the sole occupancy of another. The hotel proprietor, who helped serve at the table, took his station as much as possible behind the young couple, his eye all the time watching their every movement.

"'Will you have some sugar in your tea?' at length said the young man to his companion, as he passed the saccharine for her use.

"'No, thank you; I never use sugar in my tea,' was the sweet response.

"We were watching the old man as he stood near them and heard this answer. He grew about a foot in a second. 'He's got a clew,' said I to myself. And it was a clew such as would make the eye of a Pinkerton detective sparkle. The idea of a husband not knowing whether his wife used sugar in her tea or not! The old man didn't linger long about coming to a decision. He leaned over and said: 'Young man, you leave the table. That woman is not your wedded wife.'

"The couple never whimpered. They called for their team and drove on. The most surprised party in the affair was ours. We hadn't dreamed that we were so near the truth. The next day the same pair were arrested in a neighboring town and carried back to their homes. If I should tell that landlord now that the Methodist minister that boards with him was Jesse James in disguise he would believe me."—Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

### Teapot and Punch Bowl.

Afternoon teas are filling up the remaining days of the season at Washington and the teapot and punch bowl still "draw," as theatrical people put it. A lackadaisical youth who was making eyes and saying soulful things in a languid way to a pretty assistant at a reception was handed a glass of punch to change the conversation. Tasting the compound, he rolled his eyes up, and said, "This punch is a symphony." He was only equaled by a Kansas man who was taken to one of Mrs. Cockrell's receptions, and being given her famous punch did not know whether it was a symphony or not. In fact, he did not know what the stuff was that he was drinking, as he was a rigid total abstinence man. He was shy as well, and seeing that every one else had a little glass cup of the harmless looking liquid he took one too. The poor man thought it was some kind of tea, and the bowl seemed more innocent to him than a bottle. He remarked to a friend afterward that it was very nice, but that he believed that it made him feel very queerly. One hostess has introduced this winter the fashion so common in Paris of having hot punch. She is an original woman all around, though, and caps the climax by giving her hot punch at her Sunday evening receptions. —"Ruhamah" in Globe-Democrat.

### Farmers in the Senate.

The remark is current that "Judge Reagan of Texas will be the only farmer in the senate," but its propriety is most doubtful. There are numerous other senators who have farms. They do not work them personally, nor depend upon them for a living, nor yet derive any especial pecuniary profit from them. But then neither does Mr. Reagan. His wife runs the farm and says they lose money on it; for the soil is too sandy to raise any crops, and the sand is too poor to make into glass.—New York Tribune.

### The Sewers and Catacombs.

The prefect of the Seine allows 800 excursionists a day to visit the sewers and catacombs in aid of the sufferers from the floods in the south of France.

In Germany during a year are made 540,000 real meerschaum pipes, 500,000 imitation meerschaums and 500,000,000 wooden pipes.

## OUTWARD OR HOMEWARD.

Still are the ships that in haven ride,
Waiting fair winds or a turn of the tide;
Nothing but fret, though they do not get
Out on the ocean wide.
O wild hearts that yearn to be free,
Look and learn from the ships of the sea!

Bravely the ships in the tempest tossed,
Buffet the waves till the sea be crossed;
Not in despair of the haven fair,
Though winds blow backward and leagues be lost.
O weary hearts that yearn for sleep,
Look and learn from the ships of the deep!

—F. W. Bourdillon.

## MARRIAGE OF UNEQUALS.

**Women More Likely Than Men to Marry Beneath Their Intellectual Station.**

The genius of Milton never found a sweeter theme than the ideal marriage of our first parents in Eden, yet he who wrote so beautifully of the married state was himself the victim of an unhappy marriage. Indeed, men of genius have, perhaps, been more unfortunate in this respect than ordinary mortals, because, living on a higher plane of thought, it was more difficult for them to find a helpmate equal to themselves. The same is true, although not to the same extent, of women of genius who have married men inferior to themselves in mind, because a woman's nature has not only more endurance, but more adaptability in it than a man's. The man soon grows impatient of the conversation of a frivolous wife, especially if she disturbs his mental occupations, but the woman often feels a pleasure in the homage of a commonplace husband, if only he be an honest and considerate fellow, and with her more than with man "pity is akin to love." Hence it is that there are probably more clever and highly gifted women who throw themselves away, as the phrase is, upon a good natured simpleton, than of talented men who fall in love with women who are not in intellectual sympathy with them.

The world "marries and is given in marriage," and the wedding bells ring on from age to age unceasingly, and yet how few who witness the life contract of brides and bridegrooms stop to consider the tremendous importance of so brief a ceremony. Upon the mental, moral and physical qualities of the man and of the woman may depend the actions and results of actions of a succession of human beings in generations yet to come. The ungoverned will descends from sire to son, and the secretiveness or aquisitiveness uncontrolled by other qualities in the father or the mother may make the thief, the liar or the miser, who, a few decades hence, will be the black sheep of the family fold. An ungovernable temper married to an ungovernable temper may beget the murderer whom society is forced to hang for its own protection, but who may be as irresponsible before the tribunal of supreme justice as the lunatic is now held to be before our earthly courts.

It has been said, coarsely, perhaps, in the ears of modern refinement, but with perfect truth, that while we take every precaution to insure high qualities in the higher types of dogs and horses, we seem to think it a matter of no consequence to insure a noble nature to our own offspring.—Brooklyn Magazine.

### She Fixed His Blouse.

We had gone into winter quarters at Charleston, W. Va. Some new recruits had arrived for the Thirty-sixth Ohio, and one of them was finding fault with the government for not putting more pockets in his blouse. It happened that the wife of Gen. R. B. Hayes was on a visit to the general and was stopping at headquarters. Some of the boys told the grumbler that he could get a pocket put in his blouse; that Gen. Hayes kept a seamstress at headquarters on purpose to patch their clothes and sew on buttons.

"Yes," said one, "the general is always on the lookout for the welfare of his men. Only the other day he had a man arrested for sewing on some buttons. The idea of a soldier patching his clothes when the general has a woman for that purpose! If you want another pocket in your blouse take it to the general; you will find the lady there. Tell them what you want and you will soon get it."

He was soon on his way to headquarters, while we watched to see the fun. The recruit marched up and the general returned his salute and said:

"Well, my good man, what can I do for you?"

"General, the boys told me there was a woman here to sew for the soldiers, and I wanted to get a pocket put in this blouse."

Before the general could answer Mrs. Hayes spoke up and said:

"Certainly, certainly; leave your blouse for an hour or so and you shall have a pocket in it."

When the soldier returned with the pocket in his blouse, and the boys told him who the lady was, we realized that we had carried the joke too far and had imposed on one of the best and truest women in the world.—National Tribune.

### Christian Converts from Buddhism.

I met a gentleman a few days ago who has but recently returned from a residence of several years in India. He is well educated, and during his long residence in the land of Buddhism he turned his attention especially to the effects of Christianity upon the followers of Gautama. At first he was deeply impressed by the devotion shown by the natives who professed to have embraced the religion of the western world. He found them faithful in their attendance at the services held by the missionaries and very careful in following out the instructions given them by their teachers. In fact, they were, as a rule, far more devout than the members of the European colonies.

After studying them for some time, however, my friend became convinced that a very large percentage of the apparently converted natives were far from being sincere in their protestations. While parading before the Europeans as devoted Christians they were secretly as faithful followers of Buddha as even the most punctilious member of the Exalted Order of the Star of India could wish them to be. My friend found that the native of India, like the heathen Chinee, had a great deal that was "artful and bland" about his character, and simply pulled the wool over the missionaries' eyes in order to keep in the good graces of the Europeans. He explained that a native who was known to have embraced the religion of the west enjoyed a great many more advantages among the Europeans residing in India than the one who failed to renounce Buddhism.—"Rambler" in Brooklyn Eagle.

### Ginger in the South.

Ginger is said to succeed well in all the states bordering on the Gulf of Mexico, but it has not yet been demonstrated whether it will prove to be a profitable crop or not. A Florida paper makes suggestions about the method of cultivating it.—Chicago Times.

### Why He Was There.

"Don't you dawnse, Fred?"

"No, dear boy; I'm invited out for my facial expression."—New York Journal.

The New York court of appeals has reaffirmed a former decision that the elevated railroads in New York city must pay for damages through loss of light and air to premises along the lines.—Chicago Times.

# Bellefonte Republican

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.,

*A Weekly Political and Family Journal*

RCULATION THROUGHOUT CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

*TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:*

One year, in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

*EDWARD T. TUTEN,* - *Editor and Proprietor*
*HIRAM TORREY,* - - *Corresponding Editor*

REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES.—Twenty cents a line for first insertion.

Special Notices, Twenty cents a line each insertion.

*Annual and Six Months' Contracts at Special Rates*


## REPUBLICAN DELEGATE ELECTION AND COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republican voters of Centre county are requested to attend at the respective voting places for the several election precincts, on SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1887, for the purpose of electing delegates to the County Convention; and the delegates chosen at that time will meet at the COURT HOUSE, in Bellefonte, on

TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1887,

at 2 o'clock p. m., to elect two delegates to the State Convention of the Republican party which meets in Harrisburg on Wednesday, the 17th day of August, 1887, and to transact such other business as may be for the best interest of the party.

Under the rules of the party the number of delegates to which each precinct is entitled is as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bellefonte, N. W. | 6 | Haines, East P. | 1 |
| " S. W. | 4 | " West P. | 2 |
| " W. W. | 3 | Halfmoon | 3 |
| Centre Hall | 1 | Harris | 2 |
| Howard Boro | 2 | Howard Twp | 3 |
| Millheim | 1 | Haston | 3 |
| Milesburg | 3 | Liberty | 4 |
| Philipsburg—1st W. | 2 | Marion | 1 |
| " 2d W. | 4 | Miles | 2 |
| " 3d W. | 2 | Patton | 3 |
| Unionville | 1 | Penn | 1 |
| Benner Twp | 2 | Potter North P. | 1 |
| Boggs East P. | 2 | " South P. | 2 |
| " West P. | 3 | Rush North P. | 2 |
| " North " | 2 | " South P. | 1 |
| Burnside | 1 | Snow Shoe East P. | 3 |
| College | 5 | " West P. | 2 |
| Curtin | 1 | Spring | 7 |
| Ferguson, East P. | 2 | Taylor | 2 |
| " West P. | 2 | Union | 3 |
| Gregg, North P. | 1 | Walker | 3 |
| " South P. | 2 | Worth | 2 |

The primary election for delegates will be held under the supervision of the District Committeemen, who will see that proper election officers are designated and in attendance.

In the boroughs of Bellefonte, Centre Hall, Howard, Millheim, Milesburg, Philipsburg and Unionville, and the townships of Howard, Potter and Snow Shoe, the polls will open at 7 o'clock P. M. and close at 9 p. m., and in the remaining districts will open at 2 p. m. and close at 5 p. m.

The convention to place in nomination a full County ticket will be held later in the season.

WILBUR F. REEDER,
Chairman County Committee.

C. P. HEWES,
JNO. M. DALE, } Secretaries.
W. E. GRAY,

### Republican County Committee.

The following named gentlemen constitute the Republican Executive Committee of Centre county for the year 1887:

WILBUR F. REEDER, *Chairman*, Bellefonte.
C. P. HEWES,
JOHN M. DALE, } *Secretaries*, "
WM. E. GRAY,

| *District.* | *Name.* | *Address.* |
|---|---|---|
| Bellefonte, N W., | John T Johnston | Bellefonte |
| do S W., | J A Feidler, | do |
| do W W., | Clement Dale, | do |
| Milesburg boro | Oscar E Miles | Milesburg |
| Millheim | Jerome Speigelmeyer | Millheim |
| Centre Hall | James C Boal | Centre Hall |
| Howard bor | Hiram Lucas | Howard |
| Philipsburg, 1st W | S S Crissman | Philipsburg |
| do 2d W, | T W Thompson | do |
| do 3d W, | G W Lichtenthaler | do |
| Unionville boro | Benjamin Rich | Fleming |
| Benner twp, | Jos. W. Marshall | Bellefonte |
| Boggs, W P | Jno M Wagner | Milesburg |
| do E P | J M Parker | Roland |
| do N P | Jacob Yarnall | Yarnall |
| Burnside, | D M Stewart | Moshannoh |
| College | Dr Theo S Christ | Lemont |
| Curtin | John A Daley | Howard |
| Ferguson, O P | Cyrus Goss | Pine Grove Mills |
| do N P | John G Bailey | Rock Spring |
| Gregg, N P | Isaac Smith | Farmers Mills |
| do S P | Wm M Allison | Spring Mills |
| Haines, W P | James P Coburn | Aaronsburg |
| do E P | Thos Hosterman Jr | Woodward |
| Halfmoon | George W Fisher | Lovsville |
| Harris | Wm McFarlane | Boalsburg |
| Howard | D W Schneck | Howard |
| Huston | Filmore Craig | Julian Furnace |
| Liberty | Thompson A Snyder | Blanchard |
| Marion | S H Bennison | Walker |
| Miles | C L Gramley | Rebersburg |
| Patton | Wm E Furst | Buffalo Run |
| Penn | Elias Musser | Millheim |
| Potter, N P | Geo M Boal | Centre Hall |
| do S P | Wm J Thompson | Potters Mills |
| Rush, N P | David Kincade | Philipsburg |
| " S P | A C Moyer | Sandy Ridge |
| Snow Shoe, E P | George Shirer | Snow Shoe |
| " W P | J H Brown | Moshannon |
| Spring | M T Riddle | Pleasant Gap |
| Taylor | John Weaver | Hannah Po |
| Union | B W Shipley | Fleming |
| Walker | Christ Swartz | Hublersburg |
| Worth | S S Miles | Port Matilda |

### A Town Destroyed by Fire.

ERIE, July 5.—A special to the Dispatch says: At 9.30 p. m. a fire started in what is known as the old Snow planing mill at Clarendon, seven miles east of Warren, on the Philadelphia and Erie railroad, and shortly afterwards another was seen issuing from the Weaver hotel, owned by John Mahoney. There was a brisk wind blowing and the fire swept over the frame buildings like a whirlwind. The fire department being small and unable to cope with the two fires, appeals for aid were made to Warren. A steamer and hook and ladder truck and two full fire companies were sent, arriving at Clarendon at 11.30. Every effort was made to save the town, but the depot of the Philadelphia and Erie railroad was the only building of consequence saved. The area burned over is about twenty acres. The value of the buildings destroyed is $350,000, roughly estimated, while the insurance is small. Adjusters are now on the ground. It is estimated that 1,100 people are homeless to night; some are camped out at Clarendon while some have been taken to Warren, from which place provisions were sent. Rough lumber is being sent to Clarendon as fast as possible in order that shelter may be provided for those burned out.

It is now well established that the fire was of incendiary origin. Public rumor at Clarendon says that two weeks ago when the liquor licenses were refused to all applicants in Warren county, Mahoney, proprietor of the Weaver house, threatened to fire the town if the decision of the court was not reversed in two weeks. This morning after the fire burned out, citizens looked about for Mahoney, for one of the fires started in his room in the hotel, but he was not to be found. A warrant charging him with arson was sworn out and searching parties scoured the surrounding country to apprehend him. He was found hiding in the woods six miles from Clarendon and because lynching was feared he was taken to Warren to jail. A charred skeleton was found in one of the rooms of the hotel and is supposed to be that of a hack driver named Sullivan who is missing. He was was seen about the hotel early in the evening drunk.

### "Jump For Your Life."

FITCHBURG, Mass., July 5.—A terrible accident occurred yesterday afternoon on the Fitchburg horse railroad, in which one woman was killed and two more passengers received injuries which will probably prove fatal, while several others were badly hurt.

The car left Fitchburg soon after noon for the fair grounds and had ninety people on board on their way to see a base ball game. Many persons were hanging to the front and rear platforms and the sides of the car. When a short distance out of the city the horse became frightened and the driver lost control of the animals. The car ran along at a rapid pace, and some one shouted from the rear platform, "Jump for your life!"

In an instant the passengers, who were crowded together, and who could not see the horses or driver, became panic-stricken. They rose from their seats, forcing those who were standing in the aisles between the seats on the platform. These were already full, and the sudden rush pushed off several of them. A few jumped from the car and escaped: The casualty list is as follows:

Marian O'Brien, aged 30 years, was pushed from the platform and fell headforemost upon the rocks alongside the track. Her neck was broken and her skull fractured. Mary O'Hara, who was sitting near the side of the car, was forced out of her seat and fell from the car, striking her head. She remained unconscious for several hours. Mr. Cahill leaped off and fell to the ground, breaking his leg at the thigh. Bridget Dunne was pushed from the platform and dragged along, scraping her face, injuring one eye and badly bruising her body. Allen McCarthy leaped and fell, breaking his colar bone and both ankles. Robert Maitland was forced over the dash-board of the rear platform, and was cut and bruised, and sustained probably fatal internal injuries. Thomas Conroy fell off the car and was hurt internally. Several others, in leaping or being pushed off, were more or less injured, but were able to go home without assistance.

### Ohio Politics.

COLUMBUS, O., July 5.—The state convention of the united labor party completed its labors at noon to-day and adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon to listen to a speech by Gen. Weaver. The convention this morning was a harmonious one, and although Hamilton county had a majority of the delegates present, they asked for no place on the ticket; their watchword was "Harmony." All the nominations except that of member of board of public works, were unanimous and made amid considerable cheering. The first nominee appeared to catch the delegates and all others withdrew, leaving but one man before the convention. The Greenback sentiment ruled the convention and the nomination of Hon. John Seitz, of Seneca county, a radical greenbacker, for governor, was a bid for the greenback vote, and shows plainly that the "rag baby" will soon be revived by the union labor party of Ohio.

### Charters Granted.

HARRISBURG, July 5.—The following charters were issued to-day at the State Department:

The Bellefonte Iron and Nail Company, of Bellefonte; capital, $150,000.

The American Illuminating Company, of Easton; capital, $5,000.

The Loomis Gas Machinery Company, of Philadelphia; capital, $500,000. The stock is principally held by the Disstons.

The Maslin & Clark Gas, Heat and Light Company, of Brookville, Jefferson county; capital, $2,000.

The New Cumberland Building and Loan Association, of New Cumberland, Pa.; capital, $500,000.

The McKeesport Building and Loan Association; capital, $1,000,000.

The Unicorn Silk Manufacturing Company, of Catasauqua; capital, $100,000.

### Enjoying their Visit.

RICHMOND, Va., July 5.—The veterans of the General Lander post Grand Army of the Republic of Lynn, Mass., spent the day in sight-seeing and visiting places of interest about the city. They rode in carriages under the escort of confederate veterans of R. E. Lee Camp. They visited the Confederate Soldier home where they met with a cordial reception and a number of speeches of fragrant character were made. To-night the visitors are being banqueted at Sanger hall. The ladies who came with the visitors are also being handsomely entertained to-night. The Lynn party will leave here for home to-morrow morning.

### Base Ball.

At Philadelphia—Raining.

At Detroit—Detroit 16, Boston 8.

At Chicago—Chicago 15, New York 3.

At Louisville—Louisville 10, Athletic 7.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 4, Washington 4.

At Cleveland—Raining.

### Briefs.

HAZELTON, July 5.—Yesterday George Wargo and Joseph Lazier, of Derringer, came to town to witness the celebration and became somewhat intoxicated. After spending the day here they returned home and began firing off a revolver in the rear of Wargo's house. Wargo after awhile asked Lazier for the revolver and upon receiving it aimed at Lazier's head and shot him in the back of the neck, killing him almost instantly. After the shooting Wargo ran away but was captured to-day and will be lodged in jail at Wilkesbarre.

WILKESBARRE, July 5.—One of the most brutal prize fights that ever occurred in this county took place yesterday forenoon three miles from Nanticoke. The contestants were Thomas Hoar, of this place, and Peter Hurly, of Nanticoke. Seventy-one desperate rounds were fought, both men being badly punished. When time was called for the 72d round Hoar claimed he could not see and said he "had enough." The fight was therefore awarded to Hurly by the referee, Moses Melciken.

PITTSBURG, July 5.—Pinkerton detectives, who were sent to the coke regions to-day, were heavily armed and fully prepared for a long siege. Over 100 came from Chicago and about forty from Philadelphia. The party is in charge of Superintendent Landen, of the latter city. It is said that 200 more will arrive here within the next forty-eight hours and that 500 of Pinkerton's men are expected in the region before the close of the week.

CHICAGO, July 5.—John Foistbonner stabbed John Orkner on Sunday night. Orkner died from the wound this morning and Foistbonner his murderer, realizing that his discovery was only a question of a few hours, committed suicide by shooting himself on the street this morning. The motive of the murder is a mystery.

LEWISTOWN, Pa., July 5.—Mrs. Albert Kemerling was burned to death this afternoon by incautiously pouring coal oil into the stove to start a fire, supposing that there was no fire in it. Enough remained, however, to ignite the oil and burst the can in her hands. Her husband's hands and arms are terribly burned.

CLEVELAND, July 5.—During a sham battle at Delta, Fulton county, yesterday, Post-master W. R. Huntingdon was fatally shot. He lived but a short time after the shooting. How the bullet got in among the blank cartridges which the troops were supposed to use nobody can explain.

### ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—The proceedings which have taken place recently at the Central State Normal School in Lock Haven have been, to say the least, queer. One bad indication is the frequent changes in the principal and faculty. The school seemed to have been peculiarly fortunate in receiving the services of Prof. Beard as principal, and while he held that office the institution was highly successful. It was surprising, therefore, to read in the Lock Haven papers that another gentleman has been chosen to succeed Prof. Beard. It is unfortunate when a Board of Trustees behave in such an inexplicable manner. No matter how excellent the new principal may be, the change cannot result in benefit to the school. Hot weather often produces a mania for murder or suicide. It looks as if the trustees have killed the school and eliminated their own heads.

THE grapophone and telantograph are two of the most important recent inventions. The former seems to be a development of the old phonograph and will act as an amanuensis. It is to be manufactured by a company incorporated in West Virginia. The telantograph may revolutionize the process of illustrating newspapers as it transmits a signature or any drawing any distance. Bankers and business men will use it to guard against forgery in the signatures of telegraphic correspondence. The sender writes upon a prepared plate, by means of which the form and force of every pencil stroke is recorded at the receiving end of the line.

LOVELY NEW SONGS.—"Where have they laid my darling?" Song Chorus, by W. A. Ogden, also, "Darling I will come again." Song and Chorus, by George W. Persley. The abilities of Messrs. Ogden and Persley are too well known to need any comment. Their works and especially these songs will find a welcome wherever music has a place, and not few of their compositions grace the repertoires of our most popular vocalists. These two gentlemen have done as much if not more than any other composers toward obtaining for American writers a recognition in the field of popular and pleasing Vocal Music. Price of each 35 cents. Ign. FISCHER, Publisher, Toledo Ohio.

—An accident occurred near Martha on Monday afternoon. Mrs. Fleck, who had attended the picnic in Maple grove, was on her way to the station. The horse attached to the buggy in which she was seated was driven by an employe of Mr. Stewart, who is the father of Mrs. Fleck. A conveyance coming from behind passed Mrs. Fleck's buggy. Then the driver, to avoid the dust, urged his horse rapidly forward with the expectation of passing. In endeavoring to do so, the wheel of his buggy came in contact with some railroad ties and the vehicle was upset. Mrs. Fleck was severely though not dangerously hurt.

—A few members of the Centre County Bar Association met in the Arbitration room in the Court House on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Hon. John B. Linn presided and F. E. Bible, Esq., acted as secretary. A committee of three, consisting of D. F. Fortney, W. C. Heinle, and C. P. Hewes, Esqs., was appointed to draft a minute of respect to the memory of the late associate Judge J. R. Smith. The committee will report at the next term of court. Several members of the bar made arrangements to attend the funeral which occurred at 10 o'clock on Wednesday in Pine Grove.

—Two intelligent individuals nearly succeeded in raising a riot at Johnstown on Monday because an Austrian citizen had displayed the flag of his native country under the stars and stripes. They attempted to remove the obnoxious emblem, but were locked up and fired.


A Natural, Palatable, Reliable Remedy.

In TARRANT'S SELTZER you behold
A certain cure for young and old;
For *Constipation* will depart,
And *Indigestion* quickly start,
*Sick Headache*, too, will soon subside,
When TARRANT'S SELTZER has been tried


### Safety from Malaria.

The most vigorous constitution, and the strongest physique, are not proof against a disease, the germs of which impregnate the air we breathe and the water we drink. The true preparative, the surest defense, is to fortify the system with a medicine which possesses specific virtues as a safeguard and remedy. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is precisely this article—proved by conclusive tests to be so. Not only on this continent, wherever miasma gives birth to the malarial infection, but in the tropics, where fever and ague assumes its most malignant types, this incomparable, popular and deserving medicine has, for over a third of a century, shown its efficacy. Chills and fever, dumb ague, billious remittent alike yield to its influence and are prevented by it. The word "fail" has no place in the lexicon of possibilities when this peerless article is used. It tones the stomach, arouses the liver when sluggish, and promotes healthful activity of the kidneys and bladder.

—Bellefonte escaped from fire better on the Fourth than any of the surrounding cities or towns. Nine fires occurred in Altoona on the Fourth and three on Tuesday.

### Simple and Sure.

The following prescription for dysentery, diarrhœa and all summer complaints, is furnished by a prominent physician who used it in his practice for several years with uniform success. For adults, take one teaspoonful of Gilmore's Aromatic Wine and the same quantity of corn starch, after every discharge. For children, one teaspoonful of Gilmore's Aromatic Wine and the same quantity of corn starch. For infants under one year, ten drops of this Wine and corn starch enough to thicken it. This prescription is safe, sure and reliable. It does not leave the patient constipated, but restores to perfect health.

—The camp meeting at Wayne Station will open on the 26th inst., but orders for excursion tickets may be obtained as early as the 15th, good to return until August 6.

### Best Nourishment for Consumptives.

Consumptive persons are said to be greatly benefited by the use of Speer's Port Wine, both fermented and unfermented. It seems to give nourishment when everything else fails. The rich properties of the wine derived from the iron in the soil on which the grapes grow makes new blood and if it does not cure, we believe it prolongs life in many cases of consumption. In fact, cases have been reported of perfect cures being effected by the use of Speer's Port Wine.

—A young woman, Miss Dersehan by name, was killed by the cars at Milton on the Fourth. It was the only accident to mar the day's pleasure in that place.

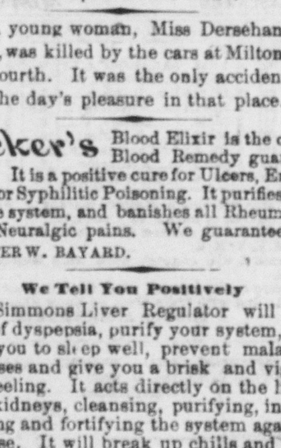

**Acker's** Blood Elixir is the only Blood Remedy guaranteed. It is a positive cure for Ulcers, Eruptions or Syphilitic Poisoning. It purifies the whole system, and banishes all Rheumatic and Neuralgic pains. We guarantee it.
WALTER W. BAYARD.

**We Tell You Positively**
that Simmons Liver Regulator will rid you of dyspepsia, purify your system, enable you to sleep well, prevent malarial diseases and give you a brisk and vigorous feeling. It acts directly on the liver and kidneys, cleansing, purifying, invigorating and fortifying the system against disease. It will break up chills and fever and prevent their return—yet entirely free from calomel or quinine.

**Don't** trifle with any Throat or Lung Disease. If you have a Cough or Cold, or the children are threatened with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Acker's English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure, and we guarantee it. Price 10 and 50c
WALTER W. BAYARD.

Get rid of that tired feeling as soon as possible. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives strength, a good appetite, and health.

*Medical.*




The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and we ask you to try Hood's **Peculiar** Sarsaparilla. It strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. The peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation of the vegetable remedies used give to Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar curative powers. No **To Itself** other medicine has such a record of wonderful cures. If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other instead. It is a Peculiar Medicine, and is worthy your confidence.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

**100 Doses One Dollar**


*New Advertisements.*


# A RARE COMBINATION

THE

# REPUBLICAN

AND THE

# WEEKLY PRESS

OF PHILADELPHIA,

THE LEADING FAMILY PAPER OF AMERICA,

FOR ONLY $2.00.

THE WEEKLY PRESS is a Republican eight-page newspaper containing a complete digest of all the news of the week—a full report of all the leading markets of the country—the best farm department of any general newspaper—special departments for women and young people—a good original story in each number. In fact THE WEEKLY PRESS is a complete newspaper.

## THE REPUBLICAN

Contains all the home and local news, and all other items of special interest to the people of Centre county. Taken together, these two papers furnish the complete necessary general reading matter essential to every family in Centre county.

They will be sent to any address for **$2.00** *in advance*, postage free, which is practically the price of one paper.

No such offer has ever heretofore been made and we are confident beyond successful competition in this country. Old subscribers desiring to take advantage of this offer, who may have already paid in advance, can do so by accepting our terms and their subscription will be credited a year in advance of the present payment.

This liberal offer is open alike to all. Sample copies of the WEEKLY PRESS will be sent free on application. Address:

REPUBLICAN,
Bellefonte, Pa.

**Can't Sleep** Nights is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 10c., 50c.
WALTER W. BAYARD.

ITCH, PRAIRIE MANGE, and SCRATCHES of every kind cured in 30 Minutes by WOOLFORD'S SANITARY LOTION. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by F. P. GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte. 18 3m


### August Jurors.

When the jury wheel revolved on Tuesday, June 28, it revealed the names of the following gentlemen who are to be present at court on Monday, August 29:

GRAND JURORS.

B B Fink, farmer, Taylor township,
Henry B Bartley, carpenter, Bellefonte,
A C Moyer, clerk, Rush township,
J J Kunes, merchant, Liberty,
Henry J Tibbens, farmer, Marion,
Thomas M Weaver, farmer, Spring,
William H Bailey, farmer, Ferguson,
D H Stover, carpenter, Ferguson,
Daniel Daup, farmer, Potter,
Miles Campbell, laborer, Huston,
B F Leathers, merchant, Unionville,
J C Boal, justice, Centre Hall,
L M Meyers, professor, Spring,
James T Stewart, merchant, Harris,
George Bower, farmer, Haines,
Joseph R Bitner, farmer, Gregg,
James W Gunsallus, farmer, Liberty,
Charles Sayer, millright, Marion,
Joseph Bruggar, laborer, Union,
William H Poorman, carpenter, Spring,
D K Tate, carpenter, Bellefonte borough,
George Peters, sawyer, Millheim borough,
R A Beck, barber, Bellefonte borough,
P F Bottorf, farmer, Ferguson.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

Albert Owen, gentleman, Spring township,
George S Keller, manufacturer, College,
George H Wistar, clerk, Howard borough,
John W Miller, farmer, Harris,
W S Zeller, druggist, Bellefonte borough,
D S Kauffman, merchant, Millheim borough,
D M Wolf, county superintendent, Gregg,
John Hibler, merchant, Milesburg borough,
John F Schenck, farmer, Howard twp,
John Weaver, farmer, Taylor,
Samuel H Diehl, coach maker, Harris,
Samuel Dunlap, laborer, Rush,
Oscar Adams, gentleman, Philipsburg borough
George E Parker' merchant, " "
W H Stiver, farmer, Potter,
Edward Shannon, miller, Burnside,
H C Williams, editor, Philipsburg borough,
William Aikey, farmer, Spring,
John B Long, laborer, Rush,
Jacob Fletcher, farmer, Howard twp,
John Donavan, lumberman, Rush,
John Noll, mason, Bellefonte borough,
John S Yeager, laborer, Snow Shoe twp,
Hiram Thompson, farmer, College,
H A Mingle, shoemaker, Haines,
Robert Henderson, farmer, Marion,
John B Harris, farmer, Walker,
J W Campbell, farmer, Ferguson,
Agnew Sellers, farmer, Patton,
Hon John Irwin, gentleman, Bellefonte bor.
C B Houser, laborer, College,
William Straub, carpenter, Spring,
A V Hoyt, civil engineer, Philipsburg bor.,
John Miller, Jr, laborer, Rush,
John Woomer, farmer, Boggs,
Thomas Gray, weaver, College,
David C Hall, farmer, Union,
Z S Welsh, farmer, Curtin,
Reuben Harter, farmer, Penn,
Daniel Condo, blacksmith, Marion,
William Lewis, laborer, Worth,
Henry Philips, merchant, Haines,
Samuel Cross, laborer, Philipsburg borough,
Samuel J Herring, farmer, Gregg,
John J Musser, farmer, Spring,
John G Hess, merchant, Ferguson,
Robert Matley, gentleman, Rush,
R T Comley, farmer, Union.

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce that Capt. Austin Curtin, of Boggs township, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention. Address, Roland, Pa.

We are authorized to announce that J. C. Henderson, of Huston township, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention. Address, Julian, Pa.

We are authorized to announce that William Dawson, of Bellefonte borough, will be a candidate for County Commissioner. Address, Bellefonte, Pa.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce that J. H. Lever of Halfmoon township, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention. Address, Stormstown, Pa.


English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft, or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splint, Ringbone, Sweeny, Stifles, Sprains, Swellings, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. POTTS GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte. 18 3m


Spring and Summer Season, 1887. We are now showing full lines of Seasonable Woolens. Leave your order now.

MONTGOMERY & CO., Tailors.

MUSICAL COLLEGE.—The 32d Session of Six Weeks, opens Monday evening, July 25, 1887, for the Teaching and Training of Young Ladies in Vocal and Instrumental Music. Address,

F. C. MOYER, Musical Director,
19-25-4t Freeburgh, Pa.

### Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, July 5, 1887.

| | |
|---|---|
| Red Wheat, new, per bushel | $ 85 |
| Mixed Wheat, new | 80 |
| Buckwheat | 40 |
| Rye per bushel | 50 |
| Corn (shelled) | 45 |
| Corn (ears) | 40 |
| Oats | 25 |
| Clovereed, fair to good | $4.50 |
| do prime and extra prime | 4.75 |
| do choice | 5.00 |
| Flour, retail, per barrel | 4.65 |
| Flour, wholesale | 4.00 |
| Hay, choice timothy, per ton | $16.00—$12.00 |
| Nova Scotia Plaster | $8.50 |

)o(

### Provision Markets.

[Corrected weekly by A. C. Moyer & Bro.]

| | |
|---|---|
| Apples, dried, per pound | 5 |
| Cherries dried, per pound, seeded | 12 |
| Dried Currants, per pound | 10 |
| New Raisins, per pound | 12½ |
| Beans, per quart | 10 |
| Fresh Butter, per pound | 12 |
| Cheese, per pound | 20 |
| Country Hams, per pound | 12 |
| Hams, sugar cured | 15 |
| Shoulders | 10 |
| Breakfast Bacon | 12½ |
| Country Bacon | 8 |
| Lard, per pound | 10 |
| Eggs, per dozen | 15 |
| New Potatoes, per bushel | 60 |
| Dried Beef | 20 |
| Canned Beef, 2 pound can | 25 |
| Country Side, per pound | 8 |
| Canned Tomatoes, per can | 12½—15 |
| Canned Corn, per can | 10—12½ |
| Lemons, per dozen | 25 |
| Dried Sweet Corn, per pound | 12 |
| Apple Butter, per gallon | 50 |
| Roller Flour, per sack | $1.25—$1.35 |
| Apples, per buanel | 1.25 |


***$500 Reward*** for a remedy that will cure as bad a case of piles as Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment. At druggists. 19 15 1y

## The Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company of California.

Issues Life and Accident Policies on the Cash Plan.

NO ASSESSMENTS.

Accident Policies pay entire face value for loss of both hands, or feet, or eyes, or one hand or foot and indemnity for 30 weeks.

The best policy written. Compare it "side by side" with other policies.

Cash paid policy holders, over $8,500,000.00.

CLEVAN DINGES,
Agt. for Centre and Union counties.

Office in Harris' Block, Bellefonte, Pa. Call at the office for particulars. 19 23 4t


NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between Thos. R. Reynolds, Sam'l H. Reynolds and George W. Jackson, in the flouring mill business in Bellefonte, Pa., and trading under the name of Thos. R. Reynolds & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make payment and those having claims to present the same for payment.

THOS. R. REYNOLDS,
SAM'L H. REYNOLDS,
June 13, 1887. GEORGE W. JACKSON.

The business of the old firm will be continued by George W Jackson and W. Fred Reynolds under the firm name of George W. Jackson & Co.

dj14 3t w19 24 t3

**Bellefonte Republican.**
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

### Cardinal Manning Angry.

LONDON, June 29.—Cardinal Manning writes to the Times protesting against its circulation of the statement from Rome that the "Irish mission of Mgr. Persico and Mgr. Gualdi had been revoked at the instance of Cardinal Manning and Archbishops Walsh, and Dubin, and branding the latter two as active promoters of separatist intrigues.

The Cardinal says: "I gladly unite myself with Archbishop Walsh. He is but slightly known in England, except in the descriptions of those who are fanning the flames of animosity between England and Ireland. I am known in England, both to the ministers of the crown and to the leader of the opposition, and I will leave it to them, who well know my mind, to answer for me, and I, who know the mind of Archbishop Walsh, will answer for him. We are neither intriguers nor separatists.

In conclusion the cardinal says: "If, sir, I have written with unusual warmth, I confess that I hold resentment is sometimes a duty, and this is such a time when your words touch our high responsibility and inflame more and more the heated contentions between two peoples whom justice and truth would still bind in peace and unity. I ask you, sir, as an act of justice, to give this as prominent a place in the Times as you have unwarily given to the unhappy imputations."

The Times in an editorial excuses the first charge which Cardinal Manning complains of by saying that it had simply reproduced a Reuter telegram company's dispatch from Rome. It assures the cardinal that it has no desire to meet the other charge by either gloss or evasion. It would judge Archbishop Walsh by his own written and spoken words. He was, in a very strict sense of the word, a separatist. It was sorry if it had wrongly been led to believe that Cardinal Manning was a warm supporter of Mr. Gladstone's separatist policy, but if the facts were so, no peculiar interpretation of language could alter them.

### A Fire Swept Town.

ELIZABETHTOWN, Ky., June 29.—A lamp exploded in the drug store of E. F. Elliot & Co. at 10.30 last night and started a conflagration that swept away nearly one-fourth of the business portion of the town. The alarm was given immediately, but by the time the citizens got out the fire was spreading. Charles Lott's confectionery was the first building consumed after the drug store was destroyed and then Bennett's saddlery shop. The latter adjoined the Bank of Elizabethtown building, in which the Messenger (newspaper) office was located, and it took but a short time to wrap that structure in flames.

To the west the fire crossed the alley from the drug store and devoured the double front store of J. W. Slack and the store of Virgil Churchill. Next to the Bank and Messenger building was Joseph Lott's residence, with law office and postoffices, which were destroyed. Thence the flames swept away Quiggin's furniture store and another building occupied as offices. Shortly after 11 o'clock the authorities at Louisville were telegraped to send firemen and an engine, and at 1 o'clock the engine left that city by special train, but at 1:15 a. m. the fire was got under control. The loss will amount to $100,000, with insurance for half that sum.

### Shaken by an Earthquake.

CANTOOCOOK, N. H., June 30.—A shock of earthquake was felt in this vicinity at 5.10 this afternoon, jarring everything perceptibly. The shock lasted about five seconds and moved apparently from east to west.

CONCORD, N. H., June 30.—One of the most distinct shocks of earthquake ever experienced here was felt at 5.09 this afternoon. There were several distinct vibrations. Crockery and windows rattled and heavy buildings were perceptibly jarred. In some instances persons ran from their houses through fear, and the shock at the state house was so severe that several legislators and others sought safety from impending danger in flight. The course of the vibration seemed to be from the northwest, and reports from surrounding towns show that the shock was felt as strongly within their limits as in this vicinity.

### Trade Depressions in England.

MANCHESTER, Eng., June 30.—The Guardian, in its commercial article today says: Business yesterday was light despite the lessened production. Altogether the day's experience encourages perseverance in the short-time movement which is spreading. The slackness of the demand for yarns for home consumption indicates that the current supply is abundant. The offers for India staples do not improve. Native dealers are less inclined to puchase than they were last week even at low rates. For the minor foreign markets there is some demand, but it does not increase. The efforts of producers to get better prices in consequence of the advance in cotton succeeds but poorly, although yesterday's business indicated an increase in spirit and endurance. Bundled yarn from Japan is in slightly improved demand and there have been a few purchases for China. For India and other foreign markets the inquiry is poor.

### Found Guilty.

NEW YORK, June 29.—In the Sharp trial the jury were out thirteen minutes, when they returned with a verdict of guilty as charged.

The jury recommended the prisoner to mercy. Sharp heard the verdict with no apparent trepidation. He sat quietly in his seat with an air of disinterestedness until Sheriff Grant let the court know that he was ready to care for the convict. When the sheriff notified Sharp to join him the prisoner arose coolly and shook hands with his counsel all around. He was driven to Ludlow street jail. He showed no more signs of illness than usual. Only members of his family were permited to converse with him. The court adjourned until July 13, when sentence will be passed upon the prisoner. A new trial will be moved for.

### In Kentucky.

MOREHEAD, Ky., June 30.—Thirty armed citizens, summoned by the sheriff, are patrolling the town. Wiley and Cal Tolliver boarded the early train at Catlettsburg yesterday but got off at Olive Hill, near the county line. The Tolliver men have been coming in force on all trains. No fewer than three hundred are here to-day, and it is believed that there will be trouble. In an attempt to interview D. B. Logan last night a correspondent was stopped by several armed men who surrounded the Logan residence. After some difficulty Mr. Logan was aroused and he acknowledged that the entire town was surrounded. Every one in Morehead apparently belong to the Martin faction at present.

Five hundred citizens, in mass meeting here yesterday afternoon, adopted resolutions and formed themselves into a protective association to resist any further attacks by the Tolliver faction. A few Tolliver men were present but were very quiet. The meeting was addressed by the leader of the sheriff's posse of last Wednesday and several others.

It is denied by the Tolliver men that they are organizing for a fight.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 30.—A special from Morehead, Ky., says that there appears to be no foundation whatever for the rumor that the Tolivers are organizing, and the people of Rowan county feel confident that their long war is over and that an era of peace and happiness has at last dawned upon the unfortunate section. This belief is founded upon the outpouring of citizens at the meeting yesterday, calling to organize a protective association for the upholding of the law. An article was then drawn up, which every signer pledged himself with his life, to protect the life and property of the citizens of Morehead and Rowan county. This was signed by all of the 500 Red Men present. Among the formal resolutions adopted were the following:

"We hereby pledge ourselves and the people of Kentucky that we will obey the law, and we are determined to require observance of it in others. We are tired of bloodshed and we are determined to have a dominion of law, rather than a longer reign of violence.

"We agree to act as posse comitatus whenever summoned by the sheriff to execute the process of any court, and when warrants of arrests are placed in our hands, we agree to bring the parties accused to the bar of the court, alive if possible, dead if necessary.

"We deplore violence in all its forms, but we are determined that lawless men shall no longer terrorize Rowan county, but that we will in the strict interpretation of the law make it a terror to wrong doers from whatever source they may come.

"We will guarantee to every person accused of crime, and brought to Rowan county to be tried, a fair trial and protection from violence. We respectfully ask all good citizens of Rowan county, of all shades of opinion, to sign these resolutions."

### Yale's Easy Victory.

NEW LONDON, July 1.—The twelfth annual four mile straightway race between Yale's and Harvard's eight-oared crews was rowed this evening over the Thames river course, from Gates Ferry to Withrop Point. The attendance was somethig unprecedented, fully 5,000 people witnessing the race. The water was in excellent condition, being nearly slack and only ruffled by a slight westerly breeze across the course. At 7.28 the word was given, both crews catching water very quickly, Harvard gaining a slight advantage. Both crews started at a thirty-six stroke, but after the first minute dropped to 33 and 34. Harvard gradually drew away from Yale, and in the first eighth of a mile led by half a length. At the half mile both boats seemed bow and bow, but the official time gave Harvard a lead of two seconds. Harvard's time was 2:54, and Yale's 2:56, both crews pulling in fine form. In the second half mile a beautiful exhibition was given, Yale dropping its stroke to 34, Harvard pulling 34 and 35. Yale crept up and the mile pole was passed in 5:20 for Yale and 5:23 for Harvard. All through the third half and up the navy yard Yale showed twenty feet of water between the boats and the race was hotly contested. At the two mile post Yale led by a length and a half in 11:09½ and Harvard in 11:14½. In the fifth half Yale gained five seconds and dropped its stroke to 30 and 31 and passed the three mile flag in 14:14 with a lead of four lengths. Harvard's time 14:23. In the last half Harvard made a desperate effort to lessen Yale's lead but of no avail. Yale maintains a slow swinging stroke and dashed across the finishing line in 22.56 an easy winner by four or five lengths. Harvard's time 23:10½

### Briefs.

NEW YORK, July 1.—To-day an ambulance was dispatched to the residence of a family named Smith, who are said to be suffering from small-pox. The mother and four children were transferred to North Brothers Island. Two of the children were said to have marked symptoms of the dread disease. The house has been thoroughly fumigated and every precaution taken against the spread of the contagion. Three weeks ago another child of the same family had to be removed for the same cause.

KEY WEST, July 1.—Three new cases of yellow fever here and no deaths.

HARRISBURG, July 1.—Gov. Beaver today appointed William B. Waddle, of Chester, and Henry A. Knapp, of Lackawanna county, to additional law judgeships in these counties created by the legislature at the recent session.

## Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, January 31, 1887.

| WESTWARD | Exp A.M. | Mail P.M. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Lock Haven | 9 00 | 3 40 |
| Flemington | 9 06 | 3 45 |
| Mill Hall | 9 09 | 3 48 |
| Beech Creek | 9 25 | 4 03 |
| Eagleville f | 9 30 | 4 08 |
| Howard | 9 44 | 4 22 |
| Mount Eagle f | 9 54 | 4 32 |
| Curtin | 10 01 | 4 38 |
| Milesburg | 10 12 | 4 48 |
| Bellefonte | 10 35 | 5 00 |
| Milesburg | 10 44 | 5 10 |
| Snow Shoe Int | 10 48 | 5 14 |
| Unionville | 10 58 | 5 24 |
| Julian | 11 09 | 5 35 |
| Martha | 11 19 | 5 47 |
| Port Matilda | 11 27 | 5 56 |
| Hannah f | 11 36 | 6 05 |
| Fowler f | 11 39 | 6 08 |
| Dix f | 11 42 | 6 11 |
| Bald Eagle | 11 48 | 6 19 |
| Vail | 11 53 | 6 24 |
| Arrive at Tyrone | 12 05 | 6 37 |
| EASTWARD | P.M. | A |
| Leave Tyrone | 7 15 | 8 10 |
| East Tyrone | 7 22 | 8 17 |
| Vail | 7 28 | 8 20 |
| Bald Eagle | 7 34 | 8 25 |
| Dix f | 7 41 | 8 30 |
| Fowler f | 7 45 | 8 32 |
| Hannah f | 7 50 | 8 36 |
| Port Matilda | 8 00 | 8 48 |
| Martha | 8 10 | 8 51 |
| Julian | 8 22 | 8 59 |
| Unionville | 8 28 | 9 10 |
| Snow Shoe Int | 8 35 | 9 13 |
| Milesburg | 8 39 | 9 22 |
| Bellefonte | 8 49 | 9 32 |
| Milesburg | 9 01 | 9 47 |
| Curtin | 9 11 | 10 01 |
| Mount Eagle f | 9 17 | 10 08 |
| Howard | 9 27 | 10 16 |
| Eagleville f | 9 40 | 10 30 |
| Beech Creek | 9 45 | 10 35 |
| Mill Hall | 10 01 | 10 50 |
| Flemington f | 10 05 | 10 54 |
| Arrive at Lock Haven | 10 10 | 11 00 |

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Jan. 31, 1887.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8:25 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.00 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.00 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.15 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.20 p m

Leaves Bellefonte at 8:05 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 10:50 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Jan. 31, 1887.

| Dis. | Westward a.m. | p.m. | | Eastward a.m. | a.m. | p.m. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| .0 | 5.50 | 1.50 | MONTANDON | 6.30 | 9.10 | 5.45 |
| 1.5 | 6.00 | 1.40 | Ar. LEWISBURG Lv | 5.20 | 9.00 | 5.35 |
| 1.5 | 6.05 | 1.40 | Lv. LEWISBURG Ar | ..... | 9.00 | 5.35 |
| 5.4 | 6.15 | 1.48 | Biehl f | ..... | 8.51 | 5.22 |
| 6.8 | 6.22 | 1.56 | Vicksburg f | ..... | 8.45 | 5.15 |
| 10.7 | 6.33 | 2.09 | MIFFLINBURG | ..... | 8.33 | 5.03 |
| 13.1 | 6.40 | 2.16 | Barber f | ..... | 8.26 | 4.55 |
| 15.2 | 6.46 | 2.22 | Swengle f | ..... | 8.20 | 4.46 |
| 16.1 | 6.48 | 2.27 | Millmont | ..... | 8.18 | 4.43 |
| 18.6 | 7.00 | 2.37 | LAURELTON | ..... | 8.12 | 4.30 |
| 23.5 | 7.08 | 2.53 | Pardee f | ..... | 7.58 | 4.15 |
| 24.7 | 7.12 | 3.01 | Welker f | ..... | 7.54 | 4.09 |
| 28.9 | 7.27 | 3.07 | Cherry Run f | ..... | 7.45 | 3.58 |
| 32.2 | 7.35 | 3.17 | Paddy Mt. Tunnel f | ..... | 7.35 | 3.48 |
| 33.9 | 7.41 | 3.20 | Fowler f | ..... | 7.32 | 3.42 |
| 36.6 | 7.49 | 3.30 | Coburn | ..... | 7.23 | 3.30 |
| 39.6 | 7.56 | 3.40 | Zerby f | ..... | 7.16 | 3.23 |
| 43.4 | 8.10 | 3.50 | Rising Springs | ..... | 7.06 | 3.15 |
| 46.2 | 8.19 | 4.00 | Penn's Cave f | ..... | 6.58 | 3.07 |
| 49.2 | 8.27 | 4.07 | CENTRE HALL | ..... | 6.50 | 3.00 |
| 51.6 | 8.34 | 4.12 | Gregg f | ..... | 6.43 | 2.53 |
| 54.6 | 8.45 | 4.23 | Linden Hall | ..... | 6.36 | 2.45 |
| 56.7 | 8.52 | 4.27 | OAK HALL | ..... | 6.30 | 2.37 |
| 58.3 | 8.56 | 4.30 | LEMONT | ..... | 6.25 | 2.31 |
| 60.2 | 9.03 | 4.36 | Dale Summit f | ..... | 6.20 | 2.25 |
| 63.9 | 9.14 | 4.45 | Pleasant Gap f | ..... | 6.09 | 2.12 |
| 65.2 | 9.19 | 4.51 | Axeman f | ..... | 6.04 | 2.05 |
| 67.4 | 9.25 | 4.56 | BELLEFONTE | ..... | 6.00 | 2.00 |

CHAS K. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—To take effect Monday, Jan. 24, 1887.

| EASTWARD. No. 4. | No. 2. | Dis. | STATIONS. | Dis. | WESTWARD. No. 1. | No. 3 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| P. M. | A. M. | | | | A. M | P. M |
| 7 00 | 9 00 | 18. | Ar. Bellefte, Lv | 0. | 6 10 | 4 40 |
| 6 50 | 8 50 | 14.7 | ....Hastings, F.... | 3.2 | 6 20 | 4 46 |
| 6 42 | 8 42 | 12.5 | .....Hunters..... | 5.5 | 6 25 | 4 58 |
| 6 39 | 8 39 | 11.2 | .....Fillmore..... | 6.8 | 6 31 | 5 01 |
| 6 35 | 8 35 | 10. | .....Sellers, F.... | 8. | 6 35 | 5 05 |
| 6 30 | 8 30 | 8. | .....Waddles..... | 10. | 6 40 | 5 10 |
| 6 10 | 8 10 | 3.2 | ....Thompson, F.... | 14.8 | 7 00 | 5 30 |
| 6 06 | 8 06 | 2. | .....Krumrine..... | 16. | 7 04 | 5 34 |
| 6 00 | 8 00 | 0. | ....State College.... | 18. | 7 10 | 5 40 |

Trains will stop at stations marked F when signal is given or notice to Conductor.

Train 2 will connect with trains East and West on B. E. V. R. R.

Train 3 will connect with train West on B. E. R. R.

Train 4 will connect with train East on B. E. V. R. R., and with train West on Snow Shoe Branch.

THOMAS A. SHOEMAKER, Sup't.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Jan. 31, 1887.

| WESTWARD. | Mixed. P. M. | Mixed A. M |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Scotia | 12 15 | 5 00 |
| Fairbrook | 12 40 | 5 20 |
| Penn's Furnace | 1 05 | 5 40 |
| Hostler f | 1 15 | 5 50 |
| Marengo f | 1 25 | 5 55 |
| Loveville f | 1 30 | 6 00 |
| Furnace Road f | 1 35 | 6 10 |
| Dungarvin | 1 39 | 6.13 |
| Warriors Mark | 1 55 | 6 25 |
| Pennington | 2 12 | 6 40 |
| Weston Mill f | 2 25 | 6 50 |
| L. and T. Junc | 2 31 | 6 55 |
| Tyrone | 2 35 | 6 58 |
| EASTWARD. | Mixed. P. M. | Mixed A M |
| Leave Tyrone | 4 30 | 9 20 |
| L. & T. Junc | 4 34 | 9 25 |
| Weston Mill f | 4 40 | 9 35 |
| Pennington | 4 55 | 9 48 |
| Warriors Mark | 5 05 | 9 58 |
| Dungarvin | 5.17 | 10.09 |
| Furnace Road f | 5 20 | 10 12 |
| Loveville f | 5 26 | 10 16 |
| Marengo f | 5 30 | 10 22 |
| Hostler f | 5 40 | 10 33 |
| Penn's Furnace | 5 50 | 10 44 |
| Fairbrook | 6 05 | 11 03 |
| Scotia | 6 25 | 11 20 |

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Jan. 31, 1887:

| WESTWARD. | | |
|---|---|---|
| ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia | 11 25 | p m |
| " " Harrisburg | 3 30 | a m |
| " " Williamsport | 7 10 | a m |
| " " Jersey Shore | 7 35 | a m |
| " " Lock Haven | 7 58 | a m |
| " " Renovo | 8 50 | a m |
| " arr at Erie | 4 00 | p m |
| NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia | 7 40 | a m |
| " " Harrisburg | 11 25 | a m |
| " arr. at Williamsport | 2 13 | p m |
| " " Lock Haven | 3 30 | p m |
| " " Renovo | 4 30 | p m |
| " " Kane | 8 35 | p m |
| Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at | 5 00 | p m |
| FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia | 11 50 | a m |
| " Harrisburg | 3 45 | p m |
| " Williamsport | 7 10 | p m |
| " arr at Lock Haven | 8 02 | p m |
| " Renove | 9 00 | p m |
| SUNDAY MAIL leaves Phil'a | 4 35 | a m |
| " " Harrisburg | 7 40 | a m |
| " " " Wm'sport | 10 55 | a m |
| " " " Lock Haven | 11 55 | a m |
| " arr. at Renovo | 12 50 | p m |
| EASTWARD. | | |
| Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves L. Haven | 7 05 | a m |
| " " " Jer'y'S're | 7 35 | a m |
| " " " W'msp't | 8 15 | a m |
| " arr. at Harrisb'g | 11 30 | a m |
| " " Phila'phia | 3 15 | p m |
| DAY EXP leaves Kane | 6 25 | a m |
| " " Renovo | 10 20 | a m |
| " " Lock Haven | 11 15 | a m |
| " Williamsport | 12 20 | p m |
| " arr at Harrisburg | 3 13 | p m |
| " " Philadelphia | 6 30 | a m |
| ERIE MAIL leaves Erie | 2 45 | p m |
| " " Renovo | 11 00 | p m |
| " " Lock Haven | 11 58 | p m |
| " Williamsport | 1 25 | a m |
| arr at Harrisburg | 4 20 | a m |
| " Philadelphia | 8 25 | a m |
| RENOVO ACM leaves Renovo daily | 4 05 | p m |
| " arrives at Harrisb'g | 9 35 | p m |
| " " Philadelphia | 4 25 | a m |

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R. at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON Gen'l Supt.

### Frightened Prisoners.

CLEVELAND, O., July 1.—The three murderers of Detective Hulligan are in Cleveland. They arrived at 6.15 o'clock this morning, and are now in the county jail under a strong guard and in heavy chains. The Detroit boat was due at 5.30 o'clock, but long before that hour people began to assemble at the docks along the river. A heavy fog hung over the lake, and anxious eyes looked toward the north for two hours before the great smoke stacks of the vessel appeared. Chief Schmitt and a big detail of police were on hand. The two patrol wagons stood at the landing, and the throng which grew minute by minute, waited patiently all the while. Finally the great bow of the City of Detroit was seen looming up like a mountain and presently a crowd of people were seen on the decks. Slowly the ship came sailing in, and at 6.15 o'clock she was made fast to the dock.

The police had hard work in keeping the crowd back. Every man wanted to see the deperate criminals, and the police were compelled to flourish their clubs and scream at the top of their voices in order to keep a passageway clear from the boat to the patrol wagon. Captain Hoehn, learning that everything was ready, boarded the boat again, and a minute later a heavy detail of detectives came out of the boat and with them came the fur robbers. The prisoners were chained together and their hands fastened with steel bands. Their coats were thrown over their shoulders, and as they hobbled into the first patrol wagon a cheer broke forth from the two thousand people on the wharf. The drivers whipped their horses, and away went the two wagons loaded down with officers in blue coats and detectives armed to the teeth.

"Blinky" Morgan has a heavy crop of whiskers all over his face. They are cut close, but are dyed a deep black. Notwithstanding his disguise he is "Blinky" just the same. The prisoners were taken to the Central police station and locked together in a cell. Their shackles were not removed. It was thought that they would be taken to the county jail, but at the last moment the plans were changed because there were great throngs about the jail. Later, however, the murderers were removed from the Central and were given separate cells at the jail. When the landing was made some one on the dock yelled "Hang them!" Morgan turned entirely around to see if the cry was to be carried out, while the other two prisoners pulled their hats down over their eyes and seemed to be thoroughly frightened. Detective Hulligan's two sons were at the dock.

Captain Hoehn says he has not the slightest doubt that the prisoners are the men who assaulted him and Detective Hulligan on the Cleveland and Pittsburg train on February 4th last. The man who gives his name as John Coughlin, the captain says, is the one who sat in the car with the officer before the assault was made and who so ably assisted in making the rescue. "Blinky" Morgan said to a reporter this morning that he supposed when he was captured that he was to be taken to Grand Rapids where he is wanted for jail breaking. If he had known that he was to be brought to Cleveland for the fur robbery there would have been a much livelier time and more bloodshed.

### The Day at Gettysburg.

GETTYSBURG, July 4.—The Fourth of July was ushered in at midnight last night with the booming of cannons on East Cemetery Hill, and the roar of fire works in the town. For an hour and a half pandemonium reigned, and no such noise has disturbed this village since the three memorable days of '63. At seven o'clock this morning the members of Pickett's Division held a meeting at which resolutions were adopted thanking the Philadelphia Brigade for the hospitable manner in which they had treated them, the town authorities for the way they had received them, and all soldiers for their fraternal greeting. An assessment of twenty-five cents upon each member of the division to defray the expenses of Mrs. Pickett's visit, was responded to with great enthusiasm. Upon the adjournment of the meeting a procession was formed, with each Pickett man linked arm with a Philadelphian, and they marched to the Eagle Hotel, where one hundred carriages were taken for the battlefield and almost the entire day was spent therein. Mrs. Pickett, who accompanied the party was the centre of attraction all day. She held a reception on the ground where her husband had formed his division, and every man in the party was introduced to her by name. The party returned to town by the Baltimore Pike, over which the Union troops had retreated after the bloody struggle of the first day's battle. To say that Pickett's men are pleased would be putting it lightly. They are delighted with everything and everybody. In the words of a Confederate soldier, "we are pleased all to pieces, but Cowan has captured us soul and body." This evening a religious service was held in the court house.

### The Quaker City.

PHILADELPHIA, July 4.—At 9 o'clock this morning the grand parade of military took place, and at its conclusion an immense throng of people went to independence Square to witness the exercises of the day. Ex-Congressman Wise of Virginia, delivered a stirring oration, the Declaration of Independence was read and a chorus of 500 voices sang several patriotic airs. At the conclusion of these exercises nearly everybody went to Fairmount Park, where they listened to 1,200 children singing in Memorial Hall before witnessing the balloon ascension.

COLLAPSE OF THE BALLOON.

Great interest centered in these events but unfortunately Professor King's mammoth aerial ship burst after it had been nearly filled with 100,000 feet of gas, and was a total wreck. Several persons were to have accompanied the professor in his ascension, including Professor Abbe, of the United States Signal Service, and they were greatly disappointed at the collapse, which was purely the result of an accident. Professor Wise, with a much smaller balloon, made a successful ascension at 3.25 this afternoon with a party of three persons in the car, among them an expert in aerial photography. This one was this evening still among the clouds, having sailed in an almost Northerly direction. It is called the Independence and was constructed especially for this trip.

### Base Ball.

GAMES ON WEDNESDAY.

At Detroit—Detroit 8, Philadelphia 7.
At New York—Brooklyn 6, Athletic 4.
At Cleveland—Cincinnati 9, Cleveland 8.
At St. Louis—St. Louis 16, Louisville 10.
At New York—Metropolitan 10, Baltimore 7.
At Pittsburgh—Washington 7, Pittsburgh 6.

GAMES ON THURSDAY.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 4, Louisville 11.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 3, Athletic 4.
At Cleveland—Cleveland 13, Cincinnati 4.
At Detroit—Detroit 5, Philadelphia 10.
At Chicago—Chicago 3, Washington 4.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg 10, Boston 8.
At Staten Island—Baltimore 15, Metropolitan 4.
At Indianapolis—New York 11, Indianapolis 10.

GAMES ON FRIDAY.

Chicago—Washington 3, Chicago 5.
At Staten Island—Brooklyn 9, Mets 7.
At Pittsburg—Boston 9, Pittsburg 4.
At Philadelphia—Athletic 9, Baltimore 2.
At St. Louis—St. Louis 3, Louisville 16.
At Detroit—Philadelphia 13, Detroit 17.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 10, Cleveland 5.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 5, New York 13.—Eight innings.

### ENJOY LIFE.

What a truly beautiful world we live in! Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and thousands of means of enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worn out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof, that *Green's August Flower*, will make them free from diseases, as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver complaint are the direct causes of seventy-five per cent. of such maladies as biliousness Indigestion, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of *August Flower* will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottles, 10 cents. Try it. 19 3 1y

### At Milton.

MILTON, July 4.—A gentle sea breeze from the Susquehanna was a God-send to the perspiring multitude that thronged Phœnixed Milton to-day. The one hundred and eleventh anniversary of Uncle Sam's birthday dawned here amid the booming of home-made cannon and the regulation fire-cracker. The town is handsomely decorated, and the American flag, with its blood-sealed license, waves on every hand. The incoming trains on the railroads centering here brought in large delegations and at high noon Broadway and Front streets were a sea of firemen, military, citizens, grangers, fakirs, dudes and bootblacks. At 1.30 p. m. the parade formed. The Logan Hose Company, of Bellefonte, were in the Second Division, being preceded by the Relief Hose Company, of Harrisburg, and followed by the Good Will Hose Company, of Lock Haven.

### A Lady's Perfect Companion.

PAINLESS CHILDBIRTH, a new book by Dr. John H. Dye, one of New York's most skillful physicians, shows that pain is not necessary in childbirth but results from causes easily understood and overcome. It clearly proves that any womam may become a mother without suffering any pain whatever. It tells how to overcome and prevent morning sickness, swelledlimbs, and all other evils attending pregnancy. It is reliable and highly endorsed by physicians everywhere as the wife's true private companion. Cut this out; it will save you great pain, and possibly your life. Send two cent stamp for descriptive circular, testimonials and confidential letter sent in sealed envelope. Address FRANK THOMAS & Co., Publishers, Baltimore, Maryland.

READING, Pa., July 1.—The two thousand employes of the Reading Iron works this afternoon informed the management that will not accept the reduction of ten per cent. made recently and the proprietors decided to close down all the establishment throwing all the men out of work.

### Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetation remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after testing its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human sufferings, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full direction for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.* 1911yeow

### A Case of Cholera.

DETROIT, July 1.—Patrolman Sanderson was taken suddenly ill on his beat last night, and had to be removed to his home. Dr. Little, after a careful examination, pronounced it a case of Asiatic cholera, one of the most violent and contagious diseases. At 8, 30 o'clock this morning Sanderson was suffering terribly and was not expected to live.

An old lady who imagined that the sea must be very dirty because so many people bathed in it, was consoled on being informed that it washed upon the beach every morning.

"Can a husband open his wife's letters?" asks the editor of Harper's. Yes he can; but he had better not if he is a Southern man, and he would better not if he is a New Englander.

*Miscellaneous.*

NEVER FAILS TO CRUE DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA-MORBUS, COLIC, FLATULENCE, &c

PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS

SURE. PROMPT. INFALLIBLE.

TRIAL BOTTLE, 10 CTS. LARGE BOTTLE, 50 CTS.

A SINGLE DOSE AFFORDS IMMEDIATE RELIEF!

DR. W. J. BROWN, of Woodbine, Kentucky, says: "I always prescribe PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera Morbus, etc. It answers every purpose for which it is put up."

PHILIP COOK, Selma, Kansas, says: "I shall never be without PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS. They cured me of a case of Colic which had doubled me up with pain."

For sale by F. POTTS GREEN, High St., Bellefonte, Pa.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE. FOR MEN ONLY. VIGOROUS HEALTH

Over Ten Thousand Trial Packages mailed to Men in a large proportion of whom took a full treatment and were restored to health by use of PROF. HARRIS' SEMINAL PASTILLES. A Radical Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness and Physical Decay in Younger and Middle Aged Men. Tested for Eight Years in many thousand cases they absolutely restore prematurely aged and broken down men to the full enjoyment of perfect and full Manly Strength and Vigorous Health. To those who suffer from the many obscure diseases brought about by Indiscretion, Exposure, Over-Brain Work, or too free Indulgence, we ask that you send us your name with statement of your trouble, and accept TRIAL PACKAGE FREE, with Elixir & Pamphlet &c.

THE PASTILLE CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY

TREATMENT,—One Month, $1. Two Mos. $1. Three, $2

HARRIS REMEDY CO., Mf'r Chemists, 806½ N. Fourth Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

RUPTURED PERSONS can have FREE Trial of our Appliance. Ask for Terms!

THE COMMON SENSE LIFT AND FORCE PUMP

Makes a complete Fire Department for any Country Home out of a common wood pump, at a very small cost. WORTH FIFTY TIMES ITS COST if you need it to put out a fire, and extremely handy for lots o other things

Ready for action in ONE-EIGHTH OF A MINUTE.

Energetic business men who will give it proper attention are wanted to handle this pump in every town in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, and North Carolina, and will be accorded control of suitable territory, not already occupied.

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, MANUFACTURER

OF ALL SIZES AND STYLES OF WOOD PUMPS.

Office: 25 N. E. CITY HALL SQUARE, Opposite Broad St. Station P. R. R. PHILADELPHIA PA.

19 16 13t eow

WORKING CLASSES ATTENTION! We are now prepared to furnish all classes with employment at home, the whole of the time, or for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5.00 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting all their time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this may send their address, and test the business, we make this offer. To such as are not well satisfied we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars and outfit free. Address GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE.

For Dropsy, Gravel, Bright's, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases, Nervousness, &c. Cure guaranteed. Office 831 Arch street, Philadelphia. $1.00 per bottle, 6 for $5.00, at Druggists. Try it 19-3-1-y

YOU can live at home, and make more money at work for us, than at anything else in this world. Capital not needed: you are started free. Both sexes; all ages. Any one can do the work. Large earnings sure from first start. Costly outfit and terms free. Better not delay. Costs you nothing to send us your address and find out; if you are wise you will do so at once. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

## ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—A bean vine in Centre Hall grew 14 inches in one day.

—A balloon passed over Bellefonte on Thursday evening.

—The weather is favorable to school commencements and hay-making.

—Lovely red raspberries for sale in Bellefonte on Wednesday evening.

—Oh, yes, we can tell by your appearance that it is warm enough for you.

—The interior of the court house seems to be one of the coolest places in town these warm days.

—The privilege of subscribing to the new stock of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company expired on the 30th of June.

—George Auker, the wounded Juniata township farmer, continues to improve. Galbraith, the wounded prisoner, is also getting better.

—The State College exercises were concluded on Thursday evening with a very pleasant and successful reception at the home of President Atherton.

—The death of a young man occurred at Howard on Monday. It was that of Lincoln Hopkins, 18 years of age, who died at 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon. His death was caused by consumption.

—The ceremonies of "commencements' have ended, but the real active life which the young folks have just begun will continue on. Now, let the noble sentiments of essayists and orators be exemplified in their lives.

—A young man, whose name is thought to be Taylor and whose residence was near Millerstown, was struck and instantly killed by an east bound freight train on Monday June 27, two miles east of Millerstown.

—At Port Reyal, Juniata county, on Tuesday night, the members of the State Pardon Board were hanged in effigy. The people are indignant at the Board for commuting the sentence of McMeen, the wife murderer, to imprisonment for life.

—Last week there was a great land slide along the Beech Creek railroad near Peale station. The amount of earth which covered the track and blockaded the road during five days came from a space about 200 feet long and 30 feet deep.

—Mr. Samuel B. Beyer and Miss Madge B. Leidy were married on Wednesday morning at the home of the bride's father in Tyrone. Miss Leidy (now Mrs. Beyer) is the daughter of Rev. George Leidy, Presiding Elder of the Altoona district.

—Many items have been circulated of late as to whether or not the tax on watches, pleasure carriages and furniture is to be collected this year. It is said the State Board of Revenue Commissioners has decided that such tax must be collected.

—They say the reservoir was cleaned out last night although it was not necessary to turn the water off very long for that purpose. People who had filled buckets, tubs, etc., preparing to drink warm water all night, were somewhat disappointed.

—Jacob Strickler, aged 70 years, was thrown from a hay rake near Stoufferstown, Franklin county, on Tuesday, June 28. The horse ran away and the man was dragged a considerable distance. He was terribly injured and it is thought he was fatally hurt.

—The *Ledger*, of Philipsburg, records that members of the Hale family (Jno. Mills Hale, Esq., Misses Mary and Julia Hale and Mr. and Mrs. John A. Mull) have offered to the Hospital Association a site for a proposed building, the value of the site being at least $3,000.

—A great many railroad bridges are being moved nowadays. On Thursday morning the heavy iron bridge, No. 12, of three spans and 190 feet long, located near Tyrone Forge, was moved a distance of 29½ feet. The work of moving it occupied only 6½ minutes. It will be used temporarily until a new stone bridge can be erected in its place.

—Mr. Harry Cooke was driving to Woodland, Clearfield county, Friday, but when he had reached some place in the neighborhood of Port Matilda the horse became frightened and ran away. He telephoned from Port Matilda that the buggy was wrecked and he must continue his trip by rail. His own injuries consist of only a few scratches.

—Bedford county Democrats, on Tuesday, nominated Dr. Frank M. Marburg, for Sheriff; Josiah Amos, for prothonotary; Major J. F. Mickel, for recorder; S. S. Gump, for treasurer: Frank E. Colvin, for district attorney; J. H. Thompson and James Hoenstine, for commissioners; Jacob C. Barton, for director of the poor; William Scott Ake and A. F. Diehl, for auditors, and Dr. M. L. Stehley, for coroner.

—A game of ball was played at the State College on Wednesday between the Alumni of that institution and the regular college nine. In both nines there are some of the best players in the country and the exhibition of artistic ball-playing was fine. At the end of the sixth inning the Alumni were ahead, but owing to disagreement they retired from the field, which gave the game to the regular College nine, the score being 9 to 0.

## A DAY AT THE COLLEGE.

WEDNESDAY'S EXERCISES TOLD BY A VISITOR.

WEDNESDAY, June 29.

About sixty persons left Bellefonte for State College on the special train at 10.35 on the Lemont road.

Upon reaching Lemont, the College hacks were in waiting to convey the passengers to the scene of the day's exercises. After being jolted over the rough roads and through the dust, for three miles, all set foot on the College campus about 11 o'clock, and proceeded through the building to the upper part of the grounds where an interesting game of base ball was in progress, the College team and a team of former students being the contestan's.

There was good playing on both sides, very clearly showing that the former students have not forgotten much of that part of College education, but the College team proved too strong for them, as the score at the end of the seventh inning stood 8 to 7. The day was beautiful and fully two hundred persons witnessed the game which lasted until noon, the hour of the Alumni dinner, at which time all repaired to the College building. It being announced that at fifteen minutes before 1 o'clock the banquet doors would open, the intervening time was utilized in visiting the departments of the College, mingling among friends and acquaintances and paying respects to Governor Beaver, President Atherton and other distinguished persons. At length the doors were open and a flood of ticket holders besieged the entrance.

Three tables the entire length of the hall were surrounded by guests and laden to such an extent as to surpass all previous efforts. The feast was in charge of C. G. McMillen, of the New Brockerhoff House, to whom credit is due for the great success of the the dinner. After thanks had been offered to God for the bounties, the guests numbering 180 attempted to do justice to the repast in the hour and a half allotted to that purpose.

Hon. Francis Jordan, of Harrisburg, the Master of Toasts, attracted attention by a few well chosen words, and called upon C. W. Stone, the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to respond to the toast, "The State College of Pennsylvania." "National Scientific Work" was responded to by Major Powell, of Washington; "The Legislature," by Senator Hood, of Indiana county; 'Pennsylvania Farmers,' S. R. Downing, of West Chester; "The Future of the State College," President Atherton.

Dinner being completed, the College hacks were placed at the disposal of guests desiring to visit the Experimental farm. Prof Frear accompanied the party to explain the various experiments.

At 4.30 the company drill commenced and lasted one hour. The cadets did very fine drilling, showing the excellence of their present instructor, Lieut. Pague. Prizes aggregating $300 were distributed, the gift of Captain Roberts, of West Chester.

The Bellefonte visitors again entered the hacks to be taken to the station of the Buffalo Run railroad. All were highly gratified with the day's entertainment and pleased with the advancement of the State College. It has done good work and unlimited accomplishments await it in the future. Let the institution receive every encouragement.

SUMMER.

### Teachers' Salaries.

A subject of very frequent discussion in every school district is that of teachers' salaries, and there is scarcely a newspaper in Pennsylvania that has not expressed the opinion that the teachers are paid salaries absolutely niggardly when compared with the important work they have to do. It is time that people everywhere become more alive to the vital importance of having the best talent for the training of their children and that they be willing to pay well for the service. Here is an idea concerning the State appropriation: A number of leading citizens of the town of West Chester, in this State, have publicly approved the suggestion that Chester county's share in the increase of the State appropriation to public schools be added to the salaries of the teachers. The Pittsburg *Times* takes up the subject and adds:

"As they average only $35.23 a month, every sensible person should be expected to join the approval. What kind of education must that be which is furnished by teachers paid the wages of farm hands? Niggardliness in the schools is not only mean but foolish and wasteful. It is hiring a bungler to spoil work, and not only work, but mind and perhaps character. As a class none so well deserve what they earn as the well-paid teachers."

### A Town at the Mountain Top.

Moshannon is perched on top of the mountain at almost the highest eminence in Centre county—loftier than famous Snow Shoe. The air is rare, the climate healthful and denizens of the place live to be Methuselahs.

Moshannon cannot boast of rapid growth, but in reviewing the year the fact is evident that progress has been made and no backward step has been taken. The present promises prosperity and growth. The crops now spreading their green tints in the sunshine supply one evidence of this. The gardens never looked thriftier or the grain crop in better condition. Potato vines are green and large, defying the fat potato bugs and telling of fast forming tubers beneath. To be sure there is a misunderstanding between cabbages and cut worms, but the former are succeeding very well.

Mr. Lucas is a prominent business man. He is heard from through his saw mill and flouring mill and in the mercantile trade is creating a stir.

At the Gordon Heights are the extensive coke ovens which are under the superintendence of Mr. Garman. Mr. King, the principal contractor, is a host in himself and is moving them to completion. Mr. Boston Viedheffer's hotel is a strictly temperance house. He didn't apply for license and didn't want any. He is also in the lumber business, having associated with him Mr. E. D. Shannon.

### Wedding Bells.

Thursday at 3.30 o'clock p. m. St. John's Reformed church was thronged by a large and fashionable congregation, who assembled to witness the ceremony which united Mr. Wilbur Cassidy and Miss Emma Anderson in marriage. Beautiful and tasteful decorations of lillies and other queenly flowers added to the joyousness of the scene.

The four ushers, who so gracefully escorted the audience to seats, were Messrs. Will Pearlstein, Thomas Moore, W. I. Singer and Walter Bayard. These gentlemen wore handsome dress suits and exquisite button-hole bouquets of moss roses.

Rev. W. H. H. Snyder, the pastor of the church, was the officiating minister. The bride is one of Bellefonte's loveliest maidens and the groom a handsome young gentlemen and the wedding party presented a beautiful tableau as they were grouped around the marriage altar.

The reception began at 4 o'clock at the home of Mr. John Anderson father of the bride, on Bishop street. At 5 o'clock the happy couple entered the western train for a wedding tour.

The wedding gifts were numerous and valuable, including an elegant dinner set, three tea sets and two chamber sets. The dinner set was from the stockholders of the glass works. All the presents, which were displayed on several tables and almost filling a large room, are extremely handsome and carefully selected.

Mr. Cassidy is foreman in the *Keystone Gazette* office. He is a young gentleman of pleasing manners and an excellent workman. The bride is not only beautiful, but also the possessor of the necessary useful accomplishments for a good wife. The REPUBLICAN wishes them joy and prosperity.

### Electing Trustees.

At 2.30 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon the delegates and alumni of the State College met in the chapel to elect trustees. Mr. John M. Stehman, of Rogerstown, Lancaster county, was elected chairman, and Cyrus Gordon, Esq., of Clearfield, and Clement Dale, Esq., of Bellefonte, were chosen secretaries.

The list of delegates was read, the following being present:

Centre county—Capt. John A. Hunter, Stormstown; William Foster, State College; Clement Dale, Esq., Bellefonte.

Clearfield county—Cyrus Gordon, of Clearfield.

Clinton county—Joel A. Herr, of Cedar Springs; H. W. Brown, Cedar Springs; Dr. J. M. Dunn, Mackeyville.

Dauphin—Francis Jordon, Harrisburg.

Indiana county—M. B. Kline, Indiana; J. McFarland, Indiana; William Fair, Penn Run.

Lancaster county—John M. Stehman, Rogerstown.

Berks county—Jacob G. Zerr, Daggers Mills; Henry G. Fesler, Reading.

Northumberland—William Waldron and William Follmer.

Union county—Andrew Rule, Buffalo X Roads.

The trustees chosen to serve three years are: Judge John H. Orvis and Hon. John A. Woodward, of Centre county; S. R. Downing, of Chester county, and Hon. Amos N. Mylin, of Lancaster county: Mr. Charles Roberts was elected a trustee for one year, to substitute Governor Beaver, who resigned, he being a trustee, ex-officio.

### Six Months School.

Supt. D. M. Wolf has placed in our possession a copy of an act passed by the Legislature, last winter. It is an act to extend the minimum school term to six months and reads as follows:

Section I. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That the minimum school term shall be six months, and after the close of the school year ending on the first Monday in June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, school directors and controllers shall keep the schools of their respective districts in operation at least six months each year: Provided, That the length of the annual term may remain as at present in districts where the maximum amount of tax allowed by law to be levied for school purposes shall be found insufficient to keep the schools oper greater a length of time. Approved May 19th, 1887.

—The "Commencement Daily News," a four page paper published during the closing exercises of Bucknell University, Lewisburg, reached us this morning. It is filled with information relating to the school.

## IN MEMORIAM.

A BEAUTIFUL AND FEELING TRIBUTE TO THE MEMORY OF A YOUNG LADY.

At the request of some of the members of the Blanchard Y. W. C. T. U. we have attempted to write a few lines in memory of our friend and co-laborer, Miss Edna Glossner, whose death occurred June 20. Had she not been so well known and so highly appreciated we could not feel our effort a task and too weak to point out her virtues.

She was kind and generous, affectionate and self-sacrificing. Life to her was a reality; she accepted its responsibilities with deep convictions of duty. To her family, friends and society she leaves a sweet and fragrant memory, which will be fondly cherished many, many years. The large number of people who gathered at her funeral was the most significant tribute that could have been paid to her worth in life and to her memory in death. We would not attempt to fathom the Divine purpose in this dispensation of Providence. Rather would we rest in the knowledge of the fact that God is good; He is too wise to err and too just to do wrong. Doubtless, what seems to us so dark and mysterious is to her a precious revelation. We will take refuge in the Fatherhood of God in whom Edna put her trust. We will think of her as a soul in which "the true, the beautiful and the good" were realized, and the memory of her will be precious. But we will think of her also in her home beyond, associating with the highest and purest intelligences, understanding and realizing, in the fullest measure, the divineness of the True, the celestial character of the Beautiful, and the Godlikeness of the Good; and the thought will be an inspiration to us to strive to be faithful until death, that we also with her may enjoy that inheritance into which she has entered.

### New Arcade Building.

This week quite a large force of workmen will be put on the site of the burned Arcade building to remove all the debris and foundation walls. The most substantial kind of a foundation will be built for the handsome new structure which Mrs. D. G. Bush will erect on the spot. The front of the new building will probably be of buhled stone with tasteful blue stone trimmings. It will rise gracefully to the height of three stories with every architectural embellishment. The lower floor will be devoted to store rooms made several feet deeper than the store rooms which the old building contained. A spacious main entrance will lead to the second story where an opera house is to be located. It will be quite elegant in design and will seat about 700 persons. The stage will be large and well-appointed, and will occupy the space on the hill at the rear of the building. A few offices will also occupy the upper floors, but there will be no apartments for families.

The work beginning at the time mentioned and continuing uninterruptedly, it is believed that the structure will be complete by the first of December. Mr. C. L. Calloway, Mrs. Bush's son-in-law, will superintend the work and push it along as speedily as thoroughness will permit. The people of the lower part of town will rejoice that the finest building in the borough will soon occupy the spot.

### All Helped to Celebrate.

The petition which has been circulated, requesting merchants to close their places of business on the Fourth of July, after 12 o'clock m., was more generally signed than any previous paper of that sort. The petition bears the following signatures:

| | |
|---|---|
| J A Harper & Co, | W R Brachbill, |
| Brockerhoff Bros, | W A Lyon, |
| J H McClure, | H H Schreyer, |
| W K Ludwig, | Samuel Lewin, |
| Lyon & Co, | Jno L Nighthart, |
| M S Graham, | A Beezer & Son, |
| Joseph Bros, | V I Bauer & Co, |
| S & A Loeb, | D Garman & Son, |
| John Meese, | J D Whiteman, |
| Montgomery & Co, | C U Hoffer, |
| Frank P Blair, | I Guggenheimer, |
| E Graham & Son, | W H Wilkinson, |
| F C Richard, | H Seibert, |
| A C Moyer & Bro, | L C Green, |
| J Harper, | Erhard & Shuey, |
| S U Thompson, | Frank Galbraith, |
| R A Beck, | McCalmont & Co, |
| W I Fleming, | A V Smith, |
| A C Mingle, | Edward L Powers, |
| Bunnell & Aikens, | Alpha Corman, |
| M Fauble, | James Schofield, |
| W R Camp. | |

—Of the fifty-seven clerks in the office of the Quartermaster-General, who up to date, have been examined for promotion under the new civil service rules, thirty were men and twenty-seven women. The examination of the papers show that six men and two women failed to obtain the minimum of 75 out of a possible 100. Commissioner Oberly said that the women, as a rule, passed a much more satisfactory examination than the men and reached higher averages. A fact that is regarded by the commission as very significant is that the marking on efficiency by the Quartermaster General, made prior to the examination and kept secret until after the result of the examination had been determined, agreed almost exactly with the markings of the examiners. There was only one exception. This result is highly satisfactory to the commission who regard it as a refutation of the charge that in these examinations favoritism would control the rating for efficiency.

### Bellefonte Wins a Tennis Game.

On Thursday evening as the sun was hiding his burning rays behind the mountain tops a large number of students and friends of the State College gathered on the rear campus of that institution to witness what proved to be avery pretty and interesting contest, indeed, between the "crack" College team, consisting of Messrs. Phil Darlington and Price Jackson, and the Bellefonte team, composed of Messrs. Will Furst and Sam Hamill. As all of those named are reported to be good players great interest was aroused on the part of the spectators as to the outcome of the match. Naturally enough, the College team had the large majority of friends among the observers, but the many difficult and skillful plays of the home team did not fail to receive the applause which they certainly merited.

The first set was contested very closely, the score in games won being even until each side had six games to its credit when the Bellefonte boys made a rally and won the next two games in succession, and the set by a score of 8 to 6. In the second set our boys gained a great deal of confidence and played a game characterized by very accurate and difficult serving and beautiful returns. They won the set by a score of 6 to 2. In the third set there was some exceedingly clever playing done by both teams, making the contest very spirited and exciting, but the steady, scientific play of the Bellefonters won for them the set by a score of 6 to 5.

Though the home team had three successive sets to their credit, another set was played for the amusement of the spectators, who had not been privileged to witness such a fine exhibition of tennis playing for a long time. The set, however, was played with very little zeal and was won by the College boys. Score 6 to 1. This game, though closely contested, demonstrated the superiority of the town boys in tennis, which will serve to counteract their inferiority in base ball.

The prospect for interesting tennis tournaments in town this summer are very bright. The court has been fixed up in good order recently, and our tennis players are becoming aroused, so that lovers of the fascinating sport will have plenty of opportunities for witnessing some very good matches during the summer.

### The Strike in the Coke Region.

The Pittsburg *Times* states that on Thursday Adjutant General Hastings returned to Harrisburg to report to Governor Beaver on the state of affairs in the coke region. His visit grew directly out of the assault on Sheriff Miller, of Fayette county, at West Leisenring last Friday. After that event the Sheriff notified the Governor that his powers were exhausted and asked for the aid of the State in enforcing the law. General Hastings was accordingly sent to investigate and, when a new emergency arises, it is understood that troops will be sent.

Meanwhile the reports are revived that the operators are preparing to send 100 Pinkerton specials to the region to protect any men who wish to work. They will also avail themselves of the militia, should they be called out, to put the works into operation. If, after this, the strikers, or any part of them, refuse to resume work, new men will be brought in to fill the vacant places.

### Attention, Fifty-third Regiment.

The association of the Fifty-third Regiment of Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers will hold a reunion at Gettysburg Pa., on Tuesday, the 12th day of July, 1887. Headquarters will be in the "Wheat Field," where members can report from 9 to 11.30 a. m., and where the reunion will be held at 1 o'clock p. m. All the railroads of Pennsylvania will furnish transportation from your nearest railroad station to Gettysburg and return for the regular fare one way. Orders for transportation can be secured through the most convenient Post of G. A. R. It is hoped that as many as can will be present.

George C. Anderson, Latrobe, Westmoreland Co., Pa., is chairman of the executive committee, and Arthur B. Mann, Coudersport, Potter county, Pa., secretary of the association.

—The summer heat is here and daily increases in intensity. It is ideal summer weather and we have no doubt is the best kind for this time of year. The hay is being or has all been harvested, the grain is ripening in scores of fields. To be sure, humanity perspires very freely and after a vigorous mopping of the brow or an energetic swaying of the fan without experiencing that relief for which it longs, exclaims that the heat is too utterly awful for expression. It is timely perhaps for us to suggest to everybody to live temperately and peacefully as far as they are able, and they will probably be able to survive a few days longer.

—The market Saturday morning was a stupendous and lugubrious failure. There were plenty of wagons there and a variety of vegetables, berries, butter, eggs, etc., but not a thing that was tempting. We looked in vain for something to please the appetite and at length consoled ourselves with a pint of smear case. Oh, how we do miss the big strawberries which held away for a few weeks. And huckleberries (the big blue ones) where are they? Even the beets are not as big as they were a week ago. There were throngs of buyers there as everybody expected something really excellent. We sympathise with them in their disappointment.

HALL'S

HOW'S THIS!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F J CHENEY & CO., Prop's, Toledo, O

P. S—Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

CATARRH CURE

### Letter List.

Following is a complete list of the letters remaining uncalled for in the post-office at Bellefonte, Centre county, Penn'a June 27, 1887:

Mrs. S. E. Allison, Ada Adams, Mrs. L. C. Bell, Miss Emma Butts, Miss Tilley L. Farney, Mrs. Mary Greth, John Hoy, John Kaine, Mrs. J. R. Loomis, Mrs. Sarah Parks, J. R. Silver, W. K. Tyler, Mrs. E. Wilson.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

JAS. H. DOBBINS, P. M.

—The residents of Duquesne, a town on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad a few miles above McKeesport, are excited over the proposed location of an iron plant at that place, which will employ about 1,000 men at the start. The syndicate is formed by Pittsburg capitalists, who represent two large iren industries of that place. The gentlemen are now negotiating for the purchase of a large tract of ground forming a portion of both the Patterson and the Crawford farms, for locating the plant.

—Mrs. Golgos Borbado, of Johnstown, started her fire Wednesday evening with carbon oil. An explosion followed, her clothes caught fire and she was fatally burned her flesh hanging on her limbs in shreds. The house was set on fire and badly damaged. A laborer in his endeavor to save her had his arm burned to a crisp. A woman named Galkziko also had her feet horribly burned while aiding another woman in hurrying goods from the burning house. Mrs. Barado will not recover.

—The maidens fair now look as beautiful as it is possible to imagine. The streets, of an evening, look like a well arranged conservatory of carefully selected flowers, the pink, blue, yellow, and combination shades of the ladies' gowns rivaling the stars and moon in brilliancy.

—An exchange laconically observes: "Business men *can* get along without advertising, and so can a wagon run without greasing; but it draws hard and goes slow. The men who do the business in this country advertise their business."

—The flooring in Garman's new hotel building was completed on Friday.

Thousands of cases of Consumption are cured every year by Acker's celebrated English Remedy. It is a guaranted preparation; if it does not help you it will cost you nothing. Try it. A single dose will show its good effect. Trial bottles 10 cts.
WALTER W. BAYARD.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANAEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.

For Sale by all Druggists.

Send for Pamphlet on Wasting Diseases. Address SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

19 16 1y

If you would enjoy your dinner and are prevented by Dyspepsia, use Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. They are a positive cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. We guarantee them. 25 and 50 cents.
WALTER W. BAYARD.

# Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance


## Local Department.

—The moon was full on Tuesday.

—As a perfect night that of Saturday appropriated the cake.

—There was a notable absence of politicians at the picnic on Monday.

—The days are ten minutes shorter than they were two weeks ago.

—The owners of hacks, carriages, and whatever would carry a passenger reaped a rich harvest on Monday.

—Now that the Fourth is past and gone, please discontinue firecracker explosions until that date next year.

—Fortunately, Monday was not so hot as several preceeding days. There was a very brisk wind from the southeast.

—Miss Dora Young, a handsome and fascinating young lady from Lewisburg, spent Independence day at the home of Mr. Isaac Haupt.

—About twenty Italians got off the 10.30 train Wednesday. They brought so much baggage with them that it looks as if they intended to stay awhile.

—Harrisburg contributed two of her transient population to Bellefonte on Sunday and Monday in the persons of Mr. John T. Johnston and Mr. Harry Keller.

—The Methodist Sunday school picnic will be held on Thursday of next week, the 14th inst., at Hunter's grove, a delightful place along the line of the Buffalo Run Railroad.

—The game of base ball, Monday morning, between the brick-layers and the boiler makers of the Valentines Furnace Company terminated in a victory for the boiler makers. Score 14 to 13.

—The principal celebration of the great mid-summer National holiday in Philipsburg was a K. of L. picnic, which was a successful affair. There were a great many people in the town.

—An order was issued on Saturday at the Gautier wire mill, Johnstown, reducing the compensation of wire drawers from 18 to 14 cents per hundred. This is said to be equal to a reduction of 24 cents on the dollar.

—An infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Allen, of York, Pa., died a day or two ago in that city and was brought to Bellefont Tuesday morning for interment. Mrs. Allen, the child's mother, is a daughter of our townsman, Mr. O'Leary.

—We are requested to publish the fact for all who are interested that, beginning on the 1st of July, the mail from Hublersburg, Nittany and Zion arrives at 9 o'clock a. m. and leaves Bellefonte for those places at 11 o'clock a. m.

—We understand that Mr. Bayard Hicks and his agreeable family are contemplating a departure from this place for the far West, probably locating in Los Angeles, California. It will be unfortunate for Bellefonte to lose such an excellent business man as Mr. Hicks.

—There were several fires in Lock Haven on the Fourth. A handsome residence owned by Dr. Mader and occupied by that gentleman and also by James Smith, was completely destroyed. A fire also started in the paint shop of the furniture factory, but was quickly suppressed.

—A party of boys departed Wednesday for Cherry Run, to spend the time until Saturday camping out. They were accompanied by Rev. W. H. H. Snyder and by several other gentlemen. We understand that Governor Beaver supplies the necessary equipment for this expedition.

—Three items from the Tyrone *Daily Herald*: Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Cox, of Bellefonte, are spending the Fourth with friends in this place. Mrs. John Schrock, of Bellefonte, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Susan Harr, on Spring street. Mr. James Woomer, central telephone man of Bellefonte, graced our streets with his presence to-day.

—A persistent tramp was one of the travelers along Lamb street on Monday evening. He asked for—almost demanded—trousers, coats, vests, shirts and money. We have heard that it is well to do with a will what ever one does undertake to do, and this man infused enough earnestness into his requests to make a fortune at the business.

—Julian Ann Burke, a 14-year-old resident of Franklin borough, near Johnstown, attempted to liven up the kitchen fire by the aid of coal oil on Saturday evening. The can exploded and the girl's clothing was set on fire. A gentleman who was passing rushed in and saved her from a horrible death, though her face, hands and arms were badly scorched and blistered.

—The Logan Hose Company returned home at 5 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon. With the regularity and precision of accomplished soldiers they marched direct to the hose house and their appearance, even after two days fun and frolic, was admirable. They report that they enjoyed themselves greatly in Milton. All the festivities passed off pleasantly. They were treated with the greatest respect and cordiality and will long remember their entertainers gratefully.

### THE DAY OF PATRIOTISM.

#### A Celebration in Bellefonte Marked with Pleasing Incidents.

ANNIVERSARIES OF INDEPENDENCE IN NEIGHBORING TOWNS.

"One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve!" That is what the town clock rang out on Sunday night from its solemn-looking ghostly belfry. The first stroke seemed to set the world in commotion and ere the last stroke had began to awake the echoes its sound was subdued by a thunder of cannon from every hill-top. It it is certain that if Mr. Galbraith had that clock two minutes too fast the extreme end of the Sabbath was broken all to pieces.

The noise continued all through the early morning hours, and some people say they couldn't sleep. The one hundred and eleventh anniversary of Independence day was ushered in with plenty of noise and as that is the important feature of every such celebration it was a tumuluous success. At 5 o'clock the fire bell rang loud and fast. Everybody knew that there was no fire and that it was only to summon the Logan boys to the hose house to form in line for the early train. At half-past five the Zion Cornet band made itself heard and caused the morning dream of many a sweet young lady to be a pleasant one in which lovers and ice cream were equally prominent. The Logan hose company departed safely on the 6 o'clock train. Many citizens went with them and scores of them also went to Centre Hall, not a few journeying to Tyrone.

Then there was a lull in the excitement, though firecrackers exploded with a report so startling as to impress us with the conviction that the perpetuity of freedom and independence depended on the amount of noise each one should produce. They exploded under barrels, in tin cans, attached to dog's tails, etc. The air smelled of gunpowder and the sentiment was in favor of a repetition of the battle of Lexington. The male part of young America shouted and the female portion screamed with delight, and Old America smiled in a pleased, patronizing style.

When the town-clock struck ten men wearing badges formed themselves in line on High and Water streets. The Pleasant Gap band, the Lemont band, and a drum corps also discoursed a variety of lively music. Immediately after the arrival of the 10.30 train the parade line moved, with George Tate and Frank Wescott on horseback as marshalls of the day.

The line was a long and imposing one which passed through the streets thronged with people. The route was shorter than that marked out. They marched up High street to Spring, north along Spring to Howard, from Howard to Allegheny, then south along Allegheny to Bishop and thence to the picnic ground. Long enough for such a warm day.

The Local Assembly, No. 2333, K. of L., of this place, which had the exercises in charge, was most numerous. There were 450 of the members of this organization in the parade

The Bellefonte Ironworkers Assembly, No. 9023, was present 100 strong. The members of the Axe makers Assembly numbered 42. The Glass blowers Assembly, No. 300, was represented by about 50. Then there were representatives present of the Scotia Assembly, Yeagerstown Assembly, of Mifflin county, Karthaus Assembly, Lock Haven Assembly and also from Scottdale and Lewisburg. Including the members of the bands there were about 850 men in line. Last of all, came the beautiful hook and ladder truck, with such prominent knights of labor as Messrs. George Jackson and Scott Harris guiding it in front and John Musser and Hard Harris perched picturesquely in the rear.

The principal places of interest in the shady grove were the dinner tables and the dancing platform. There were also lemonade booths, a tent where the "largest clock on earth" was exhibited, a place where markemanship was practiced, seats for the weary, etc. People began eating dinner as soon as they arrived on the ground and as long as we were there the tables were thronged. In this connection we take pleasure in acknowledging an invitation from Knight P. Garrity to partake of the substantial lunch. At 11.30. the Pleasant Gap band attracted an audience and advantage was taken of the occasion to introduce Rev. Chas. T. Steck, pastor of the Lutheran church, who read the declaration of independence with wonderful force and thrilling effect as it was never read before in Bellefonte. The sublime passages and startlingiy bold declarations of the composition, with which all are so familiar, were clothed with new beauties and fresh force, as they were uttered by him. The flushed earnestness of his striking countenance and the flash of his eye attracted and held his auditors, despite the fact that there was a great deal of noise and confusion in the grove just beyond the reach of his voice. He followed the delivery of the American magna charta with a speech in which he carried his hearers back to the day when this bold declaration was framed, and showed that its force then was due to the fact that it had the endorsement of the people. Eloquently he referred to the heroic Louis Kossuth, and quoted as one of that patriot's most remarkable declarations—that it was not he who inspired the people, but that the people inspired him. The speaker declared himself an aristocrat of aristocrats and as such proud of his heritage as one of the American people. His remarks were, at frequent intervals, punctuated with applause, and he retired amid cheers.

During the afternoon and evening the dancing platform was made use of. There was space on the floor for fourteen couples. Mr. Jacob Lyon's orchestra furnished the music. Business throughout the town was suspended after 12 o'clock m.

BRILLIANT FIREWORKS AT NIGHT.

A solitary balloon which sailed grandly toward the west, at 8 o'clock, suggested that the evening festivities were about to begin. All the private displays of fireworks were much more beautiful than usual. At the home of John Ardell, Jr., at J. R. Roberts, at Rev. J. O. Davis' at Mr. J. A. Aikens', the Kismet Club, A. G. Curtin, Jr., Garman's Hotel, the Jail and other places, very beautiful displays fairly distracted one's attention. The exhibition to which Mr. John D. Sourbeck treated a large crowd in Diamond Square has been excelled in town only once. The pieces included a great many rockets, candles and colored fires spining wheels, fountains of golden fire, stars, Washington on horseback, etc., all displayed very successfully.

THE DAY AT MARTHA FURNACE.

A very enjoyable celebration of the day took place at Martha Furnace. The attendance was immense, there being numerous delegations from different parts of Huston township and from Scotia. The formal exercises were held in Maple Grove where a speaker's stand was erected. Of course, the Declaration of Independence was read and it was followed by several speeches. Aaron Williams, Esq., Editor R. A. Cassidy, Will Gray, Esq., and a young gentleman named Kerry, waved the flag in an oratorical way and made the eagle scream in triumph. Everybody was entertained royally with an excellent lunch. A general good time was the result.

A GRAND TIME AT CENTRE HALL.

The celebration in the beautiful town of Centre Hall was in all respects the most enjoyable in the county. It began precisely at 12 o'clock with the booming of every explosive obtainable. Ladies added to the tone of this part of the celebration by appearing on the streets with bells of all sizes and kinds which they rang with vigor and with good effect. At the first peep of dawn the people began to arrive in the town and the train from Bellefonte added largely to the number who thronged the streets, and the town, at 8 o'clock, contained more people than at any previous time in its history.

At that hour—8 o'clock—the parade was formed and was in every respect a grand success. The fantastics, which formed part of it, were wonderfully comical, containing numerous features of special interest and caused enough merriment to last all day, even if there had been nothing else. The Goddess of Liberty was personated in splendid style by a young gentleman whose features exactly resembled that fair and noble female. Uncle Sam's make up was perfect in every detail. In the parade was a large wagon drawn by six wise-looking mules and containing thirty-nine maidens, each dressed in white and wearing national tricolored sashes. These beautiful maidens represented the thirty-nine States of the Union and in the centre was another lady who also represented Miss Liberty. The Tusseyville and Linden Hall bands, and the Potters Mills drum corps furnished music. The Knights of the Golden Eagle, of Spring Mills, also appeared in the parade. General J. D. Murray and Major W. B. Mingle were the marshalls. The fantastic parade, with new features, was repeated at 5 o'clock.

The day was spent at Wolf's grove, where a basket picnic was held and everybody was perfectly hospitable. Rev. J. M. King, of the Evangelical church, read the declaration of independence. Gov. Curtin presided at these ceremonies and Hon. J. B. Linn and Judge Jno. Orvis delivered orations.

A parade which added to the fun of the day was made up of 20 boys with wheel-barrows, in one of which was a dilapidated looking individual, who might have represented almost anything of a doleful character, and on this occasion may be called the Fourth of July victim.

The citizens evinced their general participation in the patriotism of the occasion by gaily decorating their houses. In the evening a fine display of fireworks ended the celebration. There was to have been a game of base ball, but the Bellefonte players were not willing to play according to modern rules, so the game was given to the Centre Hall players.

PINE GROVE CELEBRATES.

The celebration at Pine Grove partook of the character of a picnic and festival with a pleasing variety of other exercises. It was planned and carried out by the ladies of the Lutheran church. The dinner was served in the old Academy building and was excellent as well as financially profitable, the ladies intending to devote the proceeds toward the repairing and remodeling of the church building. Two bands of music were present, viz., the Washington Cornet band and the Pine Grove band. The more exuberant portion of the very large crowd indulged in firecrackers and made plenty of noise.

Rev. Mr. Warren made a prayer. Mr. Dunlap, an excellent reader, rendered the declaration of independence and D. F. Fortney, Esq., of this place, delivered an eloquent oration. The occasion was a delightful one.

### Description of a Hot Day.

In "Little Dorrit," by Charles Dickens, we find a description of a hot day in Marseilles, France. Dickens was one of the best of descriptive writers. At this season of year we can appreciate what he says on this subject, and at the same time congratulate ourselves that actual experence here never equals, in its extremely disagreeable features, the picture which he presents. We copy only a few of his sentences:

"A blazing sun upon a fierce August day was no greater rarety in southern France then, than at any other time, before or since. Everybody in Marseilles, and about Marseilles, had stared at the fervid sky, and then been stared at in return, until a staring habit had become universal there. Strangers were stared out of countenance by staring white houses, staring white walls, staring white streets, staring tracks of arid road, staring hills from which verdure was burned away. The only things to be seen not fixedly staring and glaring were the vines drooping under their load of grapes These did occasionally wink a little, as the hot air barely moved their faint leaves.

* * * * * * * * *

The universal stare made the eyes ache. Towards the distant line of Italian coast, indeed, it was a little relieved by light clouds of mist, slowly rising from the evaporation of the sea; but it softened nowhere else. Far away the staring roads, deep in dust, stared from the hill side, stared from the hollow, stared from the intermenable plain. Far away the dusty vines over hanging wayside cottages, and the monotonous wayside avenues of parched trees without shade, drooped beneath the stare of earth and sky. So did the horses with drowsy bells, in long files of carts, creeping slowly towards the interior; so did their recumbent drivers, when they were awake, which rarely happened; so did the exhausted laborers in the fields. Everything that lived or grew was oppressed by the glare. The very dust was scorched brown, and sometime quivered in the atmosphere as if the air itself were panting."

### Beauty and Value of the Spring.

We all admire Bellefonte's beautiful spring, but we do not value it as highly as we should. If it were located within ten miles of a city it would be worth one million dollars to its owner.

It is of special benefit to Bellefonte because it supplies the best of water for all purposes. The water is singularly clear and beautiful. It has been so longer than history, and will, all hope, ever remain so. If proper precautions are used, there seems to be no reason that the water shall not continue as it is so long as time shall last. But, did you ever reflect that through careless ness the spring might become contaminated and unfit for use? What a calamity that would be!

One precaution would be to wall it up solidly to prevent contamination from any sources near by. Another would be to haul one thousand loads of the cleanest white pebbles and dirt to make a solid surface all around the spring. Still another and perhaps the most important is to provide and keep up a thorough system of sewerage to which every owner of property must connect the sewerage of his own premises.

We do not know from whence the spring receives its supplies of bubbling water, and it may be from beneath the town. If so, the danger of contamination becomes worse. Let the proper precaution toward cleanliness be adopted. Let us guard the beautiful spring as valuable beyond price.

—"Wayside," in the Altoona *Tribune*, tells this story: "In the days when Joseph Ritner was Governor of this great Commonwealth, a Centre county man was an applicant for an office in his gift. The applicant went to Harrisburg and waited two weeks in expectancy before he called on the chief magistrate. At the end of that period he hied himself to the executive chamber, and confronted the giver of spoils with the plain question: "Governor, when are you going to give me that appointment?" "Oh," said the Governor, "these things must come in alphabetical order." "Well, I'm from Centre county, and C comes pretty well at the head of the list in the alphabet." "Ah," said Ritner, "I don't spell Centre county with a C, but with a Z." It is not known whether the man got the place or not, but it may be assumed that when the Governor got to the bottom of his alphabetical arrangement there were not offices enough to go around and the Centre county man got left."

—Mrs. Borbabo, the Hungarian woman who was so terribly burned in Cambria, near Johnstown on Wednesday of last week, gave birth to a dead infant on Saturday afternoon and soon after her sufferings were ended by death.

### Personal Pencilings.

Mrs. Dr. Alexander, of Centre Hall, is seriously ill with typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Everett, of Lemont, were arrivals in town Friday morning.

Governor Beaver tarried in town at the depot about a half hour Wednesday night.

J. W. Gephart, Esq., having recovered from recent illness, is appearing on the street again.

Mr. George Boal, after several months absence, spent the independence day at his home here.

Mrs. Hafer, wife of Dr. A. W. Hafer, with her children, has gone to Indiana county to visit friends.

Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Reynolds were among the arrivals on the 5 o'clock train on Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Thomas Orbison has returned from College. We suppose he will remain here during the vacation.

Mrs. Bingamen, of Altoona, spent several days of last week in town at the home of the Misses Benner.

Clement Dale, Esq., has been spending a few days in Philadelphia where his family have been for several weeks.

Mr. Edward Shrom, who is now located at Philipsburg, was in town and went to Milton with the Logans on the Fourth.

Mr. and Mrs. James Stott came home on Thursday from their wedding tour, which included Reading and Philadelphia.

Mr. Frank Marden, of Concord, N. H., spent a few days with his friend, Mr. E. T. Tuten, editor of the *Bellefonte Republican*.

Mr. Francis Speer departed on the 2 o'clock train on Monday for Northumberland, where he will spend this week visiting friends.

Adam Hazel, whose card announces that he is an independent candidate for treasurer, circulated numerously at the picnic on Monday.

H. G. Schaeffer, proprietor of the National Hotel at Millheim, arrived in town on Friday evening, accompanied by his wife and child.

Mr. J. B. Bell, father of D. B. Bell, of this place, is seriously ill, and his son went to Mt. Union Saturday to visit him We hope to hear of his recovery.

Mrs. Dr. R. L. Dartt has been spending the past ten days with her husband's relatives in Tioga county. The Doctor also joined her there one day last week.

Mr. R. A. Cassidy informs us that the damage done by fire to his office in Canton, Ohio, is repaired and it is now in a better condition than ever before.

Messrs. Clell Bamford, Mack DeSilva and E. B. Thomas are off for a trip to Gettysburg. Mr. DeSilva will visit Philadelphia before he returns to Bellefonte.

Mrs. John Tonner, of Canton Ohio, mother of Mrs. Henry Harris, of this place, arrived on Wednesday evening to visit her daughter and other friends here.

William R. Miller, of Sandy Ridge, is seriously ill in New York City. Mr. M. is a brother of Mrs. Daniel Laughman and Mrs. George A. McCormick, of this city.—*Altoona Tribune.*

Mr. Howard Yerger and his cousin, Mr. Graham (the latter of Philipsburg) went to the State College on Wednesday evening. Howard was formerly a student in the College.

Past Commander John Noll, of Gregg Post, No. 95, G. A. R., was announced to be present at the meeting of Samuel Shannon Post in Centre Hall on Saturday evening as an inspecting officer.

Miss Bertie Noll, the charming little daughter of John Noll, departed on the 6 o'clock a. m. train Saturday for Centre Hall to visit her young friend, Miss Mamie Keller, daughter of D. C. Keller.

Misses Bella and Carrie A. Weaver, departed on the 10.35 train for Clearfield to spend several weeks visiting relatives. They expect to attend the teachers' State institute which will be held in that city next week.

Secretary of the Commonwealth C. W. Stone was a guest of Adjutant General D. H. Hastings on Thursday evening. We regret that we were not in when these two distinguished gentlemen called at this office.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Cassidy of Canton, Ohio, the parents of Mr. Will Cassidy, and Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Humphreys, of Spruce Creek (Mrs. H. an aunt of the groom) were present at the the wedding Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Harvey Hile, who is now employed by the Juniata Mining Company, came to Bellefonte on Saturday to see his numerous friends. Harvey is an excellent young gentleman and is held in the highest esteem by those who know him.

Miss Nell Dern and Miss Jessie Murray, both of Altoona, are guests at the pleasant home of Mr. J. A. Aikens. Miss Dern is the daughter of the managing editor of the Altoona *Tribune*, the newsiest paper in the State. Both are charming young ladies.

Among the visitors in Bellefonte on the Fourth of July was Mr. William Gathigan, of New York city. He was a citizen of this place twenty years ago, and his renewal of former acquaintance with people who were his schoolmates and friends was mutually very pleasant.

### Personal Pencilings.

Mrs. William Jenkins returned on Tuesday evening from Eagleville, where she spent the glorious Fourth.

Mr. James Kinsloe, of the Western Union office, has returned from Osceola. He reports a very pleasant time there.

Mrs. Witherow, of Altoona, and Miss Ida Clark, of Williamsburg, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Reber on Spring street.

Miss Rachel Grettinger, of Cornwall, Pa., is at present visiting Miss Mary Snyder, daughter of Rev. W. H. H. Snyder, on Spring street.

Oscar Wetzel, who has sold out his interest in the bookstore to his partner, Mr. Bairfoot, will probably go West, locating near his brother, Rev. Frank Wetzel, in Dakota, Illinois.

Miss Helen Meily, a very brilliant and charming young lady from Lebanon, Pa., after spending a few days with her friend, Miss Snyder, on Spring street, departed for Titusville on the 8.45 train Tuesday evening.

Mr. H. B. Woolston, of Camden, N. J., is at present a guest at the Bush House. Mr. W. was formerly a student in the Bellefonte Academy which makes his visit here peculiarly pleasant. He is now a prominent business man.

### Pyrotechnics.

Some desire has been expressed to see a list of the names of the fireworks which made such a pretty display in the Diamond Square on the evening of the Fourth. The list has been given us by Mr. John Sourbeck, as follows:

One revolving globe, Washington on horseback, polka dance, Cupid's fountain, Cupid's triumph, revolving cascade, four floral fountain's several large twin assorted sky rockets, parachute rockets, twin asteroid rockets, numerous rockets, red and blue lights, etc.

The parachute rockets were much admired, the fiery stars falling so gracefully and slowly. The secret of their slow descent is that they have an invisible parachute attached to them.

In talking with Mr. Sourbeck on the subject he informed us that a display could be procured for $100 of which the town might be proud. If a celebration is arranged for next season, it is probable that handsome fireworks will constitute a very important part of the exercises.

—The warm weather, cloudless sky and effulgent moon has a sentimental effect on many people. On Sunday evening this fact was demonstrated in the following manner: A party of congenial people were on their way to church. One lady of marriageable age looked often into the sky and each time made some comment on the exceeding beauty of Fair Luna. To each comment, "How beautiful!" the less sentimental churchgoers would make an indifferent reply, until at length a gentleman remarked: "Well, I always thought that you were moonstruck and now I am sure of it." "Oh, I love to look at the moon," replied the lady; "I can contemplate its perfect features for hours at a time. Of course, the moon itself is not the attraction, but then there's a man's face in it, which always has a peculiarly pleased expression when I look at it."

### She would have Liked It.

A Bishop street young lady is about as happy as any we ever knew in giving a necessary hint to her lover, who is slightly bashful. On the evening of the Fourth of July he was quieter than usual and she asked why he was so reserved.

"I am feeling sort of tired and sore," he replied: "I came over on the train from Centre Hall and it was so crowded that I was almost squeezed to death."

"Oh, how nice! How I should like to have come with you."

"Should you?" looking tenderly into her eyes. "Why?"

"Oh, I should like to be—er—be squeezed almost to death."

She was squeezed.

—"Gram's Unrivaled Family Atlas of the World" is one of the most useful and valuable works published. It contains a truly stupendous fund of varied information. As we looked through it we were lost in admiration at the minuteness and comprehensiveness of the information which it gives. It is the world before you, while not literally in a nutshell, at least in so small a compass as to be easily handled and examined. It would take columns to tell what is in this volume, so we shall not attempt it. Mr. Craig, an intelligent and excellent gentleman, is canvassing for it in this community.

—A Balloonist must necessarily be a fearless individual, as the chances seem to be almost even that he will meet with severe accident or death. A man named Clarage fell from a balloon in Olean, N. Y., on Monday, and died next day.

### MARRIED.

DELONG—BOWES.—At Milesburg, on the 5th of July, 1887, by Rev. G. B. Ague, Mr. Jacob B. Delong and Miss Maggie Bowes, all of Centre County, Pa.

PAGE—WOOD.—On the 21st of June, by Rev. W. H. Groh, Mr. James J. Page and Miss Eliza A. Wood, both of Harris township.

### DIED.

KUHN.—On the 24 of June, near Shinglotown, Lavina, wife of John Kuhn, aged 51 years, 11 months and 6 days.